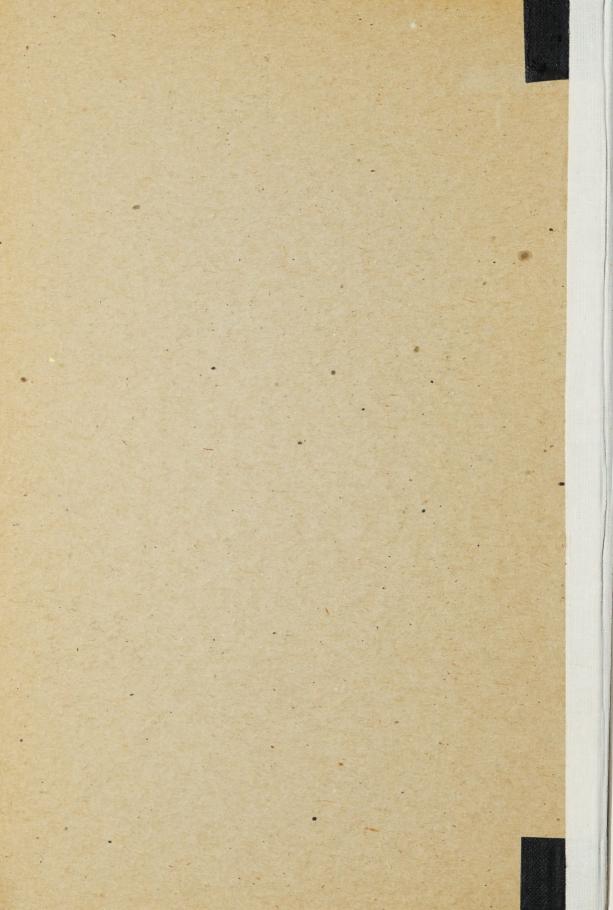
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GOVT PUBNS

citizenship,
immigration
and ethnic groups
in Canada

BLIOGRAPHY OF RESEARCH, 1962-1964 UNE BIBLIOGRAPHIE DE RECHERCHES 1962-1964



citoyenneté
immigration
et groupes ethniques
au Canada



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CITIZENSHIP, IMMIGRATION and ETHNIC GROUPS in CANADA

CITOYENNETÉ, IMMIGRATION et GROUPES ETHNIQUES au CANADA



A Bibliography of Research Published and Unpublished Sources 1962 -- 1964

Une bibliographie de recherches Sources publiées et non publiées 1962 -- 1964

DEPARTMENT OF CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION Economic and Social Research Division Ottawa, July 1964.

MINISTÈRE DE LA CITOYENNETÉ ET DE L'IMMIGRATION Direction des recherches économiques et sociales Ottawa, Juillet 1964.



ROGER DUHAMEL, F.R.S.C. Queen's Printer and

ROGER DUHAMEL, m.s.r.c. Imprimeur de la Reine et Controller of Stationery | Contrôleur de la Papeterie Ottawa, 1964

This is the third volume of the Bibliography of Research on Citizenship, Immigration and Ethnic Groups in Canada. The first volume, published in 1960, covered the period 1920-58, and the second volume, published in 1962, was for the period 1959-61. The purpose of this series is to provide a service to professional research persons who are engaged in research projects of interest to the Department.

The initial date for the material included in the present publication was generally taken as January 1962, the terminal date as July 1964. However, it also includes important relevant works completed prior to 1962 which were not included in the previous compilations and which have been subsequently brought to our attention.

The bibliography was compiled by Mrs. C. de Hesse of the Economic and Social Research Division with the assistance of Miss F. Gagnon and Miss H. Murka. Entries were selected on the basis of research interest in primary materials; they were initially compiled from questionnaire returns submitted by recipients of the previous compilations, and from publications made available to the Research Division. The major additional sources utilized were the current acquisitions of the Departmental library, the International Index, and Canadiana (a monthly bibliography of the National Library of Canada). Not all the items listed were available for inspection — in a few instances when bibliographic sources offered only partial data, incomplete citations have been included.

The text is set up to serve as a bilingual document. The sections of the text which would be read by readers of either language (i.e. the preface, table of contents, section headings, and questionnaire) are provided in both languages. Where necessary, the French version follows the English text, and is given the same page numbers with a suffix (F). In the main body, individual references which were originally published in English are given an English description. Those references which were published in French are described in French. Titles of items written in a language other than English or French are given in English and the language of the text is indicated. It was felt that those users who would be referring to such articles in the original language would obviously be conversant with that language. Bilingual sources are designated with a single asterisk. References which have separate English and French editions are marked with a double asterisk.

The basis of subject classification in the main body of the bibliography was described in the first issue and in the 1959-61 supplement, and can be inferred from the table of contents.

This order has been found to have analytical meaning. The European ethnic groups are listed in order of their 1961 census populations for all groups exceeding 100,000. The remainder appear with appropriate headings in the Other European section. Segments of anethnic group which have formed specific ethnic settlements and which, judging by the amount of research interest shown in them, are of major significance in the understanding of ethnic relations are listed as subsections under the main ethnic section, e.g. Russian, Doukhobor. Although some other order is possible (e.g. by linguistic groups), existing studies tend to be either general (e.g. immigration as a whole) or very specific (for a particular ethnic group) and consequently the present order is most practical. An author index is given in Appendix A. A key to abbreviations used is provided in Appendix B. Appendix C is the questionnaire which can be used for further submissions, although an extra mimeographed version of the questionnaire accompanies all copies distributed, to facilitate such returns.

We wish to thank those who collaborated in this work by providing us with the necessary information. The further development of the bibliography as a contribution to research on immigration and ethnic group relations in Canada requires your continued co-operation. Recipients of this service are asked to complete the attached questionnaire or a note in the format of Appendix C with respect to recent works or projects undertaken by them (nil returns are also useful), or to request persons under their direction who have carried out such projects to do so. Because of the number of inquiries that we receive on such sources, where possible it is also requested that copies of items listed be submitted along with the questionnaire in order to assist in establishing a central repository for research in these fields.

Questionnaire returns and copies of studies should be mailed to the Economic and Social Research Division, Department of Citizenship and Immigration, Ottawa.

> Z. W. Sametz, Director of Research.

July 1964.

C'est le troisième volume de la bibliographie des recherches sur la citoyenneté, l'immigration et les groupes ethniques au Canada. Le premier volume, publié en 1960, englobait la période 1920-58, et le second volume, la période 1959-61. L'objet de cette série bibliographique est de rendre service aux personnes travaillant à des recherches et dont les projets sont d'un intéret pour le Ministère.

Les dates initiales des travaux incorporés dans la présente publication englobent généralement la période janvier 1962 à juillet 1964. Cependant, elle comprend également des travaux importants et intéressants terminés avant 1962 non inclus dans les compilations précédentes et qui nous furent mentionnés par la suite.

La bibliographie a été compilée par Mme C. de Hesse de la Division de la Recherche économique et sociale avec l'aide de Mlle F. Gagnon et Mlle H. Murka. Les références furent sélectionnées suivant l'intéret des recherches dans des ouvrages de base; les questionnaires dûment remplis provenant des bénificiaires de compilations antérieures et les publications mentionnées à la Division de la Recherche furent initialement compilés. Les sources additionnelles utilisées furent les acquisitions courantes de la Bibliothèque du Ministère, "l'International Index", et Canadiana (une bibliographie mensuelle de la Bibliothèque nationale du Canada).

Tous les articles compilés ne purent être vérifiés -lorsque par exemple les sources bibliographiques n'offraient que des données partielles, des références incomplètes sont incluses.

Le texte a été rédigé de façon à servir de document bilingue. Les sections du texte qui seront lues par des personnes de l'une ou l'autre langue (i.e. la préface, la table des matières, les titres de sections et le questionnaire) sont rédigées dans les deux langues. La traduction française suit le texte anglais, là ou cela est nécessaire et elle porte le même numéro de page avec le suffixe (F). Dans la bibliographie même, les références particulières qui furent publiées en Anglais à l'origine ont une description en Anglais. Les références qui furent publiées en Français sont décrites en Français. Les titres de références écrits en une autre langue que l'Anglais ou le Français sont donnés en Anglais et la langue originale du texte est indiquée. On estime que les personnes se référant à de tels articles écrits dans la langue originale connaissent certainement cette langue. Les sources de renseignements bilingues sont désignées d'un seul astérique. Les références aux publications en Anglais et en Français sont marquées d'un double astérique.

La base de classification des sujets dans le corps même de la bibliographie a été décrite dans la première édition et dans le supplément de 1959-61 et peut être déduite de la table des matières.

On a trouvé que cet ordre possédait une signification analytique. Les groupes ethniques européens sont classifiés suivant le recensement des populations de 1961 pour tous les groupes de plus de 100,000 personnes. Tous les autres groupes apparaissent sous le titre approprié dans l'autre section européenne. Une partie d'un important groupe ethnique qui a constituée des établissements spécifiques et qui, si on en juge par le grand intéret qu'on attache aux recherches est essentielle à la bonne compréhension des relations ethniques est classifiée en sous-titre à l'intérieur des grandes divisions ethniques e.g. Russes, Doukhobor. Bien qu'un autre ordre de classification soit possible (e.g. par groupes linguistiques) les études existantes semblent être soient générales (e.g. l'immigration dans son ensemble), soient très spécifiques (d'un groupe ethnique particulier); par conséquent la classification présente nous semble la plus pratique. L'index des auteurs est donné dans l'annexe A. La liste des abréviations employées se trouve dans l'annexe B. L'annexe C est le questionnaire qui peut être utilisé pour des soumissions futures, bien qu'une copie additionnelle mimiographiée du questionnaire se trouve dans toutes les copies distribuées afin de faciliter les retours.

Nous souhaitons remercier ceux qui ont collaboré à ce travail en nous fournissant les informations nécessaires. Le développement futur de la bibliographie comme contribution à la recherche sur l'immigration et les relations entre groupes ethniques au Canada requiert votre continuelle copération. Les bénificiaires de ce service sont priés de compléter le questionnaire annexe ou la formule de l'annexe C en indiquant les travaux récents ou les projets entrepris (les envois n'indiquant aucun projet sont aussi utiles) ou de demander à des personnes qui ont travaillé sous leur direction et qui ont entrepris des travaux, de le faire. A cause du nombre de demandes que nous recevons pour ces ouvrages et les facilités grandissantes d'accessibilité au Ministère pour ces publications de recherche, lorsque cela est possible, nous vous demandons que des copies du travail mentionné soient soumises avec le questionnaire afin de participer à l'établissement d'un répertoire central dans ce champs de recherche.

L'envoi des questionnaires et des copies devront être adressé à la Division de la Recherche économique et sociale, Ministère de la citoyenneté et de l'immigration.

Z. W. Sametz, Directeur de la Recherche.

Juillet 1964.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

A. GENERAL STUDIES by Subject Code

	2.7	
Code	NO.	

1-00	BIBLIOGRAPHIES	1
2-00 2-10 2-20 2-21 2-30 2-50 2-60 2-70	IMMIGRATION STUDIES Studies of New Immigrants Factors Influencing Immigration Sources of migration Attitudes of Canadians to Immigration and Immigrants Studies of Specific Periods of Migration Regional Studies of Migration Citizenship Studies (General)	1 3 4 7 8 9 10
3-00 3-10 3-20 3-21 3-30 3-40 3-50 3-60 3-70	Census Immigration Citizenship registration Education Religion Occupation Crime Other	12 12 15 15
4-00 4-10	DEMOGRAPHY AND ECOLOGY	16 19
5-00 5-10 5-11 5-12 5-13 5-14	SOCIAL STRUCTURE AND ORGANIZATION (GENERAL) Studies of a particular group or groups at a particular point of time	20 20 21
5-15 5-20 5-30 5-31 5-32	Historical studies of pioneer settlement	21
5-33 5-34 5-35 5-40	religion health and welfare other Economic Institutions	21
5-41 5-42 5-43	occupation	21

Code No	<u>> </u>	
5-50 5-51 5-52 5-60 5-62 5-70 5-71 5-72 5-73 5-75	Associations and Organizations political	21
6-00	SOCIAL DYNAMICS: CHANGE AND INFLUENCE OF/ON WIDER COMMUNITY	22
6-10	General Regional, Historical and Community Studies of Specific Groups	~~
6-11 6-12 6-13 6-20 6-30 6-31 6-32 6-33 6-34 6-35	general ethnic community and group studies general regional studies	22 23 23 24 24 25 26 27
6-40 6-41 6-42 6-43	Economic Institutions	28 28 29
6-50 6-51 6-52	other Associations political other	31 31
6-60 6-61 6-62 6-70 6-71 6-72 6-73 6-74	Cultural language, literature and art other customs and folkways General Attitudes, Nationalism and Ethnicity attitudes nationalism ethnicity citizenship trends	32 34 35 35 35 36 37
7-00 7-10 7-20 7-30 7-40 7-50	STUDIES OF ADJUSTMENT AND INTERACTION (GENERAL) International and Inter-Group Relations General Group Adjustment Intra-Group Adjustment Inter-Group Adjustment General Individual Adjustment	38 45 46 46 52

	Code No.	
	8-00 SOCIAL PROBLEMS (GENERAL) 8-10 Mental Health 8-20 Criminology 8-30 War 8-31 war time and security 8-40 Other	52 52 55 55
	9-00 GENERAL UNCLASSIFIED	
В.	SPECIFIC ETHNIC GROUPS (by Subject Code as in Section A).	
	Northern American Indian and Eskimo American Negro Asian European British French French French Canadian French Acadian German Mennonite Hutterite Ukrainian Italian Dutch Scandinavian Polish Jewish Hungarian Russian Doukhobor Other European Belgian Croatian Greek Maltese Slavic (other) Spanish Swiss	55 79 80 82 85 86 86 96 97 97 98 101 102 104 105 111 111 111 112 113 1145 115
J .	APPENDICES	
	APPENDIX A - Author Index	116
	APPENDIX B - Index of Abbreviations of Sources	123
	APPENDIX C - Questionnaire of New Sources	124



TABLE DES MATIÈRES

A. ÉTUDES GÉNÉRALES par codification des sujets

No. de Code		
1-00	BIBLIOGRAPHIES	1
2-00 2-10 2-20 2-21 2-30 2-50 2-60 2-70	ÉTUDES SUR L'IMMIGRATION Études sur les nouveaux immigrants Éléments qui influent sur l'immigration Sources de migration Attitude des Canadiens à l'égard de l'immigration et des immigrants Etudes des périodes spécifiques de migration Etudes des migrations à l'échelon régional Etudes portant sur la citoyenneté (en général)	1 3 4 7 8 9 10
3-00 3-10 3-20 3-21 3-30 3-40 3-50 3-60 3-70	Recensement Immigration Enregistrement de la citoyenneté Education Religion Occupation Crime Autre	12 12 15 15
4-00 4-10	DÉMOGRAPHIE ET ÉCOLOGIE	16 19
5-00 5-10	STRUCTURE ET ORGANISATION SOCIALES (EN GÉNÉRAL) - Études d'un groupe particulier ou de groupes particuliers à une époque particulière Études générales, régionales, historiques et spécifiques de collectivités	20
5-11 5-12 5-13 5-14 5-15 5-20 5-30	Études générales de collectivités ethniques Études générales d'une région Études spécifiques de collectivités et de familles. Biographies Études historiques sur l'établissement de colons Études générales d'ordre socio-économique Institutions sociales	21
5-31 5-32 5-33 5-34 5-35	famille éducation religion santé et bien-être autre	21 21 21

No. de Code		
5-40 5-42 5-43 5-50 5-51 5-60 5-61 5-72 5-72 5-73 5-75	Institutions économiques occupation main-d'oeuvre autre Associations et organisations politiques autre Culture langue, littérature et art autres coutumes et usages populaires Attitudes générales, nationalisme et ethnicité attitudes nationalisme ethnicité citoyenneté étrangers	21
6 - 00	DYNAMIQUE SOCIALE: ÉVOLUTION ET INFLUENCE RÉCIPROQUE DE LA DYNAMIQUE SOCIALE ET DE LA COLLECTIVITE GÉNÉRALE Études générales de groupes spécifiques sur le plan	22
6-11	régional, historique et communautaire études générales de groupes et de collectivités	22
6-12 6-13 6-20 6-30 6-31 6-32 6-33 6-34 6-35	ethniques études générales d'une région études spécifiques de collectivités ethniques Études générales d'ordre socio-économique Insitutions sociales famille éducation religion bien-être	22 23 23 24 24 25 26 27
6-40 6-41 6-42	autre	28 28 29
6-43 6-50 6-51 6-52	autre	31 31
6-60 6-61 6-62 6-70 6-71 6-72 6-73	Culture langue, littérature et art autres coutumes et usages populaires Attitudes générales, nationalisme et ethnicité attitudes nationalisme ethnicité	32 34 35 35 36 36
6-74	tendances du civisme	37

No. de Code		
7-00 7-10 7-20 7-30 7-40 7-50	ÉTUDES (GÉNÉRALES) SUR L'ADAPTATION ET L'ACTION RÉCIPROQUE	38 43 45 46 46 52
8-00 8-10 8-20 8-30 8-31 8-40	PROBLÈMES SOCIAUX (D'ORDRE GÉNÉRAL) Santé mentale Criminologie Guerre temps de guerre et sécurité Autre	52 52 55 55
900	ÉTUDES GÉNÉRALES NON CLASSIFIÉES	
sujet: Ind Ame No: As: Eu Br: Fr: All Ukn It: Née Sca Poll Hor Rus It Aut E	ES ETHNIQUES SPÉCIFIQUES (par la codification des somme dans la Section A) dien de l'Amérique du Nord éricain ir iatique ropéen itannique ançais Canadien-français Acadien Lemand Mennonite Huttérite rainien alien arlandais andinave Lonais raélite ngrois see Coukhobor wres groupes européens Belge Croate irec Haltais H	55 790 82 85 86 86 97 99 102 104 105 111 111 111 111 111 111 1115

sources

C. APPENDICES

APPENDICE	A	-	Index	des	aute	eurs				116
APPENDICE	В	-	Index	des	abré	viations	s et	des	sources	123
APPENDICE	C	-	Questi	onna	ire	portant	sur	les	nouvelles	124

Α.	GENERAL	STUDIES	by	Sub ject	Code	 ETUDES	GENERALES	par
	codifi	cation (des	sujets.				

- 1-00 Bibliographies -- Bibliographies
- LABOUR, Department of

 1-00

 Towards Racial Understanding, a Catalogue on Racial
 Discrimination. Ottawa: Queen's Printer, 1962, 16 p.
- 2-00 Immigration Studies -- Etudes sur l'immigration
- ALIVISATOS, Hamilcar S.

 2-00

 The Problem of Emigrants and Refugees. World Council of Churches, Migration Study, 17 route de Malagnou, Geneva, Switzerland, 1961, 7 p.
- ANDERSON, Albert F.
 2-00 "Theoretical Considerations in the Analysis of Migration". Ph.D. Thesis (Sociology), Iowa State University, (in progress 1961).
- BENNET, Marion T.

 2-00

 American Immigration Policies. Washington: Public Affairs Press, 1963, 362 p.

 An overall review of past and present American immigration policies.
- BERGER, Michael

 2-00

 "Canadian Immigration Procedure and Practice".

 Interpreter Releases, Vol. XXXVIII, May 11, 1961,
 p. 125-129.
- COWGILL, Donald O.

 "Value Assumptions in Recent Research on Migration".

 Sociological Quarterly, Vol. II, no. 4, 1961, p. 281-292.

 Comparison of articles written on migration show that earlier sociological writings on migration and mobility tended to be negative in value emphasis, stressing the disorganizing aspects of migration. This negative value orientation has tended to disappear in recent years, being replaced by more neutral attitudes or even positive ones in some cases, such as those implicit in the "push-pull" theory of migration.

DOMINEDO, Francesco M.

2-00

"How Migration Affects the Country of Immigration".

Migration, Vol. II, April-June 1962, p. 49-60.

The author analyzes the effect of migration in the country of immigration and in the country of emigration. The circulation of labour not only affects the country of emigration and the country of immigration individually; it also affects them bilaterally -- it affects, that is to say, the entire pattern of relations between the two countries.

DOMINEDO, Francesco M.

2-00

"How Migration Affects the Country of Emigration".

Migration, Vol. I, October-December 1961, p. 37-50.

The problem is studied from four different points of view: from the social level, from the economic level, from the cultural level, and from the political level.

MARSDEN, N.

2-00

The Emigrants Guide. London: Sunday Times
Publications Ltd., 1962, 304 p.

The emigrants guide provides an extensive survey
of all countries which admit people wanting to settle;
it enables readers to compare what various countries
have to offer them.

McDOUGALL, Duncan M.

"Immigration into Canada, 1851-1920". CJEPS,
Vol. XXVII, no. 2, 1961, May, p. 162-175.

Study shows that the record of international migrations into and out of Canada in the 19th and early 20th centuries has been confused by the number of transients who stayed in Canada only a short time before moving on. The official estimates substantially overstate the inflow of true migrants into Canada for most of the decades covered by the study and therefore that emigration figures derived from the official estimates have also been overstated.

SOCIAL PLANNING COUNCIL OF METROPOLITAN TORONTO.

IMMIGRATION SECTION.

Annual Meeting: Reports and Papers. Toronto,
160 Bay St., 1959- .

- VEIDEMANIS, Juris

 "Neglected Areas in the Sociology of Immigrants and Ethnic Groups in North America". Sociological Quarterly, Vol. IV, Autumn 1963, p. 325-333.
- BROWN, L.B.

 "English Migrants to New Zealand: The Decision to Move".

 Human Relations, Vol. XIII, 1960, p. 167-174.

 Results of an interview study of single, male migrants and comparable non-migrants are reported.

 The decision to migrate is complex and involves an unfavorable attitude toward the country of origin.

 A favorable attitude is revealed toward the country of destination. Experience of other persons from the place of destination seems important in initiating the process.
- 2-10 GAY, Roger

 Immigrant au Canada. Paris, Nouvelles Editions
 Debresse, 1963, 190 p.
- GROUPE DE RECHERCHES SOCIALES INC.

 La situation des immigrants à Montréal. Montréal
 Conseil des Oeuvres de Montréal, 1959, vii + 376 p.
 Etude sur l'adaptation occupationnelle, les
 conditions résidentielles et les relations sociales
 des immigrants à Montréal.
- PRICE, C.A., ed.

 2-10

 The Study of Immigrants in Australia. Canberra,
 Australia: Department of Demography, The Australian
 National University, August 1960, 216 p. mimeographed.
 Proceedings of Conference on Immigrant Research,
 convened by the Department of Demography.

TAFT, R.

2-10

"Adjustment and Assimilation of Immigrants: A Problem in Social Psychology". Psychological Report, Vol. X, no. 1, 1962, 90 p.

A discussion of methods for studying the rôle of

A discussion of methods for studying the rôle of psychological variables in assimilation of immigrants and a brief description of results of previous studies

of immigrants to Western Australia.

ZETTLEMOYER, Nancy Elizabeth

2-10

An Assessment of Immigrant Needs and their Fulfillment
in Metropolitan Windsor. Windsor Citizenship
Committee, 1961, 56 leaves mimeographed.

This research was conducted by Nancy E. Zettlemoyer under the supervision of R.A. Helling, Ph.D., with the aid of Paul Lassaline directing Assumption University students in obtaining the necessary interviews.

AMERICAN COUNCIL FOR NATIONALITIES SERVICE

"Canada's New Immigration Policy". Interpreter Releases,
Vol. XXXIX, March 23, 1962, p. 86-92.

APPLEYARD, R.T.

2-20
"The Economics of Recent Emigration to Australia from Germany and the Netherlands". Int Mig, Vol. I, no. 1, 1963, p. 29-37.

This paper attempts to relate in a general way changes in the volume of emigration between Germany, the Netherlands and Australia to changes in economic conditions in these countries between 1959 and 1961. In doing this the author concludes that not many workers from either country were prepared to leave full employment economies to enter a recession economy despite the long-run prospects for higher real incomes.

BESHERS, James and NISHIURA, E. N.

"A Theory of Internal Migration Differentials". Social Forces, Vol. XXXIX, no. 3, 1961, p. 214-218.

The differential characteristics of streams of migration are regarded as consequences of social and cultural constraints upon the head of a household. These constraints are expressed in terms of occupation of head of household. Environmental and structural factors will be mediated by the degree of future orientation and the degree of local orientation characterizing various occupations.

BOTIJA, Pérez

"Legal Aspects of Migration". Int Mig, Vol. II, no. 1, 1964, p. 54-66.

This article refers to the legal character of the right of migration and how it takes a special importance in the classical writers of International Law. He then analyzes the nature of the right of migration.

- CARLSEN, Sigurg Camillo
 2-20
 "Immigration and the Rule of Law". M. A. Thesis,
 Department of Political Science, Carleton University,
 1961.
- 2-20 CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of
 Statement by the Honorable Ellen L. Fairclough, then
 Minister of Citizenship and Immigration, Concerning
 the New Immigration Regulations, January 19, 1962.
 Ottawa, 1962, 7 leaves.

CONNOR, Desmond Maurice

- Z-20

 Toward a Theory of Selective Migration and Residence.

 Ann Arbor, Michigan: University Microfilms, Inc.,
 1963, 156 p.

 This study developed an inclusive theoretical approach to the phenomenon of selective migration and its corollary, selective residence, and tested some aspects of the theory with secondary data. The study is envisaged as the first part of a four-phase research program which will include the establishment of a panel of high school students, follow-up studies at five-year intervals to test predictions of migratory behaviour, and quantitative analysis using census data.
- CORBETT, David

 "Canada's Immigration Policy". Int J, Vol. XVIII,
 Spring 1963, p. 166-180.
- 2-20 ECKERSON, Helen F.

 "Principles of Immigration Law. Parts 1 and 2".

 I. & N. Reporter, Vol. X, January 1962, p. 29-38;

 April 1962, p. 44-53.

FREUDENBER, Dr. A.

Is There a Christian Right of Migration? (with comments by Professor B. Moraes and Mr. J.M. Ross). World Council of Churches, Migration Study, 17 route de Malagnou, Geneva, Switzerland, 1961, 22 p.

GINI, Corrado

2-20

"Delle Migrazioni". Revista Internacional de
Sociología, Vol. XIX, no. 75, 1961, p. 329-336.
(in Spanish).

This article suggests a typology of migration in terms of the following criteria: 1) whether it is voluntary, forced, accidental or mechanical; 2) whether the migrant intends to establish permanent residence or is transient; 3) whether the migrati on is by single individuals or is a collective movement; 4) whether the migrant intends to abandon his former residence; 5) whether the movement is through physical space only or also involves social mobility.

INTERNATIONAL LABOUR ORGANIZATION
2-20
"Some Aspects of the International Migration of Families."

International Labour Review, Vol. LXXXIII, no. 1,
January 1963, p. 65-86).

The article draws attention to current trends of

The article draws attention to current trends of opinion concerning family migration and to some of the factors which influence government policy in this respect. It describes post-war steps to facilitate the migration of family groups or to reunite families separated by migration.

KAGE, Joseph
2-20
"The Selective Aspect of the Canadian Immigration Policy, an Historical Review".
Vol. XXX, no. 4, October 1962, p. 24-30.

LANGROD, Witold
"Immigración: Diez Años De Experiencias Nacionales".

Revista Mexicana De Sociología. Vol. XIX, no. 2, 1957,
p. 471-491. (Text in Spanish).

After the Second World War the policy of immigration

After the Second World War the policy of immigration became highly selective and controlled immigration made an important contribution to the economic growth of the receiving countries only when it was introduced (e.g. in Canada, Australia) in conjunction with the continuing processes of economic expansion. Cooperation with international organizations bound to influence the shaping of migratory movements of the future.

- 2-20
 MENGES, Dr. L.J.
 Some Psychological Aspects of Migration. World Council of Churches, Migration Study, 17 route de Malagnou, Geneva, Switzerland, 1961, 9 p.
- RAWLYK, George
 2-20 "Canada's Immigration Policy, 1945-1962". Dal R,
 Vol. XLII, no. 3, 1962, p. 287-299.
- TABAH, L. and CATALDI, A.

 "Effet d'une immigration dans quelques populations modèles". Population, Paris, Vol. XVIII, no. 4, 1963, p. 683-696.
- TAMAS, André
 2-20 "Assistance sociale aux immigrants". Bien être social
 canadien, Vol. XIV, Septembre 1962, p. 114-116.
- THOMAS, Brinley
 2-20

 A Review of Selective Restrictions on Immigration.
 World Council of Churches, Migration Study, 17 route
 de Malagnou, Geneva, Switzerland, 1961, 6 p.
- THOMAS, Brinley
 2-20
 "International Migration and Economic Development".
 Paris, U.N.E.S.C.O. (Coll. Populations and Culture),
 Vol. VIII, 1961, 85 p.
 General view of the actual state of theoretical
 and empirical researches on international migrations
 until 1939 and a study of the problem as it is
 presented since World War Two.
- KARIEL, H.G.

 2-21

 "Selected Factors Areally Associated with Population
 Growth due to Net Migration". Association of American
 Geographers Annals, Vol. LIII, June 1963, p. 210-223.
- LABRECQUE, Marie-Paule

 "Etude de la migration de la jeune fille". Maîtrise en bien-être social, Université de Montréal, 1962.

	SENIOR, Clarence
2-21	Migration as a Process and the Migrant as a Person.
	Geneva: World Council of Churches, 1961, 19 p.
	Study of contemporary migrations on the
	international scene. Analysis of the function of
	migration as a whole, and as an individual fact.

- CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of

 The Canadian Scene. Canadian Citizenship Branch,
 Ottawa: Queen's Printer, 1961, 94 p.

 An introduction to Canadian life, written in
 simple English for the use of new Canadians.
- COMMISSION INTERNATIONALE CATHOLIQUE POUR LES MIGRATIONS

 Quatrième Congrès International Catholique de Migration. Genève: International Catholic Migration Commission, Aôut 1960, 533 p.

 Etude de l'intégration sociale, économique et éducative des immigrants catholiques au niveau de la paroisse. Les habitants des pays d'accueil doivent abandonner leur méfiance traditionnelle envers les nouveaux venus, et leur réserver un accueil plus généreux.
- EXTERNAL AFFAIRS, Department of
 2-30 "The Canadian Immigration Service Abroad." External
 Affairs, Vol. XIV, September 1962, p. 269-271.
- FAVREAU, Guy
 2-30

 "Canadianism: No Discrimination". Chinatown News,
 Vol. XI, October 3, 1963, p. 4-5, 14-16.

 Text of the then Immigration Minister's address to
 Chinese community.
- ORLIKOW, David

 "Labour and Immigration".
 February 1964, p. 17-18.

 Canadian Labour Congress has expressed its
 opposition to the discriminatory immigration policies
 of Canadian Governments. The author shows how the
 present Immigration Act is unsatisfactory and gives
 some consideration to make it better.

STARK, T.

2-30

"Migrants in Intellectual and Professional Occupations".

Migration News, Vol. II, March-April 1963, p. 11-19.

The aim of this article is to show the attitudes towards the migration of intellectuals and professionals in the past and to evaluate its extent in statistical figures in the last few years. Secondly, its aim is to examine the potential capacity of this kind of migration in the near future and to draft some ideas for a plan of comprehensive action.

TREMBLAY, René

"Canada's Many Solitudes".

Vol. XIX, April 15, 1964, p. 12-16.

The Minister of Citizenship and Immigration shows in this partial text of an address how "Montreal is an admirable setting for a study of inter-group relations" because many immigrants from various ethnic groups come to live in it every year. But on the other side the fact that many immigrants feel "many solitudes are a challenge to our good citizenship. They are also a reflection of the times in which we live".

TRILLAT, Miss M.

2-30 ** Intra-European Migration -- Help to Migrants. World Council of Churches, Migration Study, 17 route de Malagnou, Geneva, Switzerland, 1961, 5 p.

(Also available in French and German).

WEIR, John
2-30
The Case of Canada Stepchildren. Toronto: Canadian
Slav Committee, 1961, 24 p.
Foreign-born Canadians discriminated against by
the Department of Citizenship and Immigration.

BOUSCAREN, Anthony
2-50
International Migrations Since 1945. New York: Praeger,
1963, 176 p.

FARRAR, Floyd Alvin

2-50

"Migration and Economic Opportunity in Canada, 1921-1951".
Ph.D. Thesis (Economics), University of Pennsylvania,
1962, 152 p.
This study explores the nature of Canadian
migration over a three-decade period with a view toward

migration over a three-decade period with a view toward establishing the main trends and patterns, along with their possible underlying determinants.

- GUILLET, Edwin Clarence

 The Great Migration: the Atlantic Crossing by Sailing-Ship Since 1770. Toronto: T. Nelson, 1937, 284 p. (Re-issued in 1962 with a supplement).

 Includes immigration to Canada.
- KIRCHNER, Walter
 2-50
 "Emigration: Some Eighteenth Century Considerations".

 Comparative Studies in Society and History, Vol. V,

 no. 3, April 1963, p. 346-353.
- LIEBERSON, Stanley

 2-50

 "The Old-New Distinction and Immigrants in Australia".

 Am Soc R, Vol. XXVIII, no. 4, August 1963, p. 550-565.

 The old-new theory of differences between
 European groups in their adaptation and assimilation
 in the U.S.A. is applied to the large-scale immigration
 after World War II. The resultant findings suggest
 both severe limitations in the generality of the
 old-new theory as well as the possibility that much of
 the old-new variance in the U.S.A. reflected differences
 in the groups' timing of arrival rather than cultural
 differences.
- STEVENS, R.C.
 2-50 "Western Canadian Immigration in Sir Clifford Sifton's Time". M.A. Thesis, Western Ontario, 1963.
- JOHNSTON, H.J.

 "Immigration to the Five Eastern Townships of the Huron Tract". Ont Hist, Vol. LIV, no. 3, September 1962, p. 207-224.
- CANADIAN ASSOCIATION FOR ADULT EDUCATION

 Canadian Constitution and Citizenship. Toronto:

 113 St. George St., 1960, 73 leaves mimeographed.

 A kit of study materials, texts, and commentaries dealing with the development of the constitution in Canada and with Canadian citizenship.
- CANADIAN CITIZENSHIP COUNCIL

 Report Presented to the 20th Annual Meeting, May 17, 1960.

 Ottawa, 180 Bay St., 1960, 10 p.

CANADIAN INSTITUTE ON PUBLIC AFFAIRS
The Price of Being Canadian. Report of the Winter
Conference. Toronto: University of Toronto Press,
1961, 54 p.
Conference held in Toronto February 24-26, 1961,
sponsored by the Canadian Institute on Public Affairs and the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation.

- 2-70 CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of
 Annual Report, Department of Citizenship and Immigration.
 Ottawa: Queen's Printer, (published annually).
- 2-70 ** CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of
 Guide to Canadian Citizenship. Canadian Citizenship
 Branch, Ottawa: Queen's Printer, 1963, 94 p.
- FAVREAU, Guy

 "Canada Citizenship Plans". Canadian Weekly Bulletin,
 Vol. XVIII, December 25, 1963, p. 1-2-6.

 Extracts from a statement to the House of
 Commons on December 14 by the then Minister of Citizenship
 and Immigration, Mr. Guy Favreau, by way of introduction to the estimates of his Department.
- KAGE, Joseph
 2-70
 "Citizenship: A Priceless Heritage". Montreal J.I.A.S.
 Studies and Documents. Vol. VII, 1963, p. 19-21.
- 2-70 MARSHALL, Thomas Humphrey
 Class, Citizenship and Social Development. Toronto:
 Doubleday, 1964, 334 p.
- PROVINCIAL SECRETARY AND CITIZENSHIP, Ontario Dept. of

 An Attempt to Relate Language Training to Origin,

 Education, Occupation, Age, etc. (in progress).

 A survey of progress in oral English and in

 written command of English related to time, teacher

 differences, different ages, different backgrounds,

 sex, etc.
- VAN DER MERWE, Henrick Willen

 "Leadership in a Saskatchewan Community". Ph.D. Thesis
 (Sociology), University of California, Los Angeles,
 1963.

2-70	WILSON, R.R. and CLUTE, R.E. "Commonwealth Citizenship and Common Status". Journal of International Law, Vol. LVII, July 1 p. 566-587.	American 963,
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- 3-00 Statistics -- Statistiques
- 3-00 INTERNATIONAL CATHOLIC MIGRATION COMMISSION INQUIRY
 "Comparability of Migration Statistics, 1946-1960."

 Migration News, Vol. XI, May-June 1962, p. 10-18.
- PRICE, C.A. and ZUBRZYCKI, J.

 3-00

 "The Use of Inter-Marriage Statistics as an Index of Assimilation". Population Studies, Vol. XVI, July 1962, p. 58-69.

 Analysis of the reliability of the use of intermarriage statistics as an index of assimilation.
- FISHER, J.L.

 "The Classification of Residence in Censuses".

 Am Anthrop, Vol. LX, no. 3, 1958, p. 508-517.

 A proposal of a general typology of individual residence for use in census taking. This typology is discussed in relation with others currently in use. A table presents the typology worked out.
- TNDUSTRIE ET COMMERCE, Québec Ministère de

 3-10

 Croissance Comparative des Effectifs démographiques.
 Québec: Bureau de Recherches Economiques, Vol. VIII, 1962.

 Analyse statistique de la population du Québec, sous certains aspects des comparaisons avec l'Ontario et l'ensemble du Canada. Trois mesures sont

représentées: un indice représentant l'évolution du volume de la population, un "indice comparatif territorial et enfin un indice comparatif masculin".

INDUSTRIE ET COMMERCE, Québec Ministère de

Migration nette. Québec: Bureau de Recherches
Economiques, Vol. III, 1962.
Série de 3 fascicules dont le premier porte sur
les migrations nettes, par sexe et groupe d'âges de
cinq ans, des provinces de Québec et d'Ontario, pour
chaque période d'inter-recensement. Ils couvrent les
années 1931-61 pour le Québec. La période couverte par
les deux autres volumes est celle de 1951-56.

STATISTICS, Dominion Bureau of
3-10 * Population by Specified Origins. Ottawa: Queen's Printer, 1961, 8 p. (Cat. no. 92-521).

STATISTICS, Dominion Bureau of
3-10 * Population by Specified Religious Denominations.
Ottawa: Queen's Printer, 1961, 8 p. (Cat. no. 92-522).

STATISTICS, Dominion Bureau of
3-10 * Population by Official Language and Specified Mother
Tongues. Ottawa: Queen's Printer, 1961, 8 p.
(Cat. no. 92-523).

STATISTICS, Dominion Bureau of

3-10 * Immigrant Population by Specified Periods of Immigration. Ottawa: Queen's Printer, 1961, 8 p. (Cat. no. 92-524).

STATISTICS, Dominion Bureau of
3-10 * Population: General Characteristics. Ottawa: Queen's Printer, Vol. I, part 2, 1961.
Population classifications by such basic characteristics as sex, age groups, marital status, origin, religion, birthplace, official language, mother tongue, citizenship, period of immigration, school attendance and schooling.

3-10 * Population: Cross-Classification of Characteristics.

Ottawa: Queen's Printer, Volume 1, part 3, 1961.

Cross-classification of population by such characteristics as (a) age groups and sex, (b) ethnic group and sex,(c) period of immigration and sex, to show marital status, birthplace, religious denomination, education and language distributions.

3-10 * Age and Sex of Household Heads by Other Specified Characteristics of Head. Ottawa: Queen's Printer, Vol. II, part 1-3, 1961, 84 p. (Cat. no. 93-512).

Age and sex of household heads by size of household, wage and salary earnings, occupation division, period of immigration, etc., of head, for provinces and census metropolitan areas.

STATISTICS, Dominion Bureau of

Families by Period of Immigration of Head. Ottawa:
Queen's Printer, Vol. II, part 1-8, 1961, 12 p.
(Cat. no. 93-517).

Post-war immigrant families by age of head, showing family size and composition, earnings, etc. for provinces and census metropolitan areas.

STATISTICS, Dominion Bureau of

3-10 *

Dwelling Attributes of Immigrant Households. Ottawa:
Queen's Printer, Vol. II, part 2-10, 1961, 36 p.
(Cat. no. 93-532).

Specified housing characteristics by period of immigration of household head, for provinces and census metropolitan areas.

STATISTICS, Dominion Bureau of

3-10 * Occupations by Sex, Showing Other Specified Characteristics. Ottawa: Queen's Printer, Vol. III, part 1-15,
1961, 68 p.
Birthplace, period of immigration, ethnic groups,
by occupation and sex, for Canada, 1961; same data by
occupation division for provinces.

STATISTICS, Dominion Bureau of

3-10

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Industry Divisions by Sex, Showing Other Characteristics.

Ottawa: Queen's Printer, Vol. III, part 2-10, 1961,
28 p. (Cat. no. 94-527).

Birthplace, period of immigration, ethnic groups,
by industry divisions and sex, for provinces, 1961;
age by industry divisions and sex, for regions.

STATISTICS, Dominion Bureau of

3-10 * General Summary and Review. Ottawa: Queen's Printer,
Vol. VII, part 1, 1961.

Review of the results of the 1961 Census relating
to general population characteristics, and characteristics
of the labour force, including historical and analytical
tables as well as textual descriptive materials outlining

the main findings.

- STATISTICS, Dominion Bureau of

 "Monograph Studies Based on the 1961 Census". CJEPS,
 by W.E. Duffet, Vol. XXVII, no. 4, 1961, p. 527.

 A tentative list of proposed studies to be
 undertaken by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics with
 an advisory committee on Census Monograph includes:
 population change in Canada, internal migration, the
 effect of post-war immigration on the composition of
 Canada's population etc.

 BEIJER, Dr. G.

 Intra-European Migration, 1946-1960 -- A Statistical
 Approach. World Council of Churches, Migration Study,
 17 route de Malagnou, Geneva, Switzerland, 1961.
- CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of

 1-20 * Immigration 1961. Ottawa, Statistics Section 1962.
 Immigration 1962. Ottawa, Statistics Section 1963.
 Immigration 1963. Ottawa, Statistics Section 1964.
- CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of
 "Immigration to Canada in 1960". Industry and Labour,
 Vol. XXVI, no. 9, November 1, 1961, p. 328-330.
- FEDERAL BUREAU OF CENSUS AND STATISTICS

 "Migration to and from Australia in 1959-60."

 Industry
 and Labour, Vol. XXVI, no. 10, November 1961, p. 364-369.
 In the year 1959-60 net immigration increased
 considerably in Australia. Most of the emigrants went
 to the Commonwealth countries, especially to Canada.
- INTERGOVERNMENTAL COMMITTEE FOR EUROPEAN MIGRATION

 "Migration Under the Auspices of Intergovernmental Committee for European Migration in 1960". Industry and Labour, Vol. XXV, no. 9, May 1961, p. 305-308.

 Statistics of I.C.E.M. show that migration dropped in 1960. A table gives a breakdown of emigrants by countries of origin and destination.
- KRICHEFSKY, Gertrude

 "Naturalization Rates of Immigrants". <u>I. & N. Reporter</u>,
 Vol. XI, April 1963, p. 43-50.

LABOUR, Department of

"The Migration of Professional Workers into and out of Canada, 1946-1960." Prepared by the Economics and Research Branch, Department of Labour, Ottawa.

Professional Manpower Bulletin No. 11, March 1961,

48 p.

Canada received about 92,000 professional workers in this period and lost about 42,000 to the United States between 1950 and 1960.

- STATISTICS, Dominion Bureau of
 3-50 ** "Post-War Immigrants in the Labour Force, February 1956
 to February 1962". Canadian Statistical Review,
 Vol. XXXVII, no. 2, November 1962, p. iii-viii.
- 4-00 Demography and Ecology -- Démographie et écologie
- BELTRAMONE, André

 "Sur la mesure des migrations intérieures au moyen des données fournies par les recensements".

 Population, Vol. XVII-IV, Octobre-Décembre 1962,

 p. 703-724.

 Bases fondamentales de l'étude des migrations intérieures appliquées aux recensements de la population française. L'auteur étudie ensuite les méthodes de calcul proposées pour obtenir les résultats. Etude générale ayant une application particulière: la population française.
- BORRIE, Wilfrid David
 The World's Population, Perspective and Prospect.
 Toronto: Canadian Institute of International Affairs,
 1961, 47 p.
- BURFORD, R.L.

 "Index of Distance as Related to Internal Migration".

 Southern Economic Journal, Vol. XXIX, October 1962,

 p. 77-81.
- CAMU, P., WEEKS, E.P. and SAMETZ, Z.W.

 Economic Geography of Canada. Toronto: Macmillan of Canada, 1964, p. 33-87.

CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of

Report SR-2. The Basic 1961 Census Data on

Immigration and Citizenship. Ottawa: Economic and
Social Research Division, September 1963, 184 p.

ENKE, S.

4-00

"Population and Development: a General Model".

Quarterly Journal of Economics, Vol. LXXVII,
February 1963, p. 55-70.

HAMILTON, C. H. and PERRY, J.

"Short Method for Projecting Population by Age from One Decennial Census to Another". Social Forces, Vol.XLI, December 1962, p. 163-170.

The logical basis and the mathematical technique of the method are developed. The method is based on the assumption that age-specific vital rates and migration rates of the recent past will continue unchanged into the near future, i.e. from the last decade through the next decade.

HEIDE, H.

"Migration Models and their Significance for Population Forecast". Milbank Memorial Foundation Quarterly, Vol. XLI, no. 1, 1963, p. 56-76.

An attempt to review a number of mathematical migration models, and to evaluate their possible significance for regional population forecasts.

ISARD, Walter

Methods of Regional Analysis. University of Pennsylvania,
Technology Press and John Wiley and Sons, 1960, 784 p.
The third chapter of the bookgives the principles of migration estimation. It discusses estimates of past interregional migration (gross and net migration, residual methods, census data, population registers) differential migration, estimates of rural-urban migration, forecasting future migration by projecting historical trends extrapolation, ratio methods, subjective methods and theoretical models.

KASAHARA, Yoshiko
"A Profile of Canada's Metropolitan Centres". Queen's
Quarterly, Vol. LXX, no. 3, Autumn 1963, p.303-313.

An analysis of some of the demographic aspects
of metropolitan development as revealed in the
results of the most recent Canadian Census. Emphasis
on differential rates of increase and on migration
patterns.

KEYFITZ, N. and HENRIPIN, J.

"Main Trends in Canadian Population". Population,
Bulletin, Vol. XIX, no. 7, 1963, p. 177-180.

The net immigration is of about the same order of magnitude in numbers of people as that of the United States; in proportion to the population already present it is over 10 times as much.

LOWENTHALL, David and COMITAS, Lambros

"Emigration and Depopulation. Some Neglected Aspects
of Population Geography". Population Review, Vol. VI,
July 1962, p. 83-94.

ROSENBERG, Louis

Use of Census Tracts in the Study of Ethnic and Religious Groups in Canada. Washington: United States
Bureau of the Census, 1954, 15 p.

RYDER, N.

"Notes on the Concept of Population". Am J Soc,
Vol. LXIX, March 1964, p. 447-463.

This paper contains a description of the basic population model. The concept of a population is advocated as a frame of reference in investigations of population composition and process, in the resolution of differences between macro-analysis and micro-analysis, and in the design of studies of social change.

THOMLINSON, Ralph

"A Model for Migration Analysis".

Statistical Association. Vol. LVI, no. 295,
September 1961, p. 675-686.

A methodological study attempting to improve the quantitative analysis of migration data by controlling for seven important spatial variables. This method attempts to determine the effect of seven measurable spatial factors in order to isolate the influences of non-spatial variables.

THOMLINSON, Ralph
"The Determination of a Base Population for Computing Migration Rates". Milbank Memorial Foundation Quarterly, Vol. XL, no. 3, 1962, p. 356-366.

A discussion of the "qualities demanded" for a base population for computing migration rates and "an evaluation of the most likely methods for determining the base population".

BLADEN, V.W., ed.

* Canadian Population and Northern Colonization:

Symposium Presented in 1961. La population

canadienne et la colonisation du Grand Nord;

colloque presente en 1961. Toronto: University of

Toronto Press, 1962, 158 p.

A collection of essays on "Canadian Demography"

and "Possibilities of Colonization of Northern Canada"

read at sessions of the Royal Society of Canada in

June 1961.

CHANDLER, David B.

"Residential Patterns of Ethnic Groups and Social Classes in Hamilton". M.A. Thesis (Sociology),
McMaster University, 100 p. (in progress 1962).

This study attempts to develop a technique to measure the social characteristics of a city population in non-census years and through time.

COLCORD, Frank

Population in an Urban Area. McGill University.

Unpublished pilot study of the population characteristics of a section of Montreal, bounded by University W., Dorchester S., St. Denis E., and Duluth N. Ecological data were collected from census records and interviews with political, religious and ethnic community leaders. Results indicate that this area is used as a kind of "stepping stone area" for immigrants in Montreal.

GERMAIN, Claude

"Mouvements migratoires et croissance démographique de Montréal. Actualités économiques, Vol. XXXVIII,
Octobre-Décembre, 1962, p. 411-424.

Evaluation de la part de l'émigration de la plaine de Montréal absorbée par la Métropole, la part orientée vers d'autres provinces, et la part qui fut attirée vers

d'autres pays, en particulier les Etats-Unis.

PLANNING BOARD, City of Toronto

A Report on the Ethnic Origins of the Population of Toronto, 1960. Toronto, 1961, 32 leaves.

This report contains data tabulations on the

This report contains data tabulations on the size of ethnic populations in the City in 1960, some comparative statistics from census reports for earlier years, estimates of foreign immigration into Toronto during the past nine years, and a description of the main changes which have occurred in the ethnic composition of the City of Toronto during the nine-year period (from the time of the census in 1951).

WEIR, Thomas R.
4-10 "Population Change in Selected Townships in Rural
Manitoba". Department of Geography, University of
Manitoba (in progress).

A study of population change in selected townships in Manitoba under a Canada Council grant. One of the bases of selection was the ethnic group factor. Thus townships in areas settled by Ukrainians, Icelanders, French and Mennonites were taken for analysis. However the ethnic factor is regarded as only one of several important factors in understanding change.

5-00 Social Structure and Social Organization -- Structure et organisation sociales

LE CONGRÈS INTERNATIONAL DE LA POPULATION, VIENNE, 28 AOÛT - 4 SEPT., 1959.

Population, Vol. XIV, no. 4, 1959, p. 613-636.

Ensemble formé de 76 études sur l'interaction des facteurs démographiques, économiques et sociaux dans le développement économique; le mariage et la famille; la fécondité, la division géographique des populations et la structure des communautés; migrations internationales et internes.

Auteurs, titres et résumés de chaque étude sont indiqués.

HUCK, Marylin Glynn
5-10 "Early Settlement in Waterloo County (Upper Canada)".
M.A. Thesis, Toronto, 1963.

- STEWART, Norman

 Children of the Pioneers. Penhold, Alberta, 1962,
 106 p.

 Account of the author's life as a pioneer in
 Alberta.
- CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of

 Admission of University Students to Canada: Immigration Requirements. Ottawa: Queen's Printer, 1962, 13 p.
- L'INSTRUCTION PUBLIQUE, Québec Département de Programme d'études pour les néo-canadiens approuvé par le comité catholique de l'instruction. Québec, 1961, 17 p.
- PEROTTI, Antonio

 "The Migration Problem and the Encyclical 'Mater et
 Magistra'". Migration, Vol. I, October-December 1961,
 p. 5-16.

 Historical development of the moral aspects of
 human migration from 1500 A.D. to the present day.
- 5-34 CANADIAN WELFARE COUNCIL

 Directory of Canadian Welfare Services. Ottawa, 1964, [published every two years].
- MOLES, R.

 "Social Security for Migrant Workers". Int Mig,
 Vol. II, no. 1, 1964, p. 47-53.

 The author analyzes first of all the concept of
 social security and the main principles which govern
 its present development. Then he discusses the security
 problems from the point of view of the migrant worker
 and lastly makes a brief review of the international
 instruments which exist in this domain.
- SEBALD, H.

 "Studying National Character Through Comparative Content Analysis". Social Forces, Vol. XL, May 1962, p. 318-322.

 The study of modal personalities on the national level has been abandoning its belletristic and speculative ways. It has turned more and more to the use of empirical techniques of research. In this paper, a comparative content analysis is used to recognize cultural values in a systematic way -- which in turn may give us valid clues about national character.

6-00 Social Dynamics -- Dynamique sociale

CLARK, Samuel Delbert

6-00

The Developing Canadian Community. Toronto: University of Toronto Press, 1962, 248 p.
Chapters 1-6 first published in the author's
The Social Development of Canada, 1942. Some of the later chapters are based on his earlier works, "Church and Sect in Canada", 1948 and "Movements of Political Protest in Canada", 1959.

HAMILTON SOCIAL PLANNING COUNCIL and McMASTER UNIVERSITY

6-11
Life in the City. Judith and Peter Pineo Project
Supervisors.

A community study of the city of Hamilton, conducted under the auspices of the Hamilton Social Planning Council and McMaster University. Various aspects of the project are being utilized for thesis material by sociology graduates and will appear as separate theses. An overall report will be published by the Social Planning Council. (in progress).

SIBBALD, Patricia A.

"A Study of a Multi-Ethnic Transient Area in Toronto".

M.S.W. Thesis, University of Toronto, 1962.

Respondents from five professions were interviewed. Five main problems appeared to face area residents; lack of education, lack of English, unemployment, inadequate income and insufficient recreational facilities.

ZAY, Nicolas
6-11
"Apport de l'immigration au visage changeant de Montréal".

Commerce, Vol. LXIII, Mai 1961, p. 31-32.

Exposé schématique de l'influence de l'immigration dans le façonnement du nouveau visage de la métropole.

L'auteur fait quelques considérations d'ordre écologique.

NAGLE, Robert

"Cultural Areas and Neighbourhoods of Hamilton".

B.A. Thesis, McMaster University, April 1962, 132 p.

The purpose was to discover whether neighbourhoods exist in Hamilton, and if so, to ascertain the conditions under which neighbourhoods can develop and maintain themselves. The conclusions indicate that neighbourhoods are significant only in some of the older sections of the city in which most of the residents are not of Anglo-Saxon origin.

- NORTHERN AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL RESOURCES, Department of Sociological Research in the Arctic (by F.G. Vallee).
 Ottawa: Northern Co-ordination and Research Centre, 1962.
- WILLMOTT, Donald E.

 New Industry in a Prairie Town. University of Toronto and Center for Community Studies, University of Saskatchewan, app. 350 p. (in progress).

 A study of the historic development of a town and country community, and of the impact of a recently established potash mine.
- BAKER, W.B.

 Some Observations on the Application of Community

 Development to the Settlement of Northern Saskatchewan.

 Toronto: Indian-Eskimo Association of Canada, 1961,

 14 leaves.
- 6-20 CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of
 Report IR-12. Immigrant Family Expenditures and
 Standard of Living. Ottawa: Economic and Social
 Research Division, March 1964, 70 p.
- HENRIPIN, Jacques

 "Immigration et Chômage". Accueil au Voyageur,
 Vol. III, Fév. 1961, p. 1-2.

 Effet que provoque l'immigration sur l'économie
 canadienne. L'auteur en conclut "qu il y aurait
 peut-être avantage à ajuster l'immigration avec
 l'accroissement du nombre des travailleurs provenant
 de la population déjà installée".
- LECLAIR, Edward E. Jr.

 "Economic Theory and Economic Anthropology".

 Vol. LXIV, December 1962, p. 1179-1203.

 The article is divided into two parts. In the first one the author criticizes Dalton's position, arriving at the conclusion that Dalton shows "superficial differences to mask fundamental similarities". In the second part the author makes a "new approach to economic anthropology".

SENIOR, Clarence
"Implications for Minority Groups". Journal of
Inter-Group Relations, Vol. I, no. 2, 1960, p. 122-127.

Study of the difficulties arising from the
growth of cities through migration from rural and
"underdeveloped" areas of the country. Few persons
change their habits automatically when they change
their habitats; some habits which were once appropriate
become neutral in effect or are active irritants to
the older residents in the new community.

WILLIE, C.V. and ROTHNEY, W.B.

"Racial, Ethnic and Income Factors in the Epidemiology of the Neonatal Mortality". Am Soc R, Vol. XXVII, August 1962, p. 522-526.

The purpose of this study is to determine whether infant mortality rates, particularly neonatal mortality rates, vary by racial and by ethnic neighbourhoods when socio-economic status is held constant. In these conditions, similar rates of neonatal mortality are found for the Negro and the native white populations.

PHOTIADIS, J.D. and BIGGAR, J.

"Religiosity, Education and Ethnic Distance".

Am J Soc, Vol. LXVII, May 1962, p. 666-672.

In the first hypothesis, dealing with the relationship of religiosity and education to ethnic distance, it is found that orthodoxy and extrinsic belief are not related to ethnic distance. In the second hypothesis, examining individual influence of each personality variable on ethnic distance, it is found that anomia, status concern, conservatism, withdrawal tendencies, and anti-social tendencies are not related to ethnic distance.

6-31 CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of
Report SR-3. Post-War Immigrant Family Earnings,
Census 1961. Ottawa: Economic and Social Research
Division, October 1963, 35 p.

DE GONZALEZ, N.L. Solien
6-31 "Family Organization in Five Types of Migratory Wage Labor". Am Anthrop, Vol. LXIII, December 1961, p. 1264-1820.

The author makes a classification on the nature of the period of absence from the home village: seasonal migration, temporary migration, recurrent migration, continuous migration, permanent removal. "The main conclusion is that migrancy will be reflected in the social organization in different ways depending upon the nature of the socio-cultural system affected, as well as upon the type of migrancy itself".

ELKIN, Frederick

The Family in Canada, an Account of Present Knowledge and Gaps in Knowledge About Canadian Families.

Canadian Conference on the Family, Ottawa: 55 Parkdale Ave., 1964, 183 p.

The volume was commissioned by the Canadian Conference on the Family (meeting in Ottawa, June 1964) as a preliminary study and source book on families in Canada. It contains a section on ethnic and immigrant families in Canada.

STARON, Z. Marian
6-31 "Cultural Factors in Adolescent Girls of Immigrant Parents". Maîtrise en Travail Social, Université d'Ottawa, en 1961.

LAMBERT, W.E. and ANISFELD, M.

"Social and Psychological Variables in Learning Hebrew".

DRB Reprint 1904. Reprinted from Abnormal and Social

Psychology, Vol. LXIII, no. 3, 1961, p. 524-529.

The attitude of a student of a second language towards the other language community plays an important rôle in his acquisition of the other language. Students who hold sympathetic attitudes toward the other language community are found to be more successful in acquiring a second language than those holding unfavourable attitudes.

McBEAN, A.B.

"Low Incomes -- An Analysis of its Causes, Effects and Significance in Social and Economic Organization of Rural Communities". Unpublished M.S.A. Thesis, Ontario Agricultural College and University of Toronto (Graduate School), app. 70 p. (in progress 1963).

OLSON, D.R. and MacARTHUR, R.S.

"The Difference of Foreign Language Background on Performance on Selected Intelligence Tests".

Alberta Journal of Educational Research, Vol. VIII, no. 2, September 1962, p. 157-167.

The purpose of this study was to ascertain the effects of a foreign language background on selected intelligence tests with a view to identifying instruments which provide a valid estimate of the general intellectual ability of children with a foreign language background.

STABLEIN, John E., WILLEY, Darrell S. and THOMSON, Calvin W.

"An Evaluation of the Davis-Eells (Culture Fair) Test
using Spanish and Anglo-American Children".

J Educ Soc, 1961, Vol. XXXV, no. 2, October, p. 73-78.

The general culture fairness of the Davis Eells test
is evaluated by comparing performances of two groups
of culturally different school children. Davis Eells
scores were compared to performances on three other
measures: Metropolitan Achievement Test, Sci. Res.
Associates Primary Mental Abilities Test, and a
vocabulary test of high frequency words. Statistical
analysis of the results demonstrated that the mean
scores on all measures were significantly different,
the Anglo-Americans performing better than their
Spanish-American peers in each case. The Davis Eells
test failed to give a measure with less difference
between groups and was not less culturally biased than
the other common measures of intelligence used.

ARÈS, Richard
6-33
"Religions et groupes ethniques au Canada". Relations,
Vol. CCLXXXII, Juin 1964, p. 173-174.

HATFIELD, Dr. Leonard F.

The Theological Implications of International Migration and Church Unity. World Council of Churches, Migration Study, 17 route de Malagnou, Geneva, Switzerland, 1961, 9 p.

- MOL, Dr. Hans

 6-33

 The Impact of Migration on the Life of the Church.
 World Council of Churches, Migration Study, 17 route
 de Malagnou, Geneva, Switizerland, 1961.
- PRICE, Dr. C.A.

 Some Tentative Thoughts on the Possibility of

 Maintaining Closed Homogeneous Immigrant Church
 Communities. World Council of Churches, Migration
 Study, 17 route de Malagnou, Geneva, Switzerland, 1961,
 7 p.
- RUSSELL, Rev. Campbell

 Russell Report: A Study of Down-Town Churches and their Relation to the Community -- 1959-1960.

 Anglican Diocese of Toronto (Urban Board). Toronto, 1960 (unpublished).

 This report is an inquiry into certain relations of selected Anglican down-town churches to their immediate parochial environment, with special reference to sources of membership and income, as well as to areas of service and outreach. The report concludes that sources of membership and income derive largely from up-town areas, and that there is, with some exception, little contact between the churches and their immediate environment.

 (Certain data in this report are confidential).
- SJOLLEMA, B.

 6-33

 The Roman Catholic Church and Migration. World Council of Churches, Migration Study, 17 route de Malagnou, Geneva, Switzerland, 1961, 5 p.
- SCHLESINGER, Benjamin

 "Socio-Cultural Elements in Case Work: The Canadian Scene". The Social Worker, Vol. XXX, no. 7, January 1962, p. 40-48. Reprinted Studies and Documents on Immigration and Integration in Canada, no. 2, August 1962, p. 20-28.

 A discussion of the different approaches and attitudes which social workers will have to take in working with clients of diverse cultural backgrounds. The material is illustrated by case examples of a Jamaican, German, and Danish situation. Suggestions for social workers are made in this area.

TURNER, F.J.M.

"Social Work Treatment and Value Differences: An
Exploration of Value Differences and Specific Use
of Casework Techniques with Clients from Three
Ethnic Groups Receiving Treatment in Family Agencies".
D.S.W. Thesis, Columbia University, 1963, 318 p.
Study conducted on forty clients of three
Ontario family agencies. Fifteen persons were of
Anglo-Saxon protestant origin, 15 were of FrenchCanadian origin and 10 were of Polish-Ukrainian origin.
It was found that value differences were not related
to ethnicity. Findings indicate the possibility of
achieving more objective structuring of interviews if
weight is given to the client's value profile as a
part of the worker's general diagnostic understanding
and differential treatment.

CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of

Report IR-4. Incomes of the Foreign-Born, 1957-1959.

Ottawa: Economic and Social Research Division,

November 1963, 65 p.

PARIZEAU, Jacques
6-40 "Immigration and Canadian Economic Development".
Assurances, Vol. XXXI, April 1963, p. 16-24.

BLALOCK, H.M., Jr.
6-41 "Occupational Discrimination: Some Theoretical Propositions". Soc Probl., Vol. IX, no. 3, 1962, p. 240-247.

The general problem of occupational discrimination is closely related to the nature of the occupation in which discrimination is practiced. To illustrate some theoretical propositions concerning occupations in which there is relatively little discrimination, the author discusses the integration of Negroes in professional baseball. The theoretical propositions set forth have some rather practical applications with respect to the occupational status of Negroes and other minority group members.

INTERNATIONAL CATHOLIC MIGRATION COMMISSION

"Migrants in Professional Occupations." Migration
Facts and Figures, Vol. XXVIII, March-April 1963, 4p.

6-42 CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of
Report GI-8. The Skill Content of the 1962
Immigration. Ottawa: Economic and Social Research
Division, October 1963, 42 p.

6-42 CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of
Report IR-9. Survey of Recent Immigrant Unemployed.
N.E.S. Registrants, September 1960. Ottawa: Economic and Social Research Division, February 1961, 30 p.

DERBYSHIRE, E.

"Notes on the Social Structure of a Canadian Pioneer Town". Sociological Review, (new series), Vol. VIII, July 1960, p. 63-75.

Study of the town of Shefferville in the Province of Quebec, where the labour group comes from North America and Europe. Social relations are poorly

of Quebec, where the labour group comes from North America and Europe. Social relations are poorly developed. Most of the town's population comes from middle class groupings but the special conditions of isolation, climate and employment have resulted in the hierarchical structure being a fairly direct reflection of the salary scale and status within the company.

JAMES, Alice
"Attitudes of Employers Towards the Employment of New Canadians". M.S.W. Thesis, University of Toronto, 1961.

Comparing 52 employers charged and 52 never charged under the Act, the author noted that there was no difference between the groups in the proportion of post-war immigrants hired. Employers in the first group made slightly more comments unfavourable to new Canadians. Employment agencies accepted fewest new Canadians. There seems to be an immigrant's "kind of work" and the under-trained are still exposed to unemployment and exploitation.

LÉVESQUE, Robert
6-42 "Immigration, main d'oeuvre et chômage". Non publiée
M.Ec.Sc. Faculté des sc. sociales, Université de
Montréal, Juin 1961, 100 p.

L'auteur se propose de mesurer l'effet de l'immigration sur a) la composition par âge, et par sexe de la population; b) la structure par âge, sexe et profession de la population active; c) la croissance de la population active. Il tentera, en outre, d'explorer les relations qui peuvent exister entre la croissance de la population active, l'immigration et le chômage.

LEVINSON, Charles
6-42 "Change and the Migrant". Migration Today, Vol. I,
August 1963, p. 9-18.
Changes in the economic environment of a migrant

Changes in the economic environment of a migrant has a great effect on every aspect of his life. Integration in his new country takes a long time. New possibilities of training should be opened up for the migrant worker.

MARSHALL, R.

6-42

"Ethnic and Economic Minorities: Union's Future or Unrecruitable". The Annals, Philadelphia, Vol. CCCL, 1963. p. 63-73.

1963, p. 63-73.

Unions would apparently have little difficulty organizing foreign-language groups; but given present union structure, these and other minorities are too weak for collective bargaining to improve their economic condition immediately though unions could protect and improve minority opportunities.

NETTER, Francis
6-42 "Social Security for Migrant Workers". <u>International Labour Review</u>, Vol. LXXXVII, no. 1, January 1963, p. 31-50.

Report of the 46th session of International Labour Congress which analyzes the technical solutions to the problems arising from the application of social security laws to migrant workers and of specific ways in which states may meet the difficulties that may arise in seeking the fullest and most effective social protection for such workers.

TAYLOR, Norman W.

"French Canadians as Industrial Entrepreneurs".

The Journal of Political Economy, Vol. LXVIII, no. 1,
February 1960, p. 37-52.

In a society composed of several ethnic groups,

In a society composed of several ethnic groups, there is generally a relation between these groups and the division of labor. The author tries to demonstrate it for Quebec and arrives at the conclusion that the French-Canadian "entrepreneur" does not belong to the economic world of the predominant group in North America.

6-50

CANADIAN WELFARE COUNCIL.

The Immigrant and the Voluntary Agency; Proceedings of the Open Meeting of the Committee on the Welfare of Immigrants, May 5, 1955, Windsor, Ontario.
Ottawa, Committee on the Welfare of Immigrants, 1955, 23 p. mimeographed.

KAYE-KYSILEVS'KYJ, V.
6-50 "Problems of Immigration and Integration -- Rôle of Societies, Montreal J.I.A.S. Studies and Documents. Vol. VII, 1963, p. 8-12.

PALISI, Bartolomeo Joseph

"Ethnicity, Family Structure, and Participation in Voluntary Associations". Ph.D. Thesis (Sociology), University of Nebraska, 1963, 187 p.

In this consideration of the relationship between formal and informal participation, such questions as whether participation in formal and informal voluntary associations varied directly, and whether participation in associations was related to family structure were posed.

WHINDMAN, G.O.

"Formal Participation of Migrant Housewives in an Urban Community". Sociology and Social Research, Vol. XLVII, January 1963, p. 201-209.

ALFORD, Robert A.

Party and Society. Rand McNally, 1963, 400 p.
(Published Ph.D. Thesis, University of Berkeley).

The purpose of this study was to show the relative importance of social class, religious, ethnic and regional factors for the division of party preferences in the four Anglo-American democracies.

It was found that Canada had the lowest class voting. Regional and religious ethnic factors were most important in Canada.

MILNOR, A.J.
6-51 "Agrarian Protest in Saskatchewan, 1929-1948: A Study in Ethnic Politics". Ph.D. Thesis (Political Science), Duke University, 1962, 251 p.

Clear ethnic alignments with the two protest parties considered were found, independent of any economic considerations, that factor being held constant. These alignments were particularly strong with ethnics who had a history of discrimination against them in both the public law and private spheres of

society.

specific examples.

BELL, R.A.

"Newcomers from Foreign Lands Enhance Canada's Culture."

The Monetary Times, Annual, 1963, p. 29-30.

The (then) Minister of Citizenship and Immigration stresses the importance of culture in a nations annals, and discusses the many contributions that have been made to Canada's culture by new Canadians, giving

EDMONTON WELFARE COUNCIL

Insights into Cultural Differences. Edmonton, 1963,
79 p.

A compilation of study materials from a seminar on cultural differences, for the instruction of people working with ethnic groups in the Edmonton area, held at the University of Alberta, June 13th to 15th, 1963.

HONER, Stanley Maxfield
6-60 "The Theory of Cultural Differences". Ph.D. Thesis
(Sociology), University of California, Berkeley,
1963, 290 p.

Students of human behaviour are challenged to work toward the development of a theory (or theories) by which differences between cultures can be explained. A theory of cultural differences must propose an answer to the question: how have cultures come to be, as they are, different?

KLINEBERG, O.

"Culture and Personality in G.H. Seward and J.P. Seward".

Current Psychological Issues: Essays in Honor of

Robert S. Woodworth, p. 329-354.

The following topics are discussed: race, culture

The following topics are discussed: race, culture and psychology, personality testing of ethnic groups, the anthropological approach, application of psychological techniques, and culture and personality in complex societies. The extent to which Woodworth's thinking anticipated recent developments is noted.

RUDNYC'KYJ, J.B.

Anthroponymic Changes in Canada and the U.S.A.
Reports of the Sixth International Congress of
Onomastic Sciences. Munchen: August 24-28, 1958,
p. 663-671.

SWIFT, D.F. and LINTON, T. E.

The Performance of U.A.C. Students on a Culture Test.
University of Alberta, unpublished, 1962.

In this study Canadian students were compared with English and American students on a test of "cultural knowledge" using a test prepared for use with students in British schools and universities.

The general conclusion was that Canadian students almost failed to score on the arts questions, but were either as knowledgeable or more knowledgeable than their British and American counterparts on science

questions.

TREMBLAY, Marc-Adélard

"Le transfert culturel: fondement et extension dans le processus d'acculturation". Anthropologica, Vol. IV, no. 2, 1962, p. 293-320.

L'auteur définit d'abord le concept d'acculturation, puis il étudie les différentes phases du processus de transfert culturel insistant surtout sur les fondements

puis il étudie les différentes phases du processus de transfert culturel insistant surtout sur les fondements et l'extension du transfert. En conclusion il élabore les relations fonctionnelles entre la désintégration sociale et la confusion culturelle.

WALLACE, A.F.C.

6-60

Culture and Personality. New York: Random House, 1961,

213 p.

The author deals with the problem of formulating operationally meaningful assertions, the different views of the relation between culture and personality, the minimum cognitive conditions for a stable cultural system, the relation between the evolution of culture and the evolution of the brain, the cultural distribution of personality types and mental illnesses, the psychology of cultural change.

- ARÈS, Richard S.J.

 "Comportement linguistique des minorités françaises au Canada". Relations, Vol. CCLXXX, Avril 1964, p. 108-110.

 D'après le recensement de 1961 l'auteur cherche à déterminer le comportement de la minorité française à l'égard de la langue française et de la langue anglaise dans neuf des provinces canadiennes.
- ARES, Richard
 6-61 "Langues parlées chez les groupes ethniques au Canada".
 Relations, Vol. CCLXXVII, Janvier 1964, p. 15-16.
- ARES, Richard

 "Langues parlées chez les groupes ethniques au Québec".

 Relations, Vol. CCLXXVIII, Février 1964, p. 47-48.

 Au Québec le Français et l'Anglais sont les deux langues officielles. Dans quelle proportion chaque groupe ethnique les connaît-il et les parle-t-il?
- ARES, Richard

 "Langues parlées chez les groupes ethniques à Montréal".

 Relations, Vol. CCLXXIX, Mars 1964, p. 74-76.

 D'après le recensement de 1961 l'auteur tente de déterminer le comportement à Montréal, de chaque groupe ethnique suivant la position respective de l'anglais et du Français.
- BILASH, Borislaw Nicholas
 6-61 "Bilingual Public Schools in Manitoba, 1897-1916".
 M.Ed. Thesis, Manitoba, 1960.
- KIRKCONNELL, Watson

 "Homesickness in Several Minor Keys". Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada. Vol. LV, no. 2, 1961, p. 57-62.
- KIRKCONNELL, Watson
 "Publications in Other Languages". University of
 Toronto Quarterly, Vol. XXXI, no. 4, July 1962,
 p. 577-587.

LAMBERT, W.E., HODGSON, R.C., GARDNER, R.C. and FILLENBAUM, S.

"Evaluational Reactions to Spoken Languages".
Reprinted from J Ab Soc Psych, Vol. LX, no. 1, 1960, p. 44-51.

The study examines the effect of language (French or English) upon subjects' evaluation of the speaker's personality.

PEACOCK, Kenneth
6-62

A Survey of Ethnic Folk Music Across Western Canada.
Ottawa: National Museum of Canada, 1963, 13 p.

6-70 ** CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of

It's Up to Us. Citizenship Branch, Ottawa: Queen's
Printer, 1964, 48 p.

A program guide on human rights for Human Rights
Day and other occasions.

MARTIN, James G.

"Inter-group Tolerance-Prejudice". J Hum Relat, Vol. X, 1962, p. 197-204.

Group prejudice is defined as: negative, unfavourable, hostile (or positive, favourable, friendly) attitude toward a group which results in prejudgement of its members. Various arguments are presented against the practice of prejudice, the most significant one demonstrating that it is socially dysfunctional.

NAGEL, S.S.

"Ethnic Affiliations and Judicial Propensities".

Journal of Politics. Vol. XXIV, February 1962, p. 92-110.

SIMPSON, Ansel P.
6-71 "Attitudes, Status and Minority Group Membership".
Ph.D. Thesis (Sociology), University of Missouri,
(in progress 1962).

NETT, Emily M.

"An Evaluation of the National Character Concept in Sociological Theory". Social Forces, Vol. XXXVI, no. 4, May 1958, p. 297-303.

This paper analyzes the concept of national character, suggesting difficulties which arise in considering the legitimacy of the concept in the sociologist's lexicon. The author gives importance in has work to the problem of the elite and the

incongruity between deviation and conformity.

SHRIVE, Frank Norman
6-72 "Charles Mair: A Study in Canadian Literary
Nationalism". Unpublished Ph.D. Thesis (Literature),
Kingston, Queen's University, 1961.

GASSER, Edith Strieter

"An Investigation of the Body Image of Boys as
Expressed in Self Cultural Drawings. An Intercultural
Study". Ph.D. Thesis (Psychology), 1961, 105 p.
The purpose of this investigation is to determine
whether a child's body image varies among differing
cultural groups. The sample is made up of Negroes,
non-Italian white and Italian. The results of the
research do not reject the assumption that differences
exist among ethnic groups; rather they reject the
hypothesis that these differences are reflected in
figures, drawings that have been objectively scored on
this population.

PLANT, Walter T.

"Changes in Ethnocentrism Associated with a Four-Year College Education". Journal of Educational Psychology, Vol. XLIX, 1958, p. 162-165.

Data from Ethnocentrism Scale were obtained for 271 college students. It was concluded that significant changes took place in the readiness to accept ethnocentric ideology in both males and females, and that direction of change was significantly toward less acceptance of ethnocentric ideology.

SIMIRENKO, Alex 6-73

"Pilgrims, Colonists and Frontiersmen: an Ethnic Community in Transition". Ph.D. Thesis (Sociology), University of Minnesota, 1961, 302 p. The ethnic community is theorized to be a

special kind of minority or subcommunity produced by the majority community exclusion (prejudice) on the one hand and minority closure on the other. Theoretical analysis based on a practical example: the dynamics of social change of the Russian community of Minneapolis.

MARSDEN, Mrs. Barbara 6-74

"A Study of the Board Members' Concept of the 'Good Citizen'". Unpublished M.S.W. Thesis, McGill University School of Social Work, McGill

University, August 1961, 110 p.

The purpose of the study was to discover what attitudes board members of recreation and informal education agencies have toward the concept of "good" citizenship" in a democratic nation. Board members sampled tended to stress the traditional concept of the citizen as a person who obeys the laws, respects authority, pays his taxes and votes; the literature stressed the need for a vocal, informed and active citizen. There was little indication that board members see "good citizenship" as entailing active political participation.

NASH, Dennison and SHAW, Louis C. "Personality and Adaptation in an Overseas Enclave". Human Organization, Vol. XXI, Winter 1962-1963, 6-74 p. 252-263.

SOCIAL PLANNING COUNCIL OF HAMILTON AND DISTRICT 6-74 A Welcome to Newcomers to Hamilton. Hamilton, Ontario, 28 p. mimeographed. Directory of community and welfare services.

Basic English and citizenship classes.

7-00 Adjustment and Interaction -- Etudes (générales) sur l'adaptation et l'action réciproque

7-00

BANTON, Michael
"Sociology and Race Relations". Race, Vol. I, no. 1,
November 1959, p. 3-14.
The central problem of race relations is
social distance, which is the discrimination consisting
in the failure to admit strangers to particular
relationships, and is characterized chiefly by

social distance, which is the discrimination consisting in the failure to admit strangers to particular relationships, and is characterized chiefly by avoidance. Where social distinctions are more rigid, patterns of social distance also reflect political and psychological influences to a marked extent and it is more difficult to isolate the purely sociological factors.

7-00 BUGELSKI, B.R.

7-00 "Assimilation Through Intermarriage". Social Forces,
Vol. XL, December 1961, p. 148-153.

7-00 CONSEIL CANADIEN DU CIVISME
Enracinement des néo-Canadiens dans notre sol. Ottawa,
1961, 72 p.

7-00 DEIGHTON, H.S.
no. 1, 1959, p. 15-25.

Historians can never be sure that they have examined all the evidence. "One of the immediate advantages of the study of history from the point of view of race relations would be the drawing together of the very considerable volume of work which has already been done into a coherent whole". The white man's picture of himself is "the most immediately important and potentially fruitful field for the historical studies of race relations".

7-00

"L'influence de l'acculturation sur l'équilibre psychique". Bulletin du Centre d'Etude et de Recherches Psychologiques. Vol. IX, 1960, p. 385-398.

L'auteur montre combien les changements culturels désorganisent les systèmes sociaux. Dans ces systèmes désorganisés, les modèles de comportement offerts par la culture sont apparemment en contradiction les uns envers les autres et peuvent être la cause de maladies mentales.

7-00 FLASHBERGER, Erwin
"The Marginal Man and his Marginal Attitude: A
Theoretical Approach". R.E.M.P. Bulletin, Vol. X,
no. 3, September 1962, p. 89-96.

7-00 GREENBERG, Herbert M.

7-00 "The Development of an Integration Attitude Scale".

J Soc Psych, 1961, Vol. LIV, p. 103-109.

7-00

KAGE, Joseph, ed.

Studies and Documents on Immigration and Integration in Canada. Jewish Immigrant Aid Society, Montreal,

A collection of studies and documents on immigrants in Canada published periodically by

7-00 LIEBERSON, Stanley
Ethnic Patterns in American Cities. New York: Free Press of Glencoe, 1963, 230 p.

The residential segregation and assimilation of immigrants and second generation members of ten different groups in each of ten United States cities is examined over a period of over forty years, 1910-1950. There are additional sections based on data going back to the 1840's. The primary emphasis is on the factors influencing residential segregation and on the impact which segregation has for the assimilation studied. A special chapter is devoted to the occupational patterns of immigrants and second generation members. Appendixes of the book give detailed characteristics of each major ethnic group in each of ten specific cities (Boston, Buffalo, Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, St. Louis, Syracuse). Differences between immigrants and Negroes are considered in terms of their residential patterns and trends through time. Discussion of the assimilation concept and its diverse meanings as well as the relationship between human ecology and race and ethnic relations are also included.

7-00
LIEBERSON, Stanley
"The Impact of Residential Segregation on Ethnic Assimilation". Social Forces, Vol. XL, no. 1, October 1961, p. 52-58.

(Continued).

(Continued). The residential segregation of immigrants in U.S. 7-00 cities is re-examined for 10 different immigrant groups in each of 10 cities to determine the impact of segregation on other aspects of ethnic assimilation. With one exception, published and unpublished U.S. census reports for 1930 and 1950 are sources for the study. Ability to speak English, citizenship, intermarriage and occupational composition of the immigrant groups in each city are found to be partially a function of these residential patterns and other ecological factors. The dynamic significance of spatial distribution for other dimensions of social behaviour is stressed. That : the residential segregation of immigrant groups is not only an important element of assimilation, but plays a dynamic rôle in influencing other aspects of

MAILHIOT, Bernard, O.P.

"Les relations entre les groupes ethniques à Montréal; zones de conflit et zones d'échange". Education des Adultes, Vol. VII, Avril 1961, p. 1-17.

Selon l'auteur, en plus des hypothèses "trop simplistes" que propose W. Allport, il faut tenir compte du niveau de socialisation des groupes en contact, de même que des facteurs susceptibles d'assurer le climat psychologique qui rendra possible "en contexte culturel Canadien, une intégration ethnique qui soit vraiment fonctionnelle."

immigrant and second generation assimilation.

MASON, Philip
"An Approach to Race Relations". Race, Vol. I, no. 1, 1959, p. 41-52.

Analysis to demonstrate how race relations should be looked at in a variety of different ways, not necessarily in the order they occur. Also discussion of the contributions of Feedman, Banton, Richmond, Deighton on this discipline.

7-00 "The Function of Marginality". Int Mig, Vol. I, no. 3, 1963, p. 175-177.

Study of the various positive functions of marginality or living in two worlds. Immigration can bring progress in the country of adoption.

PRICE, C.A. and ZUBRZYCKI, J. 7-00 "Immigrant Marriage Patterns in Australia".
Population Studies, Vol. XVI, no. 2, November 1962, p. 123-133. A study of intermarriage analyses as an index of immigrant assimilation.

QUERMONE, J.L. 7-00 "Le problème de la cohabitation dans les sociétés multi-communautaires". Revue Française de Science Politique, Vol. XI, no. 1, 1961, p. 29-59.

La structure d'une société multi-communautaire dépend des intérets particuliers de chacune de ces communautés. La nature de la communauté prédominante dans cet état dépend du nombre de communautés, de leur situation géographique, de leurs relations démographiques et de la nature de leurs relations avec l'étranger.

7-00

REITZES, Dietrich C. "Institutional Structure and Race Relations". Phylon,

Vol. XX, no. 1, Spring 1959, p. 48-66.

A sociological analysis of race relations requires recognition of the importance of the organizational aspects of modern society. Four specific characteristics are stressed: 1) the segmentalization of individual behaviour: 2) rationality; 3) the reduced power of the individual and the increased power of organizational functionaries; 4) consistency of behaviour in individuals. To understand, predict and control the behaviour of individuals, the crucial point is to know how the situation is defined by relevant organizations and the individual's personal relationship to these organizations.

SHERIF, Muzafer and HOVLAND, Carl Social Judgement, Assimilation and Contrast Effects in Communication and Attitude Changes. New Haven, Conn.: Yale University Press, 1961, 218 p.

In addition to the argument that assimilation and 7-00

contrast effects depend on the location of anchors employed by the judge in evaluating the stimulus items, the authors introduce the concepts of latitude of acceptance and latitude of rejection and discuss the implications of these concepts for attitude change and communication.

SHUVAL, Judith T.
7-00 "The Micro-Neighborhood: An Approach to Ecological Patterns of Ethnic Groups". Social Problems, Vol. IX, no. 3, 1962, p. 272-280.

A presentation of "a technique for defining more specifically and more sensitively the extent of residential contact among ethnic groups". The assumption underlying the micro-neighborhood concept is that different social climates are established in neighborhoods of different ethnic composition.

VANDER ZANDEN, James W.

American Minority Relations. The Sociology of Race
and Ethnic Groups. New York: Ronald Press, 1963,

7-00

Reflecting the latest theoretical advances in the field, this book examines current trends, the nature of American minority relations, race, the dominant group, and the sources of prejudices and discrimination. The four major processes of intergroup relations are analyzed: conflict, segregation, stratification and assimilation.

ZAJONC, Robert B. and WAHI, N. Kishor
7-00
"Conformity and Need-Achievement Under Cross-Cultural
Norm Conflict". Human Relations, 1961, Vol. XIV,

no. 3, p. 241-250.

The relation between conformity and need achievement was studied in 30 male Indian students. The results indicate that the relation is mediated by the instrumental value of conformity, and that when conformity is so perceived, a positive rather than a negative relation will be obtained. The high-achievement group was more sensitive to the instrumental value of conformity than to the congruence of the norms; the opposite was found in the low-achievement group. The groups did not differ in susceptibility to situational pressures.

7-00 ZUBRZYCKI, Jersy
7-00 "Sociological Methods for the Study of Immigrant
Adjustment". Migration, Vol. I, October-December 1961,
p. 51-62.

7-10

"Influence des structures ethniques et culturelles sur les relations internationales et sociales".

de l'Institut de Recherches Economiques, Vol. XXV,
no. 8, Décembre 1959, p. 713-728.

Publication de l'UNESCO dans laquelle sont

Publication de l'UNESCO dans laquelle sont étudiés 3 caractères de l'influence des minorités dans la compréhension des relations internationales. 7-10 GOFF, Regina M.
7-10 "Psychology and Intercultural Interaction". J Soc Psych,

Vol. LVIII, no. 2, 1962, p. 235-240.

Successful intercultural interaction requires recognition of the interdependence of cultural and psychological elements inherent in a total social operation. The quality or nature of interaction is a function of any present set of cultural conditions associated with psychological determinants which serve as commutators, to change the course of compatible ends in view, or as satisfiers to prevailing conditions.

- GORDON, Milton

 "Recent Trends in the Study of Minority and Race Relations". Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science. Vol. CCCL, November 1963, p. 148-156.

 A review of works published in the past five years with minority and race relations, utilizing the term "ethnic group" to include minorities generally, whether minority status is based on race, religion or nationality background. The topic is divided into a consideration of works treating: 1) race and its scientific meaning; 2) causes of prejudice; 3) Negroes and desegregation; 4) other minorities.
- 7-10 JAHODA, Marie
 Race Relations and Mental Health. Paris: U.N.E.S.C.O.,
 1960, 48 p.
- 7-10

 MARROW, Alfred J.
 Changing Patterns of Prejudice: A New Look at Today's Racial, Religious and Cultural Tensions. Philadelphia, P.A.: Chilton, 1962, 271 p.
 Prejudice, its nature and extent, is examined as a problem of the individual and as an issue in intergroup relations.
- 7-10
 NORTHERN AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL RESOURCES, Department of Territorial Sovereignty in the Canadian North (by G.W. Smith). Ottawa: Northern Co-ordination and Research Centre, 1963.
- 7-10 PINKNEY, A.

 "Quantitative Factor in Prejudice". Sociology and Social Research, Vol. XLVII, January 1963, p. 161-168.

PINKNEY, Alphonso
"The Anatomy of Prejudice: Majority Group Attitudes
Toward Minorities in Selected American Cities".
Ph.D. Thesis (Sociology), Cornell University, 1961.
The study examines attitudes of members of the
dominant majority group toward ethnic minorities.
Social structure and personality variables are

dominant majority group toward ethnic minorities. Social structure and personality variables are examined. Approval or disapproval of minority rights is found to be a reliable indicator of prejudice. Individuals who are willing to grant minorities greater rights are likely to be less prejudiced. Finally, intergroup contact tends to reduce antiminority prejudice. Furthermore, if the contact develops into interaction the prejudice is likely to be further reduced.

ROSE, Arnold M.
7-10
"The Comparative Study of Inter-Group Study".

Sociological Quarterly, Vol. I, no. 1, January 1960,
p. 57-66.

Forty present or past literate societies having distinguishable minority groups are analyzed to discover possible relationships between certain aspects of their social structure and the form and intensity of inter-group prejudice, discrimination and conflict. The data are not always complete and reliable and the findings are therefore tentative.

SCHECHTMAN, Joseph B.

The Refugee in the World. New York: A.S. Barnes and Co. Inc., 1963, 424 p.

A contemporary picture of the global character of the refugee problems, which traces the origin, development, and attempts at solution of each significant refugee movement that has arisen in the post-war years, 1945-1963, on the three continents of the Old World.

- SEMINAR ON CANADIAN-AMERICAN RELATIONS, UNIVERSITY OF WINDSOR.
 7-10
 Papers on Seminar held November 7-9, 1963. Windsor,
 Ontario, 1964, 331 p.
- SHANNON, L.W. and LETTAU, K.
 7-10
 "Measuring the Adjustment of Immigrant Laborers".

 Southwestern Social Science Quarterly, Vol. XLIV,
 September 1963, p. 139-148.

WORLD COUNCIL OF CHURCHES, DIVISION OF INTER-CHURCH AID AND SERVICE TO REFUGEES

7-10

In a Strange Land. Geneva, Switzerland, 1962, 96 p.

A report of the World Council of Churches
Conference on the Problems of International Migration
held at Leysin, Switzerland during June 1961. It
contains introductory essays by clergymen on their
responsibility to migrants, and extracts of papers
read by consultant specialists. A list of conference
documents are given on pages 95-96.

- 7-20 ** CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of
 Let's Take a Look at Prejudice and Discrimination.
 Citizenship Branch, Ottawa: Queen's Printer, 1964,
 52 p.
- IANNI, Francis A.

 "Time and Place as Variables in Acculturation Research".

 Am Anthrop, Vol. LX, no. 1, February 1958, p. 39-45.

 For the author these two variables are the scientific way to analyze acculturation. This method delineates the problems in three headings: 1) culture before contact was made; 2) culture situation during contact and 3) culture situation as a result of contact. Used especially for anthropology studies this method could be used in acculturation studies for homogeneous groups of immigrants.
- KLUCKHOHN, Clyde, ed.

 7-20

 Culture and Behaviour. New York: Free Press Glencoe, 1962, viii, 402 p.

 A collection of 21 essays dealing with the following subjects: theory of culture, archeological dating, Navaho ethnology, Navaho personality, Russian character, socialization, Indian-white relations in the United States, theory and sociology of values, and education.
- RHYNE, E.H.

 7-20

 "Racial Prejudice and Personality Scales: An Alternative Approach". Social Forces, Vol. XLI, October 1962, p. 44-53.

 In the analysis of data from a college sample a rigorously sociologistic approach is shown to be a better predictor of variations in the data than the authoritarian theory of racial prejudice. The importance of differential learning for understanding variations

in racial prejudice is stressed.

WEINSTOCK, S. Alexander

"Rôle Elements: A Link Between Acculturation and Occupational Status". The British Journal of Sociology, Vol. II, June 1963, p. 144-149.
Paper deals with rôle elements as they may

influence the acculturation of any ethnic group using illustrative material from an earlier study of the acculturation of Hungarian immigrants. The following issues are examined: 1) rôle elements -- central and peripheral; 2) occupational requirements and social structure and 3) personality needs and motivation.

ZILLER, Robert C. and BEHRINGER, R.D. "Assimilation of the Knowledgeable Newcomer under Conditions of Group Success and Failure".

J Ab Soc Psych, Vol. LX, no. 2, 1960, p. 288-291.

It was proposed that a new member may be perceived as either a resource or as an unwelcome source of disruption depending upon the needs of the group and it was hypothesized that a newcomer is accepted more readily by a group with a history of failure than by a successful group. Hypothesis supported and meaning of results discussed.

SHERIF, Muzafer and SHERIF, Carolyn "Psychological Harmony and Conflict in Minority
Group Ties". American Catholic Sociological Review,
Vol. XXIII, no. 3, 1961, p. 207-222.

Problems concerning the psychological ties to
minority groups, in the sense of the belongingness have 7-30

been related to the concept of identification. Some social processes are considered, which are subsumed under the individual's experiences relative to the social scheme in which he moves. Emphasis is placed on the application of generalizations involving individual psychological phenomena as they seem to apply to minority group membership.

BAGU, S. "Integration of Immigrants". Int Mig, Vol. II, no. 1,

1964, p. 40-46.
The international migrant belongs to one structure (of origin) and endeavours to integrate himself into another structure (of destination), and is thus confronted with a series of problems characteristic of this process of adaptation and especially economic ones. He can never eliminate his own origin completely. A good immigration policy will be to accept him with his language, religion and ideologies and let him live in co-existence with the social structure of his new country.

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BIRNET, Sir MacFarlane 7-40 "Migration and Race Mixture from the Genetic Angle". Eugenics Review, Vol. LI, no. 2, 1959, p. 93-97. From the genetic angle, immigration of dissimilar groups is desirable and advantageous in terms of hybrid vigour. Genetic advantages depend, however, on effective assimilation and free mating between diverse groups.

BYRNE, Donn and WONG, Terry J. "Racial Prejudice, Interpersonal Attraction and Assumed 7-40 Dissimilarity of Attitudes". J Ab Soc Psych, Vol. LXV,

no. 4, 1962, p. 246-253.
A study to test hypothesis dealing with assumed attitude dissimilarity as a function of racial prejudice, and explore the interactive effects of race, racial prejudice and attitude similarity-dissimilarity

in determining interpersonal attraction.

CATTON, W.R. Jr. and HONG, Sung Chick 7-40 "The Relation of Apparent Minority Ethnocentrism to Majority Antipathy". Am Soc R, Vol. XXVII, no. 2, 1962, p. 178-191. If, as Summer suggested, ethnocentrism is functional in promoting social control within a group, it may be dysfunctional in inter-group relations. By scaling 18 minorities, majority antipathy and apparent minority ethnocentrism turn out to be curvilinearly

related.

7-40

EPSTEIN, Charlotte Inter-Group Relations for Police Officers. Baltimore Williams and Wilkins, 1962, 194 p.

Conflicts between groups and between individuals because they are members of groups are analyzed from psychological, sociological and anthropological view-points. The significance of racial, religious and nationality differences and their effects on prejudice, discrimination and human nature are explored.

HOYT, Elizabeth 7-40 "The Integration of Indigenous Groups: Problems and Government Policy". World Mental Health, Vol. XV, no. 1, 1963, p. 30-36.

Examples are given to show that because we see very clearly the advantages of our own culture, but see neither our limitations nor the values that others have and lose when they come into close contact with us, government policy on integration is usually confused ... halting ... without insight.

JONES, Roy Junius
7-40
"The Effects of Inter-Ethnic Group Contact in a
Designated Hospital Community". Ph.D. Thesis
(Psychology), American University, 1961, 153 p.
These studies were designed to investigate
the general hypothesis "that equal status contact
between members of initially antagonistic ethnic
groups leads to favorable attitude change".

KIRKHART, Robert 0.

"Minority Group Identification and Group Leadership".

J Soc Psych, Vol. LIX, February 1963, p. 111-117.

The hypothesis tested was that group members nominated for "internal system" leadership situations would tend to be minority group identifiers, while group members nominated for "external system" leadership situations would be majority group strivers. The results obtained refuted the hypothesis. A high positive correlation was found to exist between "internal system" and "external system" leaders. Further, the nominated leaders were found to be highly identified with their Negro group, a finding in opposition to Lewin's theory of "leader from the periphery".

LAMBERT, Wallace E. and TAGUCHI, Yosh

"Ethnic Cleavage Among Young Children". J Ab Soc Psych,
Vol. LIII, no. 3, November 1956, p. 380-382.

Ethnic cleavage among pre-school children was
studied using various test situations where choices
of associates could be observed. It was found that
ethnic cleavage does exist when choices are made
significative to young children. The results are
compared with other related findings and attempts are
made to explain them theoretically.

MacDONALD, J.S. and MacDONALD, L.D.

"Urbanization, Ethnic Groups and Social Segmentation".

Social Research, Vol. XXIX, Winter 1962, p. 433-448.

Analysis which tends to prove that "urbanization does not necessarily lead to the development of a homogeneous nation-wide working-class. The juxtaposition of different cultures through urbanization may lead to group exclusiveness and conflict along ethnic rather than class lines The possibility that ethnic cleavages will cut across potential working class solidarity is not to be discounted however".

MORRIS, Raymond N.
7-40
"The Assimilation of Strangers in a Small Residential Community". Sociological Review, Vol. XI, no. 1,

1963, p. 5-17.

A study of the assimilation of 30 families of strangers into an established and initially hostile group of 40 local families. Both groups were rehoused together in a new public housing project, and each family was interviewed 3 times during the year, using mainly closed questions.

ONTARIO CONFERENCE ON INTEGRATION, 1ST., GENEVA PARK, LAKE COUCHICHING, ONTARIO, JULY 1961. Report. Toronto, Ontario: Welfare Council, 1961, 22 p.

7-40

Report. Toronto, Ontario: Welfare Council, 1961, 22
Partial contents: Integration in Canada, an address
by Mr. J. Boucher.

ONTARIO CONFERENCE ON INTER-GROUP RELATIONS, 2ND, PORT ELGIN, ONTARIO, 1962.

7-40

Heritage and Destiny: Report. Toronto, Ontario Welfare Council, 1962, 48 p.

The American amalgam; a case history in the

dynamics of cultural pluralism, by William S. Bernard. 15 leaves laid in.

ONTARIO CONFERENCE ON INTER-GROUP RELATIONS, 3RD, PORT ELGIN, ONTARIO. 1963.

7-40 "Bridges and Barriers. Report of the 1963 Ontario Conference on Inter-Group Relations." Port Elgin Citizen, Vol. 9, p. 11-13, October 1963 .

7-40 RICHARDSON, Alan
7-40 "A Note on Mixed Marriage as a Factor in Assimilation Rate". R.E.M.P. Bulletin, Vol. X, no. 4, December 1962,

The study suggests on the basis of the evidence provided that a mixed marriage between immigrants of different national backgrounds is likely to be associated with an increase in social contact with non-British immigrants at the expense of increased interaction with the host group.

ROTHMAN, Jack
7-40
"Minority Group Status, Mental Health and Inter-Group Relations: An Appraisal of Kurt Lewin's Thesis".

Journal of Intergroup Relations, Vol. III, no. 4,
Autumn 1962, p. 299-310.

7-40

"The Balanced Ethnic Group". Sociology and Social Research, Vol. XLV, no. 2, 1961, p. 196-201.

A balanced ethnic group is composed of about equal numbers of persons of different ratio-cultural backgrounds. In a study of several work groups in a given factory, it was found that the balanced ethnic work groups tended to develop more friendship relationships, more co-operative attitudes, and to reduce conflicts when compared with unbalanced work groups.

SHERIF, Carolyn and SHERIF, Muzafer

"Psychological Harmony and Conflict in Minority Group Ties". American Catholic Sociological Review, Vol. XXIII, no. 3, 1961, p. 207-222.

Problems concerning the psychological ties to minority groups, in the sense of belongingness, have been related to the concept of identification. Some social processes are considered which are subsumed under the individual's experiences relative to the social scheme in which he moves. Emphasis is placed on the application of generalizations involving individual psychological phenomena as they seem to apply to minority group membership.

7-40
SHERIF, Muzafer
Intergroup Relations and Leadership: Approaches and Research in Industrial, Ethnic, Cultural and Political Areas. New York: John Wiley, 1962, 284 p.
Research findings on groups, organizations, and leader-follower relationships. Intra-group relations are stressed as part of the larger systems of intergroup relations.

7-40
TAFT, Ronald
7-40
"A Psychological Model for the Study of Social
Assimilation". Human Relations, Vol. X, no. 2, 1957,
p. 141-156.
(Continued).

(Continued).

A presentation of a model of the states of assimilation. Seven stages are presented and illustrated and social assimilation is defined as: the process whereby, as a result of social interaction, a person transfers his membership from one group to a second group whose norms are inconsistent with those of the first.

TAFT, Ronald

7-40

7-40

"The Assimilation of Dutch Male Immigrants in a Western Australian Community". Human Relations, Vol. XIV, no. 3, August 1961, p. 265-281.

Richardson's study of the assimilation of British immigrants was replicated with Dutch immigrants. Richardson's conclusions -- (a) that assimilation can be divided into satisfaction with life in Australia, identification with Australia, and acculturation and (b) that a certain amount of satisfaction is needed for identification to occur, and both are needed for a high level of acculturation -- are supported by the findings on the Dutch Ss.

TAFT, Ronald

"The Assimilation Orientation of Immigrants and Australians". Human Relations, Vol. XVI, no. 3, 1963,

p. 279-298.

A series of investigations on the attitudes of immigrants and the Australian host group towards the assimilation of immigrants are dealt with in this paper. This includes a study of the three orientations, Monism, internationalism and pluralism as well as the orientation of Australians, of British and of non-British immigrations.

ZILLER, Robert C., BEHRINGER, Richard D. and GOODCHILDS, J.E.
7-40 "The Minority Newcomer in Open and Closed Groups".

"The Minority Newcomer in Open and Closed Groups". J Psychol, Vol. L,1960, p. 75-84.

This laboratory experiment was concerned with the assimilation of the newcomer under conditions where the host group expected membership changes (an open group) or did not expect membership changes (a closed group), and the perceived relative status of the donor group or culture. It was concluded that interpersonal orientation is a more critical consideration in interracial groups or in groups where there are distinct differentiating characteristics among the various sub-groups.

7-50 COHEN, Yehudi, A., ed.

Social Structure and Personality. New York: Holt,

Rinehard and Winston, 1961, 528 p.
Consists largely of articles which illustrate the editor's social structural approach to personality and personality disorders. The chapters are divided into six sections including an introductory discussion of conceptual definitions followed by discussions of social structure and socialization, the dependence of institutions on personality processes, effects of community systems on personality processes, effects of community systems on personality, social change, acculturation, and personality and sociological conditions of personality disorganization.

RICHMOND, Anthony H.
7-50 "Social Mobility of Immigrants in Canada".
Population Studies, July 1964, p. 53-69.

This paper is part of an extensive survey of economic and social absorption of post-war immigrants in Canada. It concentrates on the technical problems in studying social mobility, and presents the findings concerning the pattern and degree of mobility exhibited by the immigrants. U.K. immigrants begin with a strong advantage, but the subsequent overall degree of upward mobility was not different between U.K. and non-U.K. migrants.

- 8-00 Social Problems -- Problèmes sociaux
- 8-10 CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of
 Report GS-1. Mental Health of Immigrants, 1958 (and
 more generally, 1952-1960). Ottawa: Economic and
 Social Research Division, December 1963, 109 p.
- ECK, Marcel

 La maladie mentale. Paris, Leth: Elleux, 1963, 244 p.
- LISTWAN, Ignacy A.

 "Mental Disorders in Migrants: Further Study". World

 Mental Health, Vol. XII, 1960, p. 38-45.

 Each group of migrants is affected by a collective neuroses of anxiety type. That is partly due to migration stresses and partly to a head-to-head collision with another neurotic reaction in the host group called prejudice. Individual migrant "neurotic reaction" may take the form of regression, paranoia, escapism, depression, hypomania, hysteria, or inferiority feelings. These mentional disorders in migrants should be treated on a social level, and education is of primary importance.

8-10 LISTWAN, Ignacy A.
8-10 "Paranoid States: Social and Cultural Aspects".
World Mental Health, Vol. XI, 1959, p. 171-177.

Certain paranoid reaction types occurring in migrants are due mostly to social factors summa rized as "migration stresses". They are purely environmental and have a good prognosis. The patients improve remarkably well when social adjustments and re-education are undertaken. These reactions should therefore not be considered as mental disorders in their real meaning, and patients affected with them should be considered as quickly recoverable potential assets to the community.

- MALZBERG, Benjamin
 8-10

 Mental Disease in Canada 1950-1952, among those Born
 in the United Kingdom: A Study of First Admissions to
 Hospitals for Mental Disease. Research Foundation for
 Mental Hygiene Inc., Albany, New York, unpublished,
 1963, 43 p. mimeographed.
- MALZBERG, Benjamin
 8-10

 Mental Disease Among Native and Foreign-Born in Canada
 1950-1952. Research Foundation for Mental Hygiene, Inc.,
 Albany, New York, unpublished, 1963, 37 p. mimeographed.
- MALZBERG, Benjamin

 8-10

 Mental Disease Among Foreign-Born in Canada 1950-1952
 in Relation to Period of Immigration. Research
 Foundation for Mental Hygiene, Inc., Albany, New York,
 unpublished, 1964, 8 p. mimeographed.
- MEZEY, A.G.

 "Psychiatric Aspects of Human Migrations". International Journal of Social Psychiatry, Vol. V, 1960, p. 245-260.

 The form and extent of human migrations are outlined and the literature on mental disorders in migrants is reviewed. Adaptive difficulties seemetiologically important in affective disorders occurring early after migration, while the inadequacy of social communication has a pathoplastic influence in the sense of paranoid and hysterical manifestations.

MURPHY, Dr. H.B.M. and LEMIEUX, Dr. M. 8-10 Community Management of Rural Mental Patients.

(in progress).
Part of the research is being designed to explore the influence of different cultural traditions on the development and subsequent course of major mental disorders. Among the contrasts involved in the study is the French-Canadian, Anglo-Canadian one. Plans are also being considered to extend the survey to a Polish-Canadian community.

8-10
Soddy, Kenneth, ed.

Identity: Mental Health and Value Systems. London:
Tavistock Publications, 1961, 271 p.
Study produced by the Scientific Committee of the
World Federation of Mental Health which explores key
mental health concepts in an interdisciplinary and
international context.

UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION.

8-10

Race and Science. New York: Columbia University Press, 1961, 506 p.

The concept of race is defined, and our present knowledge of race differences and racial prejudice is presented. The relationship of race relations to mental health in general, and psychology in particular is analyzed.

WARD, T.F.
8-10
"Immigration and Ethnic Origin in Mental Illness".

Canadian Psychiatric Association Journal, Vol. VI,
no. 6, December 1961, p. 323-332.

WEINBERG, A.A.

8-10

Migration and Belonging. Hague, Netherlands:
Martinus Nijhoff, 1961, xxii, 402 p.
Investigation of the inter-relations between mental health and personal adjustment of immigrants in Israel indicates that the former should be defined as a state and the latter as a process.

JAYEWARDENE, C.H.S.

8-20

"Criminal Homicide (A Study in Culture Conflict)".

Ph.D. Thesis (Sociology), University of
Pennsylvania, 1960.

Several indices using demographic data were
devised; an index for the normative power of the
value of life, a conflict index, an index of

Several indices using demographic data were devised; an index for the normative power of the value of life, a conflict index, an index of cultural heterogeneity and an index of cultural integration. The conflict index has been correlated with the volume of criminal homicide to test the thesis that criminal homicide is an expression of cultural conflict.

WILLIAMS, Donald B.
8-20
"A Comparative Study of Deviant Behaviour Among
Ethnic Groups in Ontario". Ph.D. Thesis (Sociology),
University of Toranto, (in progress 1962).

STARK, T.

8-40

"A New Problem of International Interest: Older
Migrants". Migration News, No. 5, September-October
1962, p. 9-17.

NORTH AMERICAN INDIAN -- INDIEN DE L'AMERIQUE DU NORD

- PROVINCIAL MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY AND ANTHROPOLOGY

 Selected List of Publications Pertaining to the Indians of British Columbia. Victoria: Provincial Museum of Natural History and Anthropology, 1961, 21 p.
- BEAUDOIN, Marie

 "La population Esquimaude dans l'Antartique".

 Thèse de maîtrise en anthropologie, Université de Montréal, Sept. 1961, 125 p.
- HLADY, Walter M.

 4-10

 Indian Migrations in Manitoba and the West. Historical and Scientific Society of Manitoba, 1964, 35 p.
- HISTORICAL AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY OF MANITOBA, WINNIPEG.

 Papers Read Before the Historical and Scientific
 Society of Manitoba. Winnipeg, ser. 3, no. 17-18,
 1964, 120 p.

5-10

CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of Indians of British Columbia (an Historical Review).
Ottawa, Indian Affairs Branch, 1960, 16 Leaves.

CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of Indians of the Prairie Provinces (an Historical Review). Indian Affairs Branch, Ottawa: Queen's Printer, 1961, 5-10 25 p. CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION, Department of Indians of Ontario (an Historical Review).
Affairs Branch, Ottawa, 1962, 42 p. 5-10 Indian CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION. Department of Indians of Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. Indian Affairs Branch, Ottawa, 1964. 5-10 FRASER. Allan M. "The Beothuks of Newfoundland". Can Geog J, Vol. LXV, no. 5, November 1962, p. 156-159. 5-10 GRIFFIN, James Bennett Lake Superior Copper and the Indians: Miscellaneous Studies of Great Lakes Prehistory. Ann Arbor, University of Michigan, 1961, 189 p. 5-10 HICKERSON, Harold "Notes on the Post-Contact Origin of the Midewiwin". Ethnohistory, Vol. IX, no. 4, Fall 1962, p. 404-423.

The Midewiwin, or "medicine societies" of the 5-10 Central Algonquian peoples represents a form of religious insitution for these peoples. It was long thought to be a survival of the aboriginal (pre-contact) culture. Some writers have suggested that it was in fact a product of the contact situation and represents reaction to the process of acculturation. Hickerson's thesis is that there is no evidence for the aboriginal origins of the Midewiwin, despite the fact that it incorporates aboriginal medical practices; nor for designating it a religious response to deprivations

accompanying the acculturation process. Rather, he feels, it is a manifestation of increasing tribal solidarity

at the turn of the 18th Century.

5-10 INGSTAD, Helge
"The Discovery of Vinland". North, Vol. X, no. 2,
March-April 1963, p. 17-20.

Mr. Ingstad, a Norwegian scholar, whose interest in the native peoples of North America has been attested to by his research among the Eskimo, Apache, and others, has a consuming interest in the Vikings and their activities in the New World. Recently he led an expedition to the northern tip of Newfoundland to carry out archaeological investigations of old house remains at L'Anse au Meadows. He believes, on the basis of the findings and other historical sources, that he has discovered the site of the legendary Vinland.

JURY, Elsie McLeod and JURY, Wilfred

The Hurons. Midland, Ontario, 1960, 36. p.
On the Huron Indians of Ontario.

QUIMBY, George I.
5-10 "A Year with a Chippewa Family, 1763-64". Ethnohistory, Vol. IX, Summer 1962, p. 217-239.

This article summarizes the experiences reported by Alexander Henry, who was an adopted member of a Chippewa family in the northern part of Michigan in 1763-64. Quimby writes for the interest of the archaeologist primarily, but his summary is interesting in presenting a picture of the subsistence pattern of activities of a woodland Indian family during a period of acculturation.

TRIGGER, Bruce Graham
5-10

"Trade and Tribal Warfare on the St. Lawrence in the Sixteenth Century". Ethno History, Vol. IX, Summer 1962, p. 240-56.

This article is an attempt to set forth a systematized account of the wars between the Iroquois and Algonkian Indians in the St. Lawrence Valley in the 16th Century. He theorizes that the wars arose out of a competition, not for access to fur production areas but for access to a single market on the lower St. Lawrence River. He points out that white penetration to the Upper St. Lawrence was retarded by Laurentian Iroquois at the site of present-day Quebec in an effort by the latter to monopolize trade. The treatment of Indians by Cartier and Roberval generated enough hostility among the Iroquois on Montreal Island to inhibit French settlement there.

5-10	VACHON, André "Valeur de la source huronne, l'affaire du Long-Sault". Revue de l'Université Laval, Vol. XVIII, Fév. 1964, p. 495-515. L'auteur cherche à déterminer le bien-fondé du témoignage des survivants hurons dans les récits de l'engagement du Long-Sault ou l'affaire Dollard.
5-10	WILLMOTT, Jill A. Indians of British Columbia: A Study Discussion Text. Vancouver: University of British Columbia, 1963, 290 p.
5-10	WRIGHT, J.V. An Archaeological Survey Along the North Shore of Lake Superior. Ottawa: National Museum of Canada, 1963, 9 p.
5-11	FREILICH, Morris "Scientific Communities in Iroquoian Studies: an Example of Mohawks Past and Present". Anthropologica, Vol. V, no. 2, 1963, p. 171-186.
5-11	NORTHERN AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL RESOURCES, Department of The Snowdrift Chipewyan. Ottawa: Northern Co-Ordination and Research Centre, 1963.
5-12	BRETON, Paul-Emile Hobbema, une florissante mission indienne de l'ouest. Edmonton: Editions de l'Hermitage, 1962, 62 p.
5-12	DUFF, Wilson "Contributions of Marius Barbeau to West Coast Ethnology". Anthropologica, Vol. VI, no. 1, 1964, p. 63-96.
5-12	FRASER, William Bernard The Alberta Indian: His Past, His Present, His Future. Calgary: Friends of the Indian Society, 1959, 27 leaves mimeographed.
5-12	NORTHERN AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL RESOURCES, Department of An Anthropological Survey of Communities in the Mackenzie- Slave Lake Region of Canada (Cohen). Ottawa: Northern Control 1062

BUCK, Ruth Matheson, ed.

5-14

"The Story of Ahenakews". Sask Hist, Vol. XVII,
Winter 1964, p. 12-23.

This account has been prepared from notes and an unfinished manuscript written by the late Reverend Canon Edward Ahenakews (1885-1961).

JOHNSTON, Jean

"Molly Brant: Mohawk Matron". Ont Hist, Vol. LVI,
June 1964, p. 105-124.

PATTERSON, E. Palmer

"Andrew Paull and Canadian Indian Resurgence".
Ph.D. Thesis (History), University of Washington,
1962, 430 p.

Andrew Paull (1892-1959) was one of a number
of men whose careers provide documentation for Indian
resurgence in Canada. During his life time, Paull
was both a representative and a voice for the Indian
in transition.

CHURCHER, C.S. and KENYON, W.A.

"The Tabor Hill Ossuaries: A Study in Iroquois
Demography". Human Biology, Vol. XXII, no. 3, 1960,
p. 249-273.

A report of the investigation of the two ossuaries
discovered in 1956 in Tabor Hill, Scarborough Township,
within Metropolitan Toronto. The ossuaries are
Iroquois in origin and about 700 years old. "The
conclusion is that these ossuaries show no marked
divergence from the Iroquois pattern as regards either
the skeletal elements or the method of burial".

5-20 BRASSER, T.

"Leadership Among the Northeastern Algonkians of Canada".

Kula, Vol. III, December 1962, p. 4-17.

HEINRICH, Albert

5-31

"Structural Features of Northwestern Alaskan Eskimo Kinship". Southwestern Journal of Anthropology, Vol. XVI, 1960, p. 110-126.

A summary of the essential structural feature the kinship system of Tipupiag-speaking people of

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5-52	STAATS, Howard E. "Some Aspects of the Legal Status of Canadian Indians". Osgoode Hall Law Journal, Vol. III, April 1964, p. 36-51.
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6-13	JURY, Elsie McLeod "Indian Village and Mission Sites of Huronia". Can Geog J, Vol. LXVII, September 1963, p. 94-103.
6-13	LIEBOW, Elliot and TRUDEAU, John "A Preliminary Study of Acculturation Among the Cree Indians of Winisk, Ontario". Arctic, Vol. XV, September 1962, p. 190-204. The study focuses on the consequences of white contact for the Swampy Cree of Winisk River area. Special emphasis is given to the extent and nature of the change brought about in the Indian community by the establishment of a nearby radar base.
6-13	NORTHERN AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL RESOURCES, Department of Kabloona and Eskimo in the Central Keewatin (by F.G. Vallee). Ottawa: Northern Co-ordination and Research Centre, 1962.
6-13	NORTHERN AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL RESOURCES, Department of The Eskimo Community at Port Harrison, P.Q. (by W.E. Willmott), Ottawa: Northern Co-ordination and Research Centre, 1961.
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The body of the dissertation contains two parts: (1) changes introduced between 1901 (permanent establishment of the Hudson's Bay Company) and 1955 (establishment of the Radar Base); (2) changes introduced by the Radar Base. In the conclusion, diagnostic factors will be analyzed and compared.

BALIKCI, Asen "Development of Basic Socio-Economic Units in Two Eskimo Communities". Ph.D. Thesis (Anthropology), Columbia University, 1962, 224 p.

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economic factors behind the formation of the basic socio-economic units among the Netsilih Eskimos of the Arctic Coast and the Povungonituk Eskimos of East Hudson Bay, and to test the applicability among the Canadian Eskimos of a hypothesis formulated by Julian Stewart and Robert Murphy concerning the recent restriction in size of the basic functioning groups in the Northeastern Algonkians in Canada.

BALIKCI, Asen 6-20 "Ethnic Relations and the Marginal Man in Canada: A Comment. Human Organization. Vol. XIX, no. 4, 1960-61, p. 170-172.

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BUCKLEY, Helen

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 The Challenge of Assisting the Canadian Aboriginal People to Adjust to Urban Environments. Edited by G.K. Hirabayashi, Department of Sociology, University of Alberta, A.J. Cormier and V.S. Billow, Canadian Citizenship Branch. Seminar held on the campus of the University of Alberta on September 11, 12 and 13, 1962, 49 p.
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- TRIGGER, Bruce Graham
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 deprivation.
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- DAVEY, R.F.
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- EVANS, Marjorie

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- LOCKLIN, G.R.
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- RENAUD, Andre

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 Oblate Fathers Indian and Eskimo Welfare Commission,
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- ZENTNER, Henry

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(Continued).

The research focuses attention on attitudes toward high school, toward further training after high school, toward employment on and off the reservation, the type of occupation desired, attitudes towards the adult in the community, attitudes toward assimilation to non-Indian standards and values held which characterize a shift in orientation toward the urban world. Conclusions reached strongly suggest that Indian students are very much like non-Indian students in their attitudes and value orientations.

- CARD, Brigham Young, HIRABAYASHI, G.K. and FRENCH, C.L.

 The Metis in Alberta Society, with Special Reference to Social, Economic and Cultural Factors Associated with Persistently High Tuberculosis Incidence.
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- HOLMES, Alvin

 "The Social Welfare Aspects and Implications of the Indian Act". M.S.W. Thesis, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C., 1961.

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 Progress report on the building of health and welfare services for Canada's Indians and Eskimos.
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 "Some Problems in Indian Affairs Field Administration".
 M.A. Thesis (Political Science), Carleton University,
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- WADDEL, K.G.

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 Past Present and Future. Unpublished essay submitted to Northern University, 1963-64.
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 The Hunting Group Hunting Territory Complex Among Misstassini Indians. Ottawa: National Museum of Canada Bulletin no. 195, Anthropological series no. 63, 1963, 95 p.

SMITH. June E.

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"Anomie and Acculturation: A Case Study Among the Ojibwa". M.A. Thesis (Sociology), McMaster University, 1962, app. 125 p.

The thesis applies a revised concept of "anomie" to a concrete situation -- the Indian Reservation situation in Manitoulin Island. An analysis within this framework of the economic rôle of the male Indian reserve-resident demonstrates the conflicting definitions of economic behaviour expected from him and moreover, the inaccessibility to him of means to fulfill an economic rôle.

The thesis presents certain hypotheses as to the reactions to anomie given certain other variables and tries to suggest the utility of the anomie concept for explaining certain social phenomena both within a sociology and anthropology framework. In particular, it places the study of some of the social problems on a modern Indian reservation within a sociological research framework appropriate to any group.

- VOGET, Fred, ed.

 "American Indians and their Economic Development".

 Human Organization, Vol. XX, no. 4, Winter 1961-62,
 p. 157-248.
- NORTHERN AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL RESOURCES, Department of Great Slave Lake Fishing Industry (by R.A. Jenness).
 Ottawa: Northern Co-ordination and Research Centre, 1963.
- 6-41 RICCIARDELLI, Alex F.

 "The Adoption of White Agriculture by the Oneida Indians". Ethnohistory, Vol. X, fall 1963, p. 309-328.
- JAMIESON, Stuart

 "Native Indians and the Trade Union Movement in
 British Columbia". Human Organization, Winter 1961-62,
 Vol. XX, no. 4, p. 219-225.

 This is a brief account of the main patterns of

This is a brief account of the main patterns of participation of native Indians in trade unions in British Columbia, and the factors that have affected or limited, such participation. Some attempt is made to assess broadly the impact that trade unionism has had upon the economic and social status and well-being of Indians in this province.

(Continued).

(Continued).

Most of the account deals with unions and strikes in the fishing industry, in which Indians have participated in greater numbers than in any other field. A brief account is also given of their rôle in unions of logging and lumber workers, and of longshoremen.

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The Urban Indian Canadian. Toronto, 47 Dundonald St.,

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A handlist of voluntary organizations working
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and cities.

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Governments". Canadian Public Administration, Vol. VI,
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MELLING, John
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RICCIARDELLI, Alex Frank

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MONTGOMERY, Malcolm
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"The Legal Status of the Six Nations Indians in Canada".
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"The Socio-Historical Significance of Two Chippewa
Ceremonials". Am Anthrop, Vol. LXV, 1963, p. 67-85.

An analysis of two ceremonials practiced in
separate eras; 17th and early 18th centuries and the
relationship of ceremonial changes to alterations in the
socio-political life of the communities studied.

- WILSON, Renate
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- PIDDOCKE, Stuart Michael
 6-62 "Wergild Among Northwest Coast Indians". Unpublished
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- YARNELL, Richard Asa
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 the alteration of native vegetation and the cultivation
 of plants as practiced by Indians of the Upper Great
 Lakes region.
- DUNNING, R.W.

 "Some Aspects of Governmental Indian Policy and Administration".

 1961, p. 209-31.

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 7-00 "Factors in the Social Pathology of a North American Indian Society". Anthropologica, Vol. V, no. 2, 1963, p. 119-130.
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- 7-30 OSWALT, Wendell H.

 7-30 "Partially Acculturated Communities: Canadian Athapaskans and West Alaskan Eskimos". Anthropologica, Vol. V, no. 1, 1963, p. 23-31.

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 DAVIDSON, George F.

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- HONICMANN, John J.

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 Social Networks in Great Whale River. Ottawa: National Museum of Canada, 1962, 110 p.

 Notes on an Eskimo, Montagnais-Naskapi and Euro-Canadian community, with appendix by Frances N. Ferguson.
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 N.W.T.(by Donald Clairmont). Ottawa, Northern
 Co-ordination and Research Centre, 1963, 84 p.
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 An Exploratory Study of Ethnic Relations at Great
 Whale River (by William D. Johnson). Ottawa, Northern
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 The Challenge of Assisting the Canadian Aboriginal
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 "Value Congruence Among Indian and non-Indian High
 School Students in Southern Alberta". Alberta Journal
 of Educational Research, Vol. IX, September 1963,
 p. 168-178.

7-50 Sayres, William C.

Sammy Louis: The Life of a Young Micmac. New Haven,
Connecticut: The Compass Publishing Co., 1956,

The material from which this study is taken was gathered in connection with the Stirling County Study, which is being carried out by Cornell University in co-operation with the Nova Scotia Department of Public Health, Acadia University and Dalhousie University. It is the biography of a young Micmac Indian as narrated to the author, who reports it without interpretation, and includes statements made about the informant by other Indians on the Reserve, and an assessment of the material in a separate chapter. It is interesting in that it provides an insight into the mental life of a man who belongs to a relatively highly-acculturated group, who has suffered from a breakdown attributable at least in part to the acculturation situation.

8-10 OSGOOD, Cornelius

8-10 Ingalik Mental Culture. Yale University Publications in Anthropology, no. 56. New Haven: Department of

Anthropology, Yale University, 1959, 195 p.

This is a companion volume to two previously published on the material culture and on the social life of the Ingalik, and Athapaskan-speaking groups of the Lower Yukon. Its scope is the beliefs of the people, about themselves, about the birds, animals, the plants around them, about neighboring people, about art and music, and about the spiritual world and human relationship to it. It is a sensitive study in social philosophy which, with the two previous volumes, provide one of the most comprehensive descriptions of any Canadian Indan group.

PARKER, Seymour
8-10
"Eskimo Psychopathology in the Context of Eskimo
Personality and Culture".
February 1962, p. 76-96.

The Eskimos, who are characterized by a tendency toward hysterical behaviour, experience a relatively permissive early childhood in which there is minimal frustration of the needs of dependency and affection. The author studies the relationship between psychiatric symptoms and the socio-cultural environment.

PORAYKO, Orest

"A Sociological Survey of Non-White Alcoholic Patients".

Alcoholism Foundation of Alberta, unpublished (reported in 1962).

This is a study of the sociological characteristic of the non-white patients, primarily Indian and Metis, coming to an Alcoholism Clinic for treatment. It was found that the percentage of non-white patients seeking treatment is in line with the percentage of non-whites in the general population. It was found that patients who were over 30, employed, of semi-skilled vocational level, and from Edmonton or Calgary (the locus of the treatment centres) remained in therapy longer than patients who were unskilled, unemployed, under 30, living gratuitously or outside of Edmonton or Calgary.

- 8-20 STEWART, Omer
 8-20 "Questions Regarding American Indian Criminality".

 Human Organization, Vol. XXIII, Spring 1964, p. 61-66.
- STANLEY, G.J.G.
 8-30
 "The Significance of the Six Nations Participation in the War of 1812". Ont Hist, Vol. LV, no. 4,
 December 1963, p. 215-231.
- 8-40 DUNNING, Robert William
 8-40 "Some Problems of Reserve Indian Communities: A Case Study". Anthropologica, Vol. VI, no. 1, 1964, p. 3-38.
- NORTHERN AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL RESOURCES, Department of
 Notes on the Drinking Behaviour of the Eskimos and
 Indians in the Aklavik Area (by Donald H. Clairmont).
 Ottawa, Northern Co-ordination and Research Centre,
 1962, 13 p.

AMERICAN -- AMERICAIN

BOUSCAREN, Anthony Trawick
2-20 "The U.S. Record on Immigration". Int Mig, Vol. I, no. 1, 1963, p. 13-22.

no. 1, 1963, p. 13-22.

This article gives a summary of the immigration movements to the U.S. for the period 1946-1959 with a breakdown as to their country of origin. The impact of these immigrants on the U.S. economy is discussed and the idea advanced that more money might be spent to assist some needy immigrants in their country of origin, e.g. Puerto Rico, which would preclude their becoming immigrants. The matter of Cuban refugees in the U.S. is dealt with.

- ECONOMICS AND DEVELOPMENT, Ontario Department of

 A Study of the Prospects Attracting United States

 Citizens to Take up Residence in Windsor. Toronto,

 1962, 50 leaves.
- THOREAU, Henry David

 2-30 ** A Yankee in Canada. Montreal: Harvest House, 1961
 (French edition 1962), 126 p.

MINGHI, Julian Vincent

"Some Aspects of the Impact of an International
Boundary on Spatial Patterns: An Analysis of the
Pacific Coast Lowland Region of the Canada-United
States Boundary". Ph.D. Thesis (Geography), University
of Washington, June 20, 1962, 209 p. (to be published).

A study of certain aspects of the impact of a
boundary on the historic-economic and geographic landscape on either side which gives special attention to
the impact of the boundary "on other culture elements,
more in the sociological sphere". Thus, the heart of
the dissertation involves an analysis of the rôle
of the boundary and its effect on television preference
and nationality, a topic never before explored by
political geographers, but important to the development
of ideas and concepts relative to the notion of

circulation.

NEGRO -- NOIR

DAVISON, R.B.

West Indian Migrants: Social and Economic Facts of
Migration from the West Indies. New York: Oxford
University Press, 1962, 89 p.

Three headings are considered in this book:

(1) why do people migrate from the West Indies?(2) how do we explain fluctuations in the annual

movement?

SCHWALBE, A. Lenore

(3) how is the migration organized?

CLARK, Austin

"A Black Man Talks About Race Prejudice in White Canada".

MacLeans Magazine, Vol. LXXVI, April 20, 1963, p. 18,

55-58.

"Civil servants give him the brush-off. Bosses
give him dirty jobs if they hire him at all. Landlords
slam the door in his face. This is how Canada looks
from across the color-line which we like to say does
not exist".

- HILL, Daniel G.
 5-10 "Negroes in Toronto, 1793-1865". Ont Hist, Vol. LV,
 June 1963, p. 73-91.
- POTTER, Harold H.

 5-11 "Negroes in Canada". Race, Vol. III, November 1961,
 p. 39-56.
- PUBLIC AFFAIRS, Institute of

 The Condition of the Negroes of Halifax City, Nova
 Scotia. Dalhousie University, Halifax, Vol. XXVII,
 1962, 28 p.
- "Negro and Partly Negro Wards of the Children's Aid Society of Metropolitan Toronto". M.S.W. Thesis, University of Toronto, 1958.

 From a total of 43 such wards, those born between 1941-45 were studied through the 21 available case records. Portraits of individuals convey that destructive early experiences were counteracted only when these "hard to place" children found places of acceptance.

NORMAN, Anne C. 6-42

"Attitudes of Employers Towards the Employment of Negroes". M.S.W. Thesis, Toronto, 1961.

Over half of all the Toronto employers interviewed had hired Negroes. Their comments were predominantly negative, however, and staff policies in 20 cases were plainly discriminatory. Employers often cited, but rarely tested, customer's or staff objections to Negro employees.

EHRLICH, Howard I. 6-71

"Stereotyping and Negro-Jewish Stereotypes". Social Forces, Vol. XLI, no. 2, December 1962, p. 171-176.
Student respondents were asked to sort statements of a generally misanthropic nature into one of four categories indicating that the statement was in their opinion primarily applicable to Negroes, to Jews, to both, or to neither. A distinctive, mutually exclusive, and highly consensual pattern of Negro and Jewish stereotypes emerged. The generality of stereotyping is displayed in the willingness of respondents to stereotype, and the association between the number of different stereotypes endorsed. The data thus provide evidence for both the generality of stereotyping and the specificity of stereotype

KILLIAN, L.M. and GRIGG, C.M.

assignment.

7-00 "Urbanism, Race and Anomia". American Journal of Sociology, Vol. LXVII, May 1962, p. 661-665. The study, using both white and Negro samples, suggests that for whites, position in the social structure is more closely related to high anomia than is urban residence, although urban residence and low status have an additive effect. For Negroes, however, anomia is high for both small-town residents and lower-

structure plus urban residence reduces anomia.

class urban Negroes, but high position in the social

TIEDEMANN, John George 7-40 "An Investigation of the Influence of Group Standards and Deviate Member Behaviour on the Exhibited Racial

Prejudice of an Individual". Ph.D. Thesis (Social Psychology), The American University, 1961, 269 p.

An investigation was undertaken to determine if the biased behaviour of a majority of a group's members and/or the behaviour of a deviate group member would influence an individual to exhibit pro or anti-white

or Negro behaviour in a given situation.

TEFCOURT, Herbert Michael

"Some Empirical Correlates of Negro Identity".

Ph.D. Thesis (Psychology), Ohio State University,
1963, 84 p.

Part of this study focused on Negroes' difficulties in developing what has been called responsible behaviour. Secondly, an attempt was made to alter Negroes' behaviour patterns by raising their expectancies of success.

KLINEBERG, Otto

"Negro-White Differences in Intelligence Test
Performance: A New Look at an Old Problem". American
Psychologist, Vol. XVIII, no. 4, 1963, p. 198-203.

The evidence against the assumption of native
differences in intelligence test performance between
Negroes and whites still seems very convincing. There
is no scientifically acceptable evidence for the view
that ethnic groups differ in innate abilities.

WEBLEY, Rev. S.A. and BURKE, E.N.

8-40

The Migration Problems of West Indians. World Council of Churches, Migration Study, 17 route de Malagnou, Geneva, Switzerland, 1961, 10 p.

ASIAN -- ASIATIQUE

KUNG, S.W.
2-21 "Chinese Immigration into North America". Queen's
Quarterly, Vol. LXVIII, no. 4, Winter 1962, p. 610-620.

CANADA-JAPAN TRADE COUNCIL
2-30 Canada-Japan Trade and Immigration. September 1961, 6 p.

WYNNE, Robert E.

2-30

"Popular Reaction to Oriental Immigration in the State of Washington and in British Columbia". Ph.D. Thesis, Seattle, Washington, 1963.

WU, S.Y.

One Hundred Years of Chinese in the United States and
Canada. 1954, 506 p. (Title page in Chinese and English.
Text in Chinese).

GAMO, Masao
Umiowatatta Nipon Nomura. (A Japanese Village that Crossed the Ocean). Tokyo: Chuokoron Sha, 1962, 5-11 228 p. (text in Japanese).

A study of the Japanese community in Steveston; a history of their immigration and an analysis of their present community life -- including social institutions, religion, language, family, etc.

LEE, David Tung Hai Special Issue for the 75th Anniversary of the Chinese Consolidated Benevolent Association and the 60th 5-11 Anniversary of the Chinese Public School in Victoria, B.C. The Chinese Consolidated Benevolent Association (and) Chinese Public School, 1962, 300 p. (Text in Chinese).

This book contains the history of Chinese in

Canada. "More than 30 original documents on Chinese immigration, including correspondence between the Imperial Chinese Government of Ching Dynasty and the British Government in London, are recorded".

TSURUMI, Kazuko 5-11

Steveston Monogatari: Sekai no Naka no Nipponjin. (The Story of Steveston). Tokyo: Chuokoron Sha, 1962, 200 p. (Text in Japanese). Steveston, B.C. is a fishing community of 580 households of which 260 are Japanese-Canadians. The Issei group is best covered and is classified into 4 types. In the analysis the Nisei group seems submerged by the Issei group.

SARGANT, Bishop N.C. 6-11 India and the Indians Overseas. World Council of Churches, Migration Study, 17 route de Malagnou, Geneva, Switzerland, 1961.

MILLETT, David R. 6-30 "Power Structure and Tradition in the Small Recreation Group". M.A. Thesis (Sociology), McGill University,

Study attempts to isolate stages of group development and to discover the mechanisms of change from one state to another.

VANCOUVER CHINESE PUBLICITY BUREAU

Chinese Directory, Victoria, Vancouver Island.
Vol. 31, no. 31, 1963, 131 p. (Introduction and headings in English and Chinese).

A complete listing of Chinese householders and home owners of Victoria and Vancouver Island Towns and an alphabetically arranged list of business houses, professional men and private citizens, together with classified business directory and buyers' guide.

VANCOUVER CHINESE PUBLICITY BUREAU

Chinese Directory, Edmonton. Vol. 15, 1963, 146 p.
(Introduction and headings in English and Chinese).

A complete listing of Chinese householders and home owners of Edmonton and Northern Alberta towns and an alphabetically arranged list of business houses, professional men and private citizens, together with classified business directory and buyers' guide.

PETTISS, Susan T.

"Cultural Factors in Adoption of Immigrant Children".

Social Work, Vol. VII, no. 4, October 1962, p. 22-25.

A brief outline of the experience and knowledge gained regarding the cultural adjustment of immigrant Oriental children adopted by American Oriental and Caucasian parents.

CANADA-JAPAN TRADE COUNCIL

Japan: Canada's Third Largest Market for Agricultural

Products. Ottawa, 75 Albert St., 1963, 13 p.

7-10

HOUSTON, Robert Laird

Japan Today and her Relations with Canada. Ottawa:
Canada-Japan Trade Council, 1964, 12 p.
Address given at the "Operation World Market"
seminar, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, November 13, 1963.

7-30 THURLEW, Setsuko
7-30 "Cultural Influence Upon Decision-Making in Two Japanese-Canadian Groups". M.S.W. Thesis, University of Toronto, 1960.

Study of two small groups of Nisei and Issei members. Observations showed more spontaneity and initiative among Nisei members. However some Issei members seemed only half-heartedly submissive to traditional hierarchical concepts. Despite parliamentary forms, Nisei practice often reflected traditional concepts too.

LEE, Jung Ok
8-10

"Some Aspects of Mental Illness Among Recent
Immigrant Chinese; A Comparative Case Study of
Chinese Male Patients, Immigrant and Canadian-born,
Hospitalized at Provincial Mental Hospital and Crease
Clinic, B.C., 1950-1960". Unpublished M.S.W. Thesis,
University of British Columbia, 1961.

EUROPEAN -- EUROPÉEN

BRITISH -- BRITANNIQUE

2-50

COWAN, Helen I.

British Emigration to British North America. The First Hundred Years. Toronto: University of Toronto Press, 1961, 321 p.

The author describes British emigration motives

The author describes British emigration motives showing that the British were more influenced by the conditions which rejected them from their native country than by special attraction towards Canada. The main phases of the emigration policy of the British Government are examined and numerous statistical documentations are given.

RICHARDS, Christy F.J.

2-50

"British Immigration into Canada 1850-1873".

Master of Economics and Sociology Thesis, University of Manitoba, May 1963, 263 p.

The British formed the most important stream of immigrants into Canada in the period 1850-1873. A

The British formed the most important stream of immigrants into Canada in the period 1850-1873. A variety of factors both economic and non-economic had influenced the British immigrants in choosing Canada as their future home. A good policy of immigration would have brought more British immigrants into the country at that period.

WILSON, Edna C. (soeur Mary Liguori s.c.h.)

2-50

"The Impact of A Century of Irish Catholic Immigration in Nova Scotia (1750-1850)". Ph.D. Thesis (Political Science), University of Ottawa, 1961.

IRISH CENTRAL STATISTICS OFFICE

"Migration from and to Ireland in 1959." Industry and Labour, Vol. XXV, no. 10, May 15, 1961, p. 325.

The figures published reveal that the downward trend in the emigration of Irish nationals was confirmed in 1959. Canada received 11.6% of that Irish emigration.

LYNE, D.C.

5-10

"The Irish in the Province of Canada, 1850-67".

M.A. Thesis (History), McGill University, 1960.

5-10 STOCK, George
5-10 "The Irish Catholics of Sudbury, Ontario, 1883-1930".
M.A. Thesis, Western Ontario, 1962.

DEAN, C.

"Is there a Distinctive Literary Canadian-English?"

American Speech, Vol. XXXVIII, December 1963,

D. 278-282.

FRENCH -- FRANCAIS

DARIC, Jean

"Quelques vues sur le travail féminin non agricole en divers pays". Population, Vol. XIII, no. 1, Janvier-Mars 1958, p. 69-78.

D'un point de vue économique, la Française mariée fournit au marché du travail une réserve qui équilibre l'emploi. D'un point de vue sociologique le problème principal est le statut de la femme dans la société. Les recensements des populations économiquement actives sont les principales sources disponibles. De ces points de vue dix-sept pays europeéns, le Canada, les Etats-Unis et le Japon sont analysés.

LAMBERT, W.E. and others

"Attitudinal and Cognitive Aspects of Intensive Study of a Second Language". McGill University, 4l p.

Students attending a six-week French summer school were examined for their attitudes toward French people and the French culture, their orientations toward the learning of a second language and their feelings of social satisfaction/anomie at the start and end of the course. In addition, attention was given to how the meanings of French and translated-equivalent English concepts were modified by the summer school experience. Students at two levels of skill in French were compared.

FRENCH CANADIAN -- CANADIEN-FRANCAIS

BEST, Henry
2-10
"Les étrangers au Canada sous le régime français".
Thèse de doctarat en histoire, Université Laval,
300-500 p. (en cours 1962).

FAUCHER, Albert
2-50
"Projet de recherche historique: l'émigration des Canadiens Français au XIX Siècle". Recherches
Sociographiques, Vol. II, no. 2, 1961, p. 243-245.

Analyse des principales bases de l'émigration
Canadienne-française au XIX siècle. Les sources de cette étude comprennent des journaux canadiens et franco-américains, des documents et archives publics et privés et des lettres inédites, etc.

DE JOCAS, Yves

"L'étude des migrations dans l'analyse régionale".

RecherchesSociographiques, Vol. II, no. 2, 1961,
p. 245-251.

Etude de l'inter-relation écologique de l'homme
et son milieu, fondée sur les migrations inter et
intra-régionales. Analyse de la qualité et de la
quantité de la population migratoire de sa situation
géographique originale ou éventuelle, des facteurs
expliquant ces mouvements, et des répercussions de
transfert de ces groupes sur les communautés
concernées.

GARIGUE, P.

"Organisation sociale et valeurs culturelles CanadiennesFrançaises". CJEPS, Vol. XXVIII, May 1962, p. 189-203.

Les deux premières parties consistent en une
analyse: premièrement, de la tradition culturelle de
la Nouvelle-France, et deuxièmement, des traditions
culturelles nées après la Conquête de 1760. La
troisième partie consiste en une analyse de la
conjoncture culturelle actuelle.

TUCKER, Sara (Jones)

Ethnic History of Early Canada: an Outline Prepared for the XVIth International Conference of the International Union Against Tuberculosis. Wolfville, N.S., Acadian University Institute, 1961, 7 p.

ESPE, H.

"Die geistige Situation Französich-Kanadas. The
Intellectual Situation of French Canada". Zeitschrift
Für Politik (Germany), Vol. VI, no. 1, 1959, p. 38-57.

(Continued).

(Continued).

A brief retrospective history shows that the survival of French-Canadians as a cultural elite is almost a miracle. However the very structure of this group faces difficulties as a result of sociological and economical revolution. Many reforms must be made in order to overcome the unquestionable intellectual crisis which is affecting French Canada.

GOSSELIN, Paul-Emile

L'empire français d'Amérique. Québec, Editions Ferland,

1963, 144 p.

Sur la population d'origine française en Amérique
du Nord.

DESMEULES, Jean

"Etude géographique et sociale de la population de Sainte-Foy en 1958". Maîtrise en géographie, Université Laval, 1958, 158 p.

Un bref résumé est publié dans la revue Canadienne de Géographie, Vol. XIII, nos. 3-4.

Etude démographique et géographique de Ste.-Foy, banlieue de Québec. L'auteur étudie la provenance de la population, les occupations, les migrations, le paysage domiciliaire et enfin la vie sociale avec ses principaux problèmes.

LaPIERRE, Laurier J.L.

"Politics, Race and Religion in French-Canada: Joseph Israel Tarte". Ph.D. Thesis (history), University of Toronto, 1962, 573 p.

As a journalist, editor, political organizer, member of the legislative assembly of Quebec and of Parliament, and Minister of the Gown, Joseph Israel Tarte was a conspicuous figure on the Canadian political scene from 1874 until 1902.

LABARRERE-PAULE, Andre
5-32 "Les instituteurs et institutrices laïques Catholiques au Canada-Français (1836-1900)". Doctorat en lettres, Université de Laval, 1961.

BRUNET, Michel
5-70

"French-Canadian Interpretations of Canadian History".

Canadian Forum, Vol. XLIV, April 1964, p. 5-7.

ULLMANN, Walter
"The Quebec Bishop and Confederation". Canadian
Historical Review, Vol. XLIV, September 1963, 5-70

It is difficult to appraise the position of Quebec's clergy on Confederation. Bishops Lafleche and Larocque were the best disposed to it and other bishops approved it. But Mgr. Bourfit "fought to the end" trying to stay silent as he could on the situation.

DAVENPORT, T.R.H. "Nationalism and Conciliation: The Bourassa-Hertzog 5-72 Posture". Canadian Historical Review, Vol. XLIV, no. 3, September 1963, p. 193-212.

A parallelism is made between Hertzog defending the rights of South Afrikaners and Henri Bourassa defending the rights of French-Canadians. Comparisons of their ideologies, their careers and their actions in their respective countries are made.

5-72

GARIGUE, Philippe

L'option politique du Canada Français. Editions du Lévrier, Montréal, 1963, 174 p.

Le but de l'auteur est de dégager le facteur prédominant de la conjoncture défavorable qui pèse sur le Canada Français depuis 1760 et de montrer comment s'y sont développées l'idée de la légitimité nationale et celle de la primauté de l'autonomie culturelle. L'option politique nécessaire serait un "nouveau fédéralisme binational".

OUELLET, F. 5-72 "Les fondements historiques de l'option séparatiste dans le Québec". Canadian Historical Review, Vol. XLIII, Septembre 1962, p. 185-203. Etude chronologique qui tente de définir les différents fondements historiques de l'option séparatiste des Canadiens-Français. L'auteur étudie les étapes importantes de ce mouvement tantôt

OUELLET, Fernand 5-72 "Les fondements historiques de l'option séparatiste dans le Québec". <u>Liberte</u>, Vol. IV, no. 21, Mars 1962, p. 90-112. (Continued).

séparatiste, tantôt autonomiste.

(Continued).

Selon l'auteur le nationalisme CanadienFrançais n'apparait qu'au début du XIX siècle, et
c'est toujours au sein d'une conjoncture économique
difficile que ce nationalisme débouche sur l'option
de l'indépendance.

FORTIN, Gérald
6-11 "Les changements socio-culturels dans une paroisse socio-agricole". Recherches Sociographiques, Vol. XI, Avril-Juin 1961, p. 151-170.

MacRAE, Christopher Frederick, ed.

6-13

French Canada Today: Report of the Mount Allison
Summer Institute. Sackville, N.B.: Mount Allison
University, 1961, 115 p.

KEYFITZ, Nathan

"L'exode rural dans la Province de Québec 1951-61".

Recherches Sociographiques, Vol. III, Sept-Déc 1962,
p. 303-315.

Après avoir constaté l'exode rural québécois
à partir des statistiques du recensement, l'auteur
explique cette situation non seulement par des
causes économiques, mais par "l'influence des idées
venues des villes" et en conclut que "l'accélération
marquée de cette tendance dans la Province de Québec
se révèle surtout dans l'accroissement de la population
des villes et plus particulièrement des grandes villes",
comme Montréal et sa banlieue.

TREMBLAY, M. and FORTIN, G.

Etude des conditions de vie, des besoins et des aspirations des familles salariées canadien-français.

Québec: Centre des Recherches Sociales de l'Université Laval, 3 vols. mimeographié, 1963.

GOSSELIN, Emile et TREMBLAY, M.A.

"Loomervale: un cas de désintégration sociale".

Recherches Sociographiques. Vol. III, Juillet-Sept 1960,

p. 309-342.

Les auteurs montrent les divers facteurs de désintégration de ce petit village (absence de sécurité économique, disparition de normes de comportement traditionnel, isolement de la population) mais aussi les facteurs qui retardent cette désintégration

LATREILLE, André et autres

Le Canada français aujourd'hui et demain. Paris:
Librairie A. Fayard, 1961, 197 p.
Recherches et débats du centre catholique des intellectuels français.

éventuelle.

GARIGUE, Philippe La vie familiale des Canadiens-Français. Montréal: Presses de l'Université de Montréal. Paris: Presses 6-31 universitaires de France, 1962, 143 p.

L'auteur pose l'hypothèse que l'industrialisation et l'urbanisation des Canadiens-Français, provenant de forces extérieures, ont causé de profondes tensions dans la culture traditionnelle Canadienne-Française

amenant ainsi des changements et des adaptations majeurs.

HENRIPIN, J. 6-31 "L'inégalité sociale devant la mort, la mortinatalité et la mortalité infantile à Montréal". Recherches Sociographiques, Vol. XI, Janv-Mars 1961, p. 3-34. Etude détaillée du taux de mortalité infantile à Montréal, qui prouve que les classes économiquement faibles ont un degré de mortalité infantile plus élevé que les classes économiquement fortes et que le taux est plus élevé chez les Canadiens-Français que chez les Canadiens-Anglais.

PIDDINGTON, Ralph
"French Canadian Kinship". International Journal of 6-31 Comparative Sociology, Vol. II, no. 1, March 1961, p. 3-22. The study focuses on the characteristics of French Canadian kinship in a community in which French Canadians are in a minority. Some suggestions as to the rôle of kinship in the survival of French Canadian culture in Manitoba are made.

ROCHER, Guy 6-31 "Les modèles et le statut de la femme canadiennefrançaise". Revue internationale des sciences sociales, Vol. XIV, no. 1, 1962, p. 132-139.

TREMBLAY, Marc-Adelard and FORTIN, Gérald 6-31 "Enquête sur les conditions de vie, les besoins et les aspirations des familles salariées canadiennesfrançaises". Recherches Sociographiques, Vol. IV, Janv.-Avril 1963, p. 9-46.

MICHAUD, Pierre "The Status of French Speaking High Schools in New Brunswick". M.Ed. Thesis, University of New Brunswick 6-32 (in progress).

BARNES, S.H.

"Quebec Catholicism and Social Change". Review of Politics, Vol. XXIII, no. 1, 1961, p. 52-76.

An examination of the Catholic response to social change in Quebec indicates its reaction to the transition to an urban industrialized society under optimal conditions, and the difficulties of combining the old and the new in the same institutions.

TAYLOR, N.W.

6-40

"L'industriel canadien-français et son milieu".

Recherches Sociographiques, Vol. XI, Avril-Juin 1961,
p. 135-151.

TAYLOR, N.W.

6-40

"French Canadians as Industrial Entrepreneurs".

The Journal of Political Economy, Vol. LXVII,
February 1960, p. 37-52.

ALLEN, Patrick
6-41
"Occupations et origines ethniques: analyse des occupations primaires et secondaires dans le Québec, 1931-51". L'Actualité Economique, Vol. XXXVIII, Avril-Juin 1962, p. 20-55.

Analyse des occupations primaires et secondaires dans la Province de Québec suivant les recensements et d'après les groupes ethniques. Cherche à mesurer la place occupée par les Canadiens-Français dans l'activité économique québécoise selon le recensement de 1951, d'abord, et par comparaison ensuite avec ce qu'elle était en 1941 et en 1931.

ALLEN, Patrick
6-41 "Occupations et origines ethniques: analyse des occupations tertiaires dans le Québec. L'Actualité
Economique, Vol. XXXVIII, Juillet-Sept 1962, p. 201-244.

FALARDEAU, Jean C.

"Le Canada Français vu de l'intérieur". Recherches
Sociographiques, Vol. II, no. 3-4, Juillet-Déc 1961,
p. 295-340.

Enquête portant d'abord sur les différentes phases du passé politique du Canada Français, puis sur la mentalité et les idéologies politiques sur notre structure politique et l'importance des tiers-partis. L'auteur élabore ensuite certaines perspectives de recherches futures.

ASSOCIATION CANADIENNE DES ÉDUCATEURS DE LANGUE FRANCAISE. CONGRÈS.

Avenir du Canada et culture française; travaux du XIVe congrés. Montréal: Centre de psychologie et de pédagogie, pour Editions l'ACELF, Québec, 1961, 176 p.

GARIGUE, Philippe

"The Social Evolution of Quebec: A Reply". CJEPS,
Vol. XXVII, no. 2, 1961, p. 257-260.

Ideas expressed by a number of sociologists
about French Canada are reviewed and it is pointed out
why certain hypothesis about folk characteristics
of the society are not valid. "The myth of peasant
culture" of French Canada as presented in various
studies is especially criticized.

HENRIPIN, Jacques

"Evolution de la composition ethnique et linguistique de la population Canadienne". Relations, Vol. XXI, no. 248, Aôut 1961, p. 207-209.

L'auteur étudie successivement l'homogénéité de la population Canadienne, les pôles d'attraction linguistiques, la proportion future au Canada de la population de langue maternelle française.

PARTINGTON, John

"Factors Related to the Interpersonal Attitudes of English and French Canadians". M.A. Thesis (Psychology), University of Western Ontario, May 1962, 76 p.

This study involved an examination of some of the

This study involved an examination of some of the factors influencing the interpersonal attitudes of English and French-speaking Canadians.

The analysis of data was carried out separately for each of five groups: English-speaking Protestants from Windsor and London; English-speaking Roman Catholics from London; English-speaking Roman Catholics from Montreal; French-speaking Roman Catholics from Montreal; and French-speaking Protestants from Montreal. In every case the variable of belief was found to be far more influential in determining the subjects' interpersonal attitude than was the variable of ethnic group membership.

6-72	BOULET, abbé Gilles Nationalisme et séparatisme, nationalisme ou séparatisme; conférence prononcée devant les membres de la Société Pierre-Boucher aux Trois-Rivières le 23 Janvier 1962. Trois-Rivières, Québec, Editions du Soc., Editions du Bien public 1962, 45 p.
6-72	BOURGAULT, Raymond "Le Nationalisme". Relations, Vol. CCLXXIX, Mars 1964, p. 68-70; Avril 1964, p. 101-102.
6-72	DE MAILLARD, Guillaume "Biculturalisme, bilinguisme et émancipation économique". Cité Libre, Vol. XV, Janvier 1964, p. 17-21.

- 6-72 ELKIN, F.

 "Biculturalism in Quebec". Social Worker, Vol. XXXII,
 January-February 1964, p. 13-23.
- GUAY, J.
 6-72 "Le Bilinguisme, un mystification". Cité Libre,
 Vol. XV, Mars 1964, p. 4-8.
- KEYFITZ, Nathan
 6-72 "Canadians and Canadiens". Queen's Quarterly, Vol. LXX,
 Summer 1963, p. 163-182.
- RUMILLY, Robert

 6-72

 Le problème national des Canadiens français. Montréal, Fides, 1962, c1961.
- SAINTE-BERTHE, s.g.c., Soeur
 6-72 "Le sentiment national dans la poésie canadiennefrançaise (1760-1838)". Thèse de Maîtrise, non publiée,
 Université d'Ottawa, 1961.
- SOCIETE SAINT-JEAN-BAPTISTE DE MONTREAL

 L'éducation nationale, suivie de l'enquête sur le problème national des Canadiens français du Québec.

 Montréal: Editions de l'action nationale, 1962, 179 p.

VALLIÈRES, Pierre
"Sommes-nous en révolution?" <u>Cité Libre</u>, Vol. XV,
Février 1964, p. 7-11.

HUGHES, E.C.

7-00

"Race Relations and the Sociological Imagination".

American Sociological Review, Vol. XXVIII,

December 1963, p. 879-890.

The author analyzes the intensification of race

The author analyzes the intensification of race relations in the modern world and specifically for two cases: the Negroes and the French Canadians. He draws comparisons and differences of the two groups. For him, in the future, there should be different kinds of sociologists: some sociologists who would bend their efforts for action on human activities, others who would make abstract models of society and those who would work on laboratory cases.

7-10 * SANOUILLET, Michel-Eugène

7-10 * Separatism and the Franco-Ontarians . Adapted from the French by Maurice Tremblay, Reprinted from Les Nouvelles françaises, Toronto: Librairie Française, 98 Gerrard St. West, Toronto 2, Ontario or Agence de Distribution Populaire, 1130 Lagauchetiere St. East, Montréal, Janv-June 1962, 28 p.

7-40

IRELAND, Ralph R.

"The Rôle of Economic Motivation in Ethnic Relations".

Sociology and Social Research, Vol. XLIII, no. 2,

November-December 1958, p. 119-126.

(Continued).

(Continued).

An attempt to examine French-English social relations in Quebec to see how the social and cultural heritage, the status and the economic rôle of the French Canadian have been modified through contact with the dominant English Canadian culture.

WADE, M. and FALARDEAU, J.C.

La Dualité Canadienne. Les Presses Universitaires
Laval, 454 p.
Etude des principaux aspects des deux grands
groupes culturels du Canada. Relations et influences
des deux groupes l'un sur l'autre. Les auteurs
veulent déterminer jusqu'à quel point, il y a
communication, adaptation, coopération, ou inversement,
conflit, friction, mésentente.

FRENCH ACADIAN -- ACADIEN

DUMAREAU, Pierre

"Evolution démographique de la population Acadienne du Nouveau Brunswick". Actualité Economique, Vol. XXXIX, Avril-Juin 1963, p. 62-77.

L'auteur analyse l'arrêt de l'évolution démographique acadienne constaté en 1961 en considérant, l'émigration accrue de la population acadienne, l'apport de population des autres provinces et l'immigration accrue des autres provinces.

- LeBLANC, Emery

 Les Acadiens. Montréal, Editions de l'homme, 1963,

 126 p.
- TREMBLAY, M.A.

 "L'Etat des recherches sur la culture acadienne".

 Recherches Sociographiques, Vol. III, no. 1-2,

 Janv.-Août 1962, p. 145-168.

GERMAN -- ALLEMAND

- SUTHERLAND, Maxwell

 "Case History of a Settlement". Dal R, Vol. XLI,
 Spring 1961, p. 65-74.

 Study of the settlement of Clement where
 German soldiers who had been hired by Great Britain
 during the American Revolution immigrated in the
 18th Century. The lack of communication and
 relations between English and Germans made the
 settlement a failure.
- PENNSYLVANIA FOLKLORE SOCIETY OF ONTARIO

 Canadian-German Folklore. Waterloo, Ontario,

 Vol. I, 1961, 144 p.
- INTERNATIONAL CATHOLIC MIGRATION COMMISSION
 "How Migrants Themselves see their Resettlement".

 Migration News, Vol. XIII, March-April 1964, p. 1-15.

 This general article contains a part where the author, Christel Barber, analyzes the co-operation of German women migrants in developing Canadian institutions.
- CROOKS, Wm. R.

 "The Effectiveness of Culture-Free Tests in Measuring the Intellectual Characteristics of German Immigrants in Canada". Published Ed.D. Thesis (Education and Guidance), Oregon State University, 1956.
- 8-31 GRADISH, Stephen

 "The German Mercenaries in Canada, 1776-1791".

 M.A. Thesis, Western Ontario, 1963.

MENNONITE -- MENNONITE

FRIESEN, Abraham

"Emigration in Mennonite History with Special Reference to the Conservative Mennonite Emigration from Canada to Mexico and South America after World War I". M.A. Thesis (Political Science), University of Manitoba, 1962.

EPP, Frank H.

Mennonite Exodus: The Rescue and Resettlement of the Russian Mennonites Since the Communist Revolution.
Altona, Manitoba: Published for Canadian Mennonite Relief and Immigration Council by D.W. Friesen, 1962, 571 p.
Emigration to North and South America Since 1917.

THIESSEN, Peter
6-51 "The Mennonites and Participation in Politics".
M.A. Thesis, Manitoba, 1963.

HOSTETLER, J.A.

"Folk and Scientific Medicine in Amish Society".

Human Organization, Vol. XXII, Winter 1963-64,

p. 269-275.

GROFF, Weyburn Woodrow
8-30
"Non-Violence: A Comparative Study of Mohandas K. Gandhi and the Mennonite Church on the Subject of Non-Violence".
Ph.D. Thesis (Religion), New York University, 1963, 256 p.
This study of Gandhi and the Mennonite Church philosophy on the subject of non-violence is to explain and illustrate the application of their respective doctrines in social and political conflict situations.

HUTTERITE -- HUTTERITE

RILEY, Marvin P.

The Hutterian Brethern: An Annotated Bibliography with Special Reference to Hutterite Colonies in South Dakota. South Dakota State College Experimental Station, Summer 1964, (in progress).

Classification of sources by topic with alphabetical listing of author's name.

Although emphasis is placed upon the South Dakota Hutterite, consideration is given to the Hutterian Brotherhood elsewhere in the United States, Canada and in other parts of the world

FRIEDMANN, Robert

5-ll

Hutterite Studies. Harold S. Bender, Goshen, Ind.,
Mennonite Historical Society, 1961. 338 p.

UKRAINIAN -- UKRAINIEN

RUDNYC'KYJ, J.B. and SOKULSKY, D.

Ukrainica Canadiana, 1961. Winnipeg: Ukrainian Free Academy of Sciences, 1962, Series: Bibliography
Nos. 8 and 9, 23 p.
Part 1: A selected Bibliography of Ukrainian books and pamphlets published in 1961 in or relating to Canada with supplementary listings for previous years.

Part 2: Ukrainian Canadian newspapers and periodicals initiated in 1961, with supplementary listings for previous years.

- 5-10

 YUZYK, Paul

 Wkrainian Settlement in Canada to 1914. University of Manitoba (in progress).
- MARUNCHAK, Michael Hryhor

 Among Ukrainian Pioneers of Alberta. Winnipeg:
 General Library, UKT, 1964, 88 p. (Title page and text
 in Ukrainian).
- KAYE-KYSILEVS'KYJ, Vladimir J.

 "Dr. Joseph Oleskow's Visit of Canada, August-October 1895". Revue de l'Université d'Ottawa, Vol. XXXII, January-March 1962, p. 30-44.

 Publication of the particulars and data of Dr. Oleskow's itinerary to Canada. Dr. Oleskow played an important rôle in helping to bring about immigration of Ukrainians to Canada at the end of the 19th Century.
- LUHOVY, Anthony
 "The Ukrainian Catholic Immigrants in Canada".

 Migration News, Vol. XI, September-October 1962, p. 1-6.

 Short history of the Ukrainian immigration in Canada from the religious point of view: the formation of Ukrainian Catholic institutions, the organizations, etc.
- UKRAINIAN CANADIAN COMMITTEE

 5-61

 On Language and Culture. Winnipeg, 1962, 10 p.

	UKRAINIAN NATIONAL YOUTH FEDERATION OF CANADA	1
5-62	The Ukrainian Folk Dance: A Symposium. Toronto, 196	و ــا
	58 leaves mimeographed.	

- WOYCENKO, Mrs. Olha
 The Annals of Ukrainian Life in Canada. Winnipeg:
 Trident Press Ltd., 1961, Vol. 1, 304 p. (Title page and text in Ukrainian).

 An objective excerpt of data dealing with all aspects of Ukrainian Canadian life in Canada in chronological order. Volume 1 covers the period from the arrival of the first settler in Canada, 1874 to 1918. Volume 2 -- the following years (in progress).
- WANGENHEIM, E.D.
 6-11 "The Ukrainian Community in Toronto". Ph.D. Thesis
 (Sociology), University of Toronto, (in progress 1961).
- DUBINSKI, Walter
 6-13 "History of Ukrainians in the Sudbury Basin". M.A.
 Thesis, Western Ontario, 1962.
- UKRAINIAN CATHOLIC COUNCIL OF CANADA.

 Congress of the Ukrainian Catholics of Canada, 7th.
 Yorkton, Saskatchewan: Redeemer's Voice Press, 1961,
 48 p. (Title in Ukrainian and English. Text partly
 in Ukrainian, partly in English).

 Program of congress held in Saskatoon,
 Saskatchewan, July 1-3, 1961.
- BILASH, Borislaw Nicholas
 6-61

 <u>Ukrainian With Ease, Part One.</u> Winnipeg: Curatorium
 of Ukrainian Schools, 1962, 148 p.
- LEWYCKYJ, Jurij-Myroslaw
 6-61
 "Les canadianismes lexicaux dans la langue des Ukrainiens de Montréal". Thèse de doctorat, non publiée,
 Université de Montréal, 1961.

MANDRYKA, M.I.

6-61

Ukrainian Canadian Literature (From Pioneer Days to the Present). Ukrainian Free Academy of Sciences, 200 p. (in progress).

An excerpt has been delivered at the Third Congress of the International Comparative Literature Association at Utrecht (The Netherlands) in August 1961. This work is planned to be a contribution to the Canadian Centenary as a research on the process of integration into Canadian social and cultural way of life of a large section of the Canadian population.

RUDNYC'KYJ, J.B.

6-61

An Etymological Dictionary of the Ukrainian Language.
Winnipeg: Ukrainian Free Academy of Sciences
(pts. 1-2) 96; 1962, p. 97-192.

YUZYK, Paul and EWACH, Honoré

Ukrainian Reader. Winnipeg: Ukrainian Canadian
Committee, 1960, 240 p.

Text book for junior high school.

7-40
BRYK, Alexander S.

Ukrainian-Jewish Relations. Winnipeg, 1961, 383 p.
(Title page and text in Ukrainian).

ITALIAN -- ITALIEN

VELIKONJA, Joseph

1-00

Italians in the United States (Bibliography). Carbondale,
Illinois: Department of Geography, Southern Illinois
University, May 1963, 90 p.

LOPREATO, Joseph
2-20
"Economic Development and Cultural Change. The Rôle of Emigration". Human Organization, Vol. XXI, no. 3, Fall 1962, p. 182-186.

Study of the socio-economic change brought to a peasant community characterized by la misera, by emigration. Study finds that substantial sums of foreign capital which is invested locally by the families of emigrants to buy cultural symbols of affluence provides the economic and psychological vitality to more fully enter the cultural process of the national society.

- 3-20

 "Migration to and From Italy in 1957, 1958 and 1959".

 Industry and Labour, p. 212-221.

 After an increase in 1956-1957, Italian emigration fell in 1958-1959. Canada has received the highest proportion of Italians emigrating to America.
- SIDLOFSKY, Samuel

 "Post-War Immigrants in the Changing Metropolis with Special Reference to Toronto's Italian Population". Ph.D. Thesis (Sociology), University of Toronto (in progress 1964).
- SURACE, Samuel J.
 6-42 "The Status Evolution of Italian Workers, 1860-1914".
 Ph.D. Thesis (Sociology), University of California,
 Berkeley, 1963.
- POGGI, Gianfranco and PADUA, A.B.
 6-50 "Italian-Catholic Action: A Case Study of a Sponsored Organization". Ph.D. Thesis (Sociology), University of California, Berkeley, 1963.
- MATTHEWS, Sister Marian Fabian
 7-40 "The Rôle of the School in the Integration of the
 Italian Immigrant Child". Ph.D. Thesis (Sociology),
 Fordham University (in progress 1963-64).
- 7-40 REES-POWELL, Alan Thomas
 Tipifferentials in the Integration Process of Dutch and Italian Immigrants in Edmonton. (for complete listing see under Dutch, p. 103).

DUTCH -- NEERLANDAIS

BEIJER, G., FRIJDA, N.H., HOFSTEDE, G.P. and WENTHOLT, R.

Characteristics of Overseas Migrants. Government
Printing and Publishing Office: The Hague, 1961, 319 p.

The four studies that make up this volume were
originally published separately in Dutch and now appear
together in translation. The findings are based on data
collected on 1,000 Dutch emigrants to Australia,
Canada, New Zealand, South Africa and U.S.A. in 1955-56.
The first three studies deal with motivations to emigrate;
the fourth examines the circumstances of emigrants overseas. The final section of the book consists of a
summing up by the editor who draws attention to the
importance of non-economic factors in explaining postwar emigration from Holland.

- FRIJDA, Dr. Nico H.

 2-20

 Motivations for Emigration -- A Comparative Study in the Netherlands. World Council of Churches, Migration Study, 17 route de Malagnou, Geneva, Switzerland, 1961, 7 p.
- HENDRIKS, Milton

 2-50

 "L'immigrant hollandais au sein de la confédération canadienne". Thèse de maîtrise, Université de Laval, 1963.
- NETHERLANDS CENTRAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS

 "Migration to and from Netherlands in 1960." Industry
 and Labour, Vol. XXV, no. 12, June 15, 1961, p. 395-398.

 Netherland's population registers show that
 the number of emigrants arose in 1960. More emigrants
 came to Canada in 1960 than in 1959.
- NETHERLANDS CENTRAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS

 "Migration to and from Netherlands in 1961."

 International Labour Review, Vol. LXXXVI, no. 2,
 August 1962, p. 180-184.

 The statistics show that immigration is higher than emigration, and the number of Dutch emigrating to Canada had decreased in 1961.
- VANDERHILL, B.G.

 "Pitt Polder: Dutch Enterprise on Canadian Soil".

 Can Geog J, Vol. LXV, September 1962, p. 94-99.

 Pitt Polder is a track of alluvial land on the north side of Fraser River Valley. It dates from 1949 and the arrival of a Dutch entrepreneur,

 Dr. Jan Blom, and it has become a big enterprise. As the author says, Pitt Polder is "a bit of Holland in Western Canada, a Dutch colony that wasn't meant to be".
- 7-40
 "Differentials in the Integration Process of Dutch and Italian Immigrants in Edmonton". M.S.W. Thesis, University of Alberta, May 1964.

 Sample of 156 Dutch and Italian immigrants.
 Attempt to analyze some of the different aspects of the adjustment of urban-located, non-British immigrants. Outline of the post-war Canadian immigration picture, paying particular attention to the immigrants in Alberta and the city of Edmonton. The author finds that the Dutch are more highly integrated than are the Italians.

REES-POWELL, Alan Thomas

SCANDINAVIAN -- SCANDINAVE

- VANDERHILL, B.G. and CHRISTENSEN, D.E.

 5-15 "Settlement of New Iceland". Association of American
 Geographers Annals, Vol. LIII, September 1963, p. 350-363.
- AGREN, Gösta

 6-00

 Emigrantresan. Helsingfors, Söderström, 1960, 141 p.
 Account of the author's trip across Canada,
 with special reference to British Columbia and
 Finnish Canadians. (Text in Swedish).
- RUTH, Roy Herbert
 6-32 "A History of Education of the Icelanders in Manitoba".
 M.Ed. Thesis, Manitoba, 1960.

POLISH -- POLONAIS

- HUBICZ, Edward

 Polish Churches in Manitoba. Winnipeg: Vatra, 1962,
 239 p.

 A history of the Polish Churches in Manitoba
 interwoven with facts about the people who built these
 churches. The rough sketch of Polish history attempts
 to throw some light on the events and circumstances
 which shaped the Polish character, while the preliminary
 observations about the Poles in Manitoba aim to give a
 few facts about the ethnic group which, without a leader
 or spokesman, has nonetheless preserved its individuality.
- PATTERSON, Sheila
 6-11 "The Post 1939 Polish Ethnic Group in Canada". Ph.D.
 Thesis (Sociology), London School of Economics, 1962.
- TUREK, Victor

 The Polish-Language Press in Canada; its History and a Bibliographical List. Toronto: Polish Alliance
 Press, 1962, 248 p.
 Significance and characteristics of the ethnic press in general, with particulars concerning the press published by immigrants in North America.

 (Continued).

(Continued).

Development of the Polish-language press in Canada against the background of publication activities of Poles in North America. The history of the Polish periodicals in Canada is described in two separate sections dealing with newspapers and magazines on one hand, and the "Little Press" (bulletins) on the other hand. Description of 118 titles which were published in Canada in the period 1904-1960. Bibliographical list of the titles reviewed. As an appendix; a bibliographical list of the Polish Canadiana publications, 1848-1957, constituting the second supplement to the author's Polonica Canadiana.

TUREK, Victor

6-61

Polonica Canadiana, 1848-1957. Canadian Polish
Congress, Polish Research Institute in Canada. Second
Supplement, reprinted from V. Turek: The PolishLanguage Press in Canada, Toronto, 1962, p. 217-229.

JOHNSTON, Ruth

7-20

"A New Approach to the Meaning of Assimilation".

Human Relations, Vol. XVI, no. 3, 1963, p. 279-298.

The author examines the meaning of assimilation in Australia with specific references to the degrees of subjective and external assimilation of certain Polish immigrants in that country.

JEWISH -- ISRAELITE

- 1-00 CANADIAN JEWISH LITERARY FOUNDATION

 Canadian Jewish Reference Book and Directory. Montreal:
 Jewish Institute of Higher Research, Central Rabbinical
 Seminary of Canada, 1963, 415 p.
- ROME, David

 1-00

 Rome, David

 Jews in Canadian Literature. Canadian Jewish Congress and Jewish Public Library, 1962, 235 p.
- LAPPIN, Ben

 2-30

 The Redeemed Children: The Story of the Rescue of War Orphans by the Jewish Community of Canada. Toronto: University of Toronto Press, 1963, 178 p.

2-50	KAGE, Joseph With Faith and Thanksgiving: The Story of Two Hundred Years of Jewish Immigration and Immigrant Aid Effort in Canada (1760-1960). Forward by Lavy M. Becker. Montreal: Montreal Eagle Publishing Co., 1962, 288 p.
3-50	ROSENBERG, Louis Changes in Intended Occupations of Jewish Immigrants to Canada in the Periods Prior to World War II and after World War II. Canadian Jewish Population Studies, Canadian Jewish Congress, (in progress 1963).
4-00	ROSENBERG, Louis Changes in the Geographical Distribution of Jews in Canada, 1951-1961. Canadian Jewish Population Studies (in progress).
4-10	ROSENBERG, Louis Ethnic Pattern, Conjugal Condition, Place of Birth, Language and Mother Tongue and Education of the Jewish Community of Montreal. Canadian Jewish Congress, 1956, 58 p.
4-10	ROSENBERG, Louis Gazetteer of Jewish Communities in Canada, Showing Jewish Population in the Cities, Towns and Villages of Canada, 1851-1951. Canadian Jewish Congress, 1957, 46 p.
4-10	ROSENBERG, Louis A Study of the Growth and Changes in the Distribution of the Jewish Population of Winnipeg, 1961. Montreal, Bureau of Social and Economic Research, Canadian Jewish Congress, 1963, 24 leaves mimeographed.
5-10	ROSENBERG, Louis "Some Aspects of the Historical Development of the Canadian Jewish Community". Publication of the American Jewish Historical Society, Vol. L, no. 2, 1960, 22 p.
5-13	FIGLER, Bernard Hannaniah Meir Caiserman; a biography by Bernard Figler and David Rome. Montreal: Northern Printing and

LaPIERRE, Laurier J.L.
"Politics, Race and Religion in French-Canada: Joseph Israel Tarte". (for complete listing see under French Canadian, p. 88).

5-14

- CANADIAN JEWISH CONGRESS

 Research Papers. Montreal: Bureau of Social and Economic Research, 493 Sherbrooke St. West, 1956.

 Jewish children in the Protestant schools of Greater Montreal in the period 1878-1962; a statistical study by L. Rosenberg.
- ROSENBERG, Louis
 6-10 "Two Centuries of Jewish Life in Canada, 1760-1960".

 American Jewish Year Book, Vol. LXII, 1961, 22 p.
- JEWISH EDUCATION COMMITTEE OF NEW YORK

 The Story of Canadian Jewry; a Special Issue.

 New York: 1963, issued as vol. XXV, no. 6, Dec. 20, 1963, 15 p.

ROSENBERG, Louis

- 6-30 CONFERENCE ON INTERMARRIAGE AND JEWISH LIFE, NEW YORK, 1960.

 Intermarriage and Jewish Life: A Symposium. New York:
 Herzl Press and Jewish Reconstructionist Press, 1963,
 212 p.
- "Intermarriage Among Jews in Canada 1921-1960".
 Chapter in book on Intermarriage Among Jews. New York:
 Herzl Press, December 1962, 30 p.
 To ascertain rate of intermarriage for Jewish
 men and Jewish women in Canada as compared with rate
 of intermarriage for Catholics and Protestants, to
 ascertain trend to marked increase in the quinquennial
 periods from 1946 to 1960, and to ascertain differing
 rates of increase in intermarriage for Jews in the
 various provinces. Also to ascertain the extent to
 which Jews who do intermarry with persons of non-Jewish
 religion, marry with the Catholic and the major
 Protestant denominations.
- BLOOM, W.Z.

 "Contribution of Congregational Organizations to the Education of Jewish Youth". M.E.S. Thesis, Bishop's University (in progress).
- CANADIAN JEWISH CONGRESS

 Brief Submitted to the Royal Commission of Inquiry on Education. Montreal: Canadian Jewish Congress,
 493 Sherbrooke St. West, Montreal, 1962, 21 leaves mimeographed.

- 7ETNIKOFF, Stanley
 Report and Results of Montreal Jewish Opinion Poll, by
 David M. Homa. Brief submitted to the Quebec Royal
 Commission on Education. Montreal: Montreal Research
 Foundation, 1962; Author, Suite 285, 265 Craig St.
 West, Montreal, 4 leaves attached (mimeographed).
- YETNIKOFF, Stanley
 6-32

 Jewish Education in Quebec: A Recommended Solution.
 Montreal: P.O. Box 1073, Place D'Armes, 1963, 24 p.
- 6-41

 ROSENBERG, Louis

 Occupational Distribution and Trends Among Jewish Population of Canada, 1921-1961. Canadian Jewish Population Studies, (in progress 1963).

 Comparative analysis of occupational distribution of Jewish population in Canada and its provinces as compared with that of the population of several of the main ethnic groups in Canada, and the changes in the occupational distribution which have taken place in the period of 40 years from 1921 to 1961.
- 6-71

 "Stereotyping and Negro-Jewish Stereotypes". Social
 Forces, Vol. XLI, no. 2, December 1962, p. 171-176.

 Student respondents were asked to sort statements of a generally misanthropic nature into one of four categories indicating that the statement was in their opinion primarily applicable to Negroes, to Jews, to both or to neither. A distinctive, mutually exclusive, and highly consensual pattern of Negro and Jewish stereotypes emerges. While the content and assignment of stereotypes is selective, the generality of stereotyping is displayed in the willingness of respondents to stereotype and the association between the number of different stereotypes endorsed. The data thus provide evidence for both the generality of stereotyping and the specificity of stereotype assignment.
- METZGER, Leonard Paul
 "A Factorial Study of Attitudes Toward Jews". Ph.D.
 Thesis (Sociology), University of Wisconsin, 1962, 163 p.
 The assumption that attitudes toward a particular group are highly generalized has been characteristic of most research on anti-Semitism. Examination of the extent to which attitudes towards Jews could be organized along a single dimension was the primary concern of this study. Substantive findings with respect to correlates of attitudes toward Jews were essentially negative.

ANISFELD, Moshe, MUNOZ, S.R. and LAMBERT, W.E.

"The Structure and Dynamics of the Ethnic Attitudes of Jewish Adolescents". J Ab Soc Psych, Vol. LXVI, no. 1, 1963, p. 31-66.

A factorial analysis was carried out on a variety of measures obtained from 100 Jewish high school students in Montreal. A general factor, composed of negative attitudes to Jews and to gentile, and hostile disposition to people and verbal aggression against non-conformists, was isolated.

7-00

KAYFETZ, Ben

Immigrant Reaction as Reflected in Jewish Literature.

A paper delivered to the Second Ontario Conference on Inter-group Relations, Port Elgin, Ontario, August 30, 1962, 11 p.

T-30

LEHRER, Leibush

"Problems of the Jewish Ethnic Character". Yivo Annu,

Jewish Soc. Sci., Vol. XII, 1958-1959, p. 36-69.

Preliminary discussion of the concept of

"national character". Detailed discussion of the

effects upon personality of changes in culture as

exemplified in the contrast between traditional East

European Jewish cultural patterns and those of modern

American Jewish life in the areas of: values,

education, leadership, intermarriage, leisure-time

activities and identification.

HUNGARIAN --- HONGROIS

KOSA, John
6-51

Personality Characteristics and Political Attitudes of
Anti-Communist Hungarian Refugees in Canada

Anti-Communist Hungarian Refugees in Canada.
University of North Caroline Press (in progress).

Study uses a projective psychological technique to explore the non-rationalized attitudes of a group of Hungarian refugees to Communism. Findings suggest that personality characteristics represent important factors in the formation of political attitudes among the citizens of Communist countries. Generally speaking, the extroprimitive personality type is more likely than the introprimitive to reject the Communist system overtly and become a political refugee. The refugee is characterized by specific personality factors which distinguish him from his fellow country men under communist domination. These personality factors have a great part in his decision to escape and in the public rôle that he plays in Canada.

GLEITMAN, Henry and GREENBAUM, Joseph T.
"Attitudes and Personality Patterns of Hungarian 6-70 Refugees". Pub Opin Q, Vol. XXV, no. 3, Fall 1961,

p. 351-365.

A questionnaire studied 140 male Hungarian refugees now in the U.S. to determine their attitudes, actions and personality patterns. attempt was made to discover the inter-relationship, both within and among the following variables:

(1) major demographic and sociological variables, i.e. age, education, residence and religion:

(2) revolutionary participation:

(3) political attitudes.

WIPPER, A. 6-71 "Response to Revolution Among Hungarian Canadians: A Study of Organizational Conflict". Reprinted from Berkeley Journal of Sociology, Spring 1961, Vol. VI,

no. 1, 24 p.

The emotion-charged intentions of the Hungarian

The emotion-charged intentions of the Hungarian Canadians in support of the Hungarian Revolution were frustrated by their qualities as an ethnic group and not an ethnic colony. Lacking a firm institutional structure and harbouring conflict, the Hungarian Canadians were only initially united by the crisis situation. In seeking to impose organization the Red Cross and other institutions risked the alienation of the Hungarian Canadians. The actual arrival of the refugees provided a new function, and a new channelling of energies and enthusiasms.

RICHARD, Mireille 7-20 "L'oeuvre des réfugiés hongrois et l'adaptation à Montréal d'un groupe de réfugiés hongrois". Maîtrise en bien-être social, Université de Montréal, 1961.

HEAD. Violet Beryl 7-40 "Personality and Acculturation of Hungarian Refugees". Ph.D. Thesis in Human Development, University of Chicago, (in progress).

RUSSIAN -- RUSSE

DOUKHOBOR -- DOUKHOBOR

LALIBERTÉ, Raymond G. 5-10 "Origines Idéologiques des Doukhobors au Canada". Thèse de Maîtrise en sociologie, Université de Montréal, 1962.

STOOCHNOFF, John P.

5-10

Doukhobors as They Are. Grand Forks, B.C.: Iskra
Press, 1961, 102 p.

History of the Doukhobors. The sources of
their immigration to Canada, their religious beliefs
and their way of life.

TARASOFF, Koozma J.

In Search of Brotherhood: the History of the Doukhobors. Vancouver, British Columbia, 1963, 3 vols., 1006 p.

The author traces the origin of the Doukhobors, the birth of this movement, why they moved, and where they went, how they live.

JOHNSON, F. Henry
5-12 "The Doukhobors of British Columbia". Queen's Quarterly,
Vol. LXX, Winter 1964, p. 528-541.
The history of a sectarian problem in education.

0'NEAIL, Mrs. Hazel Irene

Doukhobor Daze. Sidney, B.C.: Gray's Pub., 1962,

143 p.

A teacher's reminiscences of her experiences in the Doukhobor settlement of Brilliant, B.C.

OTHER EUROPEAN -- AUTRES GROUPES EUROPEENS

BELGIAN -- BELGE

BELGIAN NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS

"Migration to and from Belgium in 1959."

Industry and
Labour, Vol. XXV, no. 7, April 1961, p. 209-212.

Statistics show that emigration from Belgium
decreased in the year 1959. Canada has received only
a small proportion of those emigrants.

CROATIAN -- CROATE

PAVESKOVIC, Nedo
6-10 "The Croats in Canada". Unpublished M.A. Thesis (Sociology),
Université de Montréal, 1961.

TIMMEL, Margaret M.
6-31 "A Croatian Peasant Wedding". Unpublished M.A. Thesis (Sociology), Université de Montréal, 1961.

GREEK -- GREC

EMILIANOS, Bishop of Meloa

2-20

The Greek Orthodox Church and the Problem of Migration.
World Council of Churches, Migration Study, 17 route
de Malagnou, Geneva, Switzerland, 1961, 22 p.

NATIONAL STATISTICAL SERVICE OF GREECE

"Emigration from Greece in 1960."

Labour, Vol. XXVI, no. 9, November 1961, p. 330-332.

The number of emigrants from Greece rose in 1960.

Canada is one of the important countries of immigration for Greeks.

NATIONAL STATISTICAL SERVICE OF GREECE

"Emigration from Greece in 1961." International
Labour Review, Vol. LXXXVI, no. 5, November 1962,
p. 488-491.

Statistics show that emigration from Greece in
1961 was 23.2% higher than in 1960. But the number
of Greeks emigrating to Canada decreased from 9.8 to
7.4%.

NATIONAL STATISTICAL SERVICE OF GREECE

"Emigration from Greece in 1962." International
Labour Review, Vol. LXXXVIII, no. 5, November 1963,
p. 518-521.

Statistics show that emigration from Greece
continued its upward trend and that the proportion of
immigrants to European countries is higher than other
parts of the world. The proportion of Greek
immigrants in Canada had continued to decrease in 1962.

ALEXIADE, Helen

"A Comparative Study of the Behaviour of Children of Greek Immigrant Parents and those of Canadian-born Parents". Unpublished M.S.W. Thesis, University of Toronto, 1962, 125 p.

Interviews of 24 boys, half from Greek and half from Canadian homes. Unlike their counterparts the Greek boys felt they were heavily burdened with chores. (Continued).

(Continued).

The Greek boys had fewer club memberships and hobbies, and were oftener alone with their recreational activities. Among their contemporaries, the Greek boys tended to be individualistic, the Canadian to conform more to group pressure.

LAFLAMME, Katharyn Jefferies
6-31 "The Rôle of the Family During the Beginning Adjustment Process of a Group of Greek Nationals Immigrating to Canada from Iron Curtain Countries". M.S.W. Thesis,

University of Toronto, 1957.

In 1954 the first of 180 Greek nationals repatriated were reunited with their families. The author studies the personal relationships, divergence between immigrants, high aspirations and sponsors' plans, the formidable competition for jobs outside the ethnic community and the difficulty of working towards independence and learning English too.

THEODORATUS, Robert James
"The Influence of the Homeland on the Social Organization of a Greek Community in America". Ph.D. Thesis,
(Anthropology), University of Washington, 1961.

For the Greek immigrants the motivations for coming to America and the ties that they have maintained with their homeland have had a greater influence on the social organization of each community than has been true for most other immigrant groups. Sociological, psychological and cultural ties have continued to link them to their homeland and have been influential in the formation and maintenance of various institutions, social divisions, factions, modes of thought, values, and patterns of social interaction.

MALTESE -- MALTAIS

7-00

SNYDER, Sally
6-10
A Socio-Cultural Study of Overseas and American Maltese
Merrill-Palmer Institute (in progress).

The aim of this project is to institute an interdisciplinary team research and training program in the
areas of family life, enculturation, ethnopsychology,
and community organization of a stable, homogeneous,
and isolated population -- the people of the Maltese
Islands; and of the same population removed to changing,
mobile, and mixed urban settings in North America.
The program is designed to produce a combined study of
(Continued).

(Continued).

national character and culture change, using the
Maltese as a sample, by which we may ultimately
reconstruct a basic "insular character" for
peoples; 1) whose histories have been characterized
by intimate contact with a series of alien cultures
through invasions, occupations and periods of
domination under foreign rule; 2) who, nevertheless,
display great integrity in national identity and have
preserved a culture identified by them, their
neighbours, and their rulers, as being uniquely their
own; and 3) who, when transplanted to foreign soil,
willingly relinquish this identity to assume that of
their host.

SLAVIC (Other) -- SLAVE (Autre)

- RUDNYC'KYJ, J.B., ed.

 1-00

 Slavica Canadiana A.D. 1960. Winnipeg: Ukrainian Free Academy of Sciences, 1961.
- ZYLA, Wolodymyr T.

 6-10

 Contribution to the History of Ukrainian and other
 Slavic Studies in Canada: Department of Slavic Studies,
 University of Manitoba, 1949-1959. Winnipeg: Ukrainian
 Free Academy of Sciences, 1961, 96 p. (Title page and text in Ukrainian).
- 6-11 CULEN, Constantine
 Slovaks in Slovakia and Canada. Toronto: Canadian
 Slovak League, 1955, 64 p.
- VEIDEMANIS, Juris
 6-20 "Social Change: Major Value Systems of Latvians at Home, as Refugees and as Immigrants". Ph.D. Thesis (Sociology), University of Wisconsin, Vols. I-II, 1961, 769 p.
- KLYMASZ, Robert
 6-61 "Canadianization of Slavic Surnames". M.A. Thesis
 (Linguistics), University of Manitoba, 1960.
 A study in language contact.

6-61

LUCKYJ, G.S.N., ed.

Canadian Slavonic Papers, V. Toronto: University of Toronto Press in co-operation with the University of British Columbia for the Canadian Association of Slavists, 1961, 142 p.

6-61

UKRAINIAN FREE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES

Onomastica. Winnipeg: appears twice a year.

A topo- and anthroponymic series in America relating to research of place and personal names.

UKRAINIAN FREE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES

Slavistica. Winnipeg: appears three times a year.

A series relating to Slavic languages,
literatures, cultures, ethnography, archeology etc.,
with special attention to the problems of Eastern
Slavic World.

SPANISH -- ESPAGNOL

MARTINEZ CACHERO, Louis A.

2-00

"Economic and Social Repercussions of Spanish
Emigration to Countries Overseas". Migration, Vol. XI,
no. 2, April-June 1962, p. 35-48.

SWISS -- SUISSE

SWISS FEDERAL OFFICE OF INDUSTRY, ARTS AND CRAFTS, AND LABOUR

3-20
"Migration to and from Switzerland in 1959 and 1960".

Industry and Labour, Vol. XXVI, no. 10, November 15, 1961, p. 369-374.

There was an increase of emigration in 1960 in comparison with 1959. Only a small proportion came to Canada.

SWISS FEDERAL OFFICE OF INDUSTRY, ARTS AND CRAFTS, AND LABOUR

national Labour Review, Vol. LXXXVI, no. 3, September 1962, p. 276-283.

Swiss statistics show the rate of immigration of Switzerland inhabitants to Canada.

"Migration to and from Switzerland in 1961."

3-20

APPENDIX A APPENDICE A

Author Index Index des auteurs

with page reference avec renvois aux pages

- A -

AGREN, G. 104

ALEXIADE, H. 112

ALFORD, R.A. 31

ALIVISATOS, H.S. 1

BRETON, P. E. 58

BROWN, L. B. 3

BRUNET, M. 88

BRYK, A.S. 101

BUCK, R.M. 59

BUCKLEY, H. 67

BUGELSKI, B.R. 38

ANDERSON, A.F. 1

BURFORD, R.L. 16

ANISFELD, M. 25, 109

APPLEYARD. R.T. 4

BYRNE. D. 47 AGREN, G. 104
ALEXIADE, H. 112
ALFORD, R.A. 31
ALIVISATOS, H.S. 1
ALLEN, P. 92 AMERICAN COUNCIL FOR ANDERSON, A.F. 1
ANISFELD, M. 25, 109
APPLEYARD, R.T. 4
ARES, R. 26, 34 ASSOCIATION CANADIENNE DES EDUCATEURS DE LANGUE FRANCAISE 93

- B -

BAGU, S. 46
BAKER, W.B. 23
BALIKCI, A. 65, 66
BANTON, M. 38
BARNES, S.H. 92
BEAUDOIN, M. 55
BEHRINGER, R.D. 46, 51
BEIJER, G. 15, 102
BELGIAN NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS 111 BELL, R.A. 32
BELTRAMONE, A. 16
BENNET, M.T. 1
BERGER, M. 1
BERKHOFER, R.F. 71
BESHERS, J. 4 BESHERS, J. 4
BEST, H. 86
BIE, P. 42
BIGGAR, J. 24
BILASH, B.N. 34, 100
BIRNET, M. 47
BLADEN, V.W. 19
BLALOCK, H.M. 28
BLOOM, W.Z. 107
BORRIE, W.D. 16
BOTIJA, P. 5
BOULET, G. 94
BOURGAULT, R. 94
BOURGAULT, R. 94
BOUSCAREN, A. 9, 79
BRANT, M.J. 69
BRASSER, T. 59

BYRNE, D. 47

- C -

CAMU, P. 16 CANADA-JAPAN TRADE COUNCIL 82, 84 CANADIAN ASSOCIATION FOR ADULT EDUCATION 10 CANADIAN BROADCASTING CORPORATION 63 CANADIAN CITIZENSHIP COUNCIL 10 CANADIAN INSTITUTE ON PUBLIC AFFAIRS 11 CANADIAN JEWISH CONGRESS 107 CANADIAN JEWISH LITERARY FOUNDATION 105 CANADIAN RESEARCH CENTRE FOR ANTHROPOLOGY, The 64 CANADIAN WELFARE COUNCIL 21, 31
CARD, B.Y. 72
CARLSEN, S.C. 5
CATALDI, A. 7
CATTON, W. R. 47
CHALMERS, J. 69
CHANCE, N. 68
CHANDLER, D. B. 19
CHRISTENSEN, D. E. 104
CHURCHER, C. S. 59
CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION,
Department of 5, 8, 11, 15, 17,
21, 23, 24, 28, 29, 35, 45, 52,
56, 60, 63, 65, 70
CLARK, A. 80
CLARK, S. D. 22
CLUTE, R. E. 12
COHEN, Y. A. 52
COLCORD, F. 19
COLEMAN, Sister Bernard 61
COMITAS, L. 18 CANADIAN WELFARE COUNCIL 21, 31

CONFERENCE ON INTERMARRIAGE
AND JEWISH LIFE 107
CONGRES INTERNATIONAL DE LA
POPULATION, Le 20
CONNOR, D. M. 5
CONSEIL CANADIEN DU CIVISME 38
CORBETT, D. 5
COWAN, H. I. 85
COWGILL, D. 0. 1
CROOKS, W. R. 97
CULEN, C. 114

- D -

DARIC, J. 86
DAVENPORT, T. R. H. 89
DAVEY, R.F. 70
DAVIDSON, G. F. 76
DAVISON, R.B. 80
DEAN, C. 86
DE GONZALEZ, N. L. S. 25
DEIGHTON, H. S. 38
DE JOCAS, Y. 87
DE MAILLARD, G. 94
DERBYSHIRE, E. 29
DESMEULES, J. 88
DE WILMARS, C. M. 38
DILLING, H. J. 70
DOMINEDO, F. M. 2
DUBINSKI, W. 100
DUFF, W. 58
DUMAREAU, P. 96
DUNNING, R. W. 75, 78
DUNSTAN, W. 62

- E -

ECK, M. 52
ECKERSON, H. F. 5
ECONOMICS AND DEVELOPMENT,
Ontario Department of 79
EDMONTON WELFARE COUNCIL, 32
EHRLICH, H. I. 81, 108
ELKIN, F. 25, 94
EMILIANOS, Bishop of Meloa 112
ENKE, S. 17
EPP, F. H. 98
EPSTEIN, C. 47
ESPE, H. 87
EVANS, M. 70

EWACH, H. 101 EXTERNAL AFFAIRS, Department of 8

- F -

FALARDEAU, J. C. 92, 96
FARRAR, F. A. 9
FAUCHER, A. 87
FAVREAU, G. 8, 11
FEDERAL BUREAU OF CENSUS AND STATISTICS 15
FIGLER, B. 106
FILLENBAUM, S. 35
FISHER, J. L. 12
FLASHBERGER, E. 39
FORTIN, G. 90, 91
FRASER, A. M. 56
FRASER, W. B. 58
FREILICH, M. 58
FREILICH, M. 58
FRENCH, C. L. 72
FREUDENBER, A. 6
FRIED, J. 64
FRIEDMANN, R. 98
FRIESEN, A. 97
FRIJDA, N. H. 102, 103

- G -

GAMO, M. 83
GARIGUE, P. 87, 89, 91, 93
GARNER, R.C. 35
GASSER, E. S. 36
GAY, R. 3
GERMAIN, C. 19
GINI, C. 6
GLEITMAN, H. 110
GOFF, R. M. 43
GOLDSTEIN, R. A. 60
GOODCHILDS, J. E. 51
GORDON, J. H. 67
GORDON, M. 43
GOSSELIN, P. E. 88, 90
GRADISH, S. 97
GREENBAUM, J. T. 110
GREENBERG, H. M. 39
GRIFFIN, J. B. 56
GRIGG, C. M. 81
GROUPE DE RECHERCHES SOCIALES INC. 3
GUAY, J. 94

GUILLET, E. C. 10 GUNTHER, E. 61

- H -

HALE, H. E. 61
HAMILTON, C. H. 17
HATFIELD, L. F. 26
HEAD, V. B. 110
HEIDE, H. 17
HEINRICH, A. 59
HELM, J. 62
HENDRIKS, M. 103
HENRIPIN, J. 18, 23, 91, 93 HENRIPIN, J. 18, 23, 91,
HICKERSON, H. 56, 74
HILL, D. G. 80
HIRABAYASHI, G. K. 72
HISTORICAL AND SCIENTIFIC
SOCIETY OF MANITOBA 55
HLADY, W. M. 55
HODGSON, R.C. 35
HOFSTEDE, G. P. 102
HOLMES, A. 72
HONER, S. M. 32
HONG, S. C. 47
HONIGMANN, J. J. 76
HOSTETLER, J. A. 98
HOUSTON, R. L. 84
HOVLAND, C. 41
HOYT, E. 47
HUBICZ, E. 104
HUCK, M. G. 20
HUGHES, C. C. 67, 68
HUGHES, E. C. 95

- I -

IANNI, F. A. 45 INDIAN AND ESKIMO WELFARE COMMISSION 63
INDIAN-ESKIMO ASSOCIATION
OF CANADA 74
INDUSTRIE ET COMMERCE, Québec Ministère de 12 INGSTAD, H. 57 INSTRUCTION PUBLIQUE, Québec Département de 21 INTERGOVERNMENTAL COMMITTEE FOR EUROPEAN MIGRATION 15 INTERNATIONAL CATHOLIC MIGRATION COMMISSION 8, 12, LABOUR, Department of 1, 16 28, 97

INTERNATIONAL LABOUR ORGANIZATION 6
IRELAND, R. R. 95
IRISH CENTRAL STATISTICS OFFICE 85 ISARD, W. 17 ITALIAN CENTRAL STATISTICAL INSTITUTE 102

- J -

JAHODA, M. 43
JAMES, A. 29
JAMIESON, S. 73
JAYEWARDENE, C. H. S. 55
JENNESS, D. 62
JEWISH EDUCATION COMMITTEE JEWISH EDUCATION COR OF NEW YORK 107 JOHNSON, F. H. 111 JOHNSTON, H. J. 10 JOHNSTON, J. 59 JOHNSTON, R. 105 JONES, R. J. 48 JURY, E. M. 57, 65 JURY, W. 57

- K -

KAGE, J. 6, 11, 39, 106

KARIEL, H. G. 7

KASAHARA, Y. 18

KAYE-KYSILEVS'KYJ, V. 31, 99

KAYFETZ, B. 109

KEIM, C. J. 61

KENYON, W. A. 59, 60

KEYFITZ, N. 18, 90, 94

KILLIAN, L. M. 81

KIRCHNER, W. 10

KIRKCONNELL, W. 34

KIRKHART, R. 0. 48

KLINEBERG, 0. 32, 82

KLUCKHOHN, C. 45

KLYMASZ, R. 114

KOSA, J. 109

KRICHEFSKY, G. 15

KUNG, S. W. 82 KUNG, S. W. 82

- L -

LABARRERE-PAULE, A. 88

LABRECQUE, M. P. 7 LAFLAMME, K. J. 113 LALIBERTE, R. G. 110 LAMBERT, W. E. 25, 35, 48, LAMBERT, W. E. 25, 35, 4
86, 109
LANGROD, W. 6
LAPIERRE, L.J.L. 88
LAPPIN, B. 105
LATREILLE, A. 90
LAVIOLETTE, F.E. 67
LeBLANC, E. 96
LECLAIR, E. E. 23
LEE, D. T. H. 83
LEE, J. 0. 85
LEFCOURT, H. M. 82
LEHRER, L. 109
LEMIEUX, M. 54
LETTAU, K. 44
LEVESQUE, R. 29
LEVINSON, C. 30
LEWYCKYJ, J. M. 100
LIEBERSON, S. 10, 39
LIEBOW, E. 65
LINTON, T. E. 33
LISTWAN, I. A. 52, 53
LOCKLIN, G. R. 70
LOPREATO, J. 101
LOWENTHALL, D. 18
LUCKYJ, G.S.N. 115
LUHOVY, A. 99
LYNE, D.C. 86 86, 109

- M -

MacARTHUR, R. S. 26
MacDONALD, J.S. 48
MacDONALD, L.D. 48
MacLEOD, J. 70
MacRAE, C.F. 90
MAILHIOT, B. 40
MALZBERG, B. 53
MANDRYKA, M. I. 101
MARROW, A. J. 43
MARSDEN, Mrs. B. 37
MARSDEN, N. 2
MARSHALL, B.D. 72
MARSHALL, R. 30
MARSHALL, R. 30
MARSHALL, T. H. 11
MARTIN, J. G. 35
MARTINEZ CACHERO, L. A. 115
MARUNCHAK, M. H. 99

MASON, P. 40
MASSY, Mrs. P. 69
MATTHEWS, Sister M.F. 102
MELDGAARD, J. 60
MELLING, J. 74
MENGES, L. J. 7
METZGER, L. P. 108
MEZEY, A. G. 53
MICHAUD, P. 91
MILLER, F.C. 75
MILLETT, D.R. 83
MILNOR, A. J. 32
MINGHI, J. V. 79
MOL, H. 27 MINGHI, J. V. 79
MOL, H. 27
MOL, J. 40
MOLES, R. 21
MONTGOMERY, M. 74
MORRIS, R. N. 49
MUNOZ, S. R. 109
MURPHY, H.B.M. 54

- Mc -

McBEAN, A.B. 26 McDOUGALL, D. M. 2 McFEAT, T.F.S. 61, 67 McFEE, M. 62 McGILP, J.G. 74 McMASTER UNIVERSITY 22

- N -

NAGEL, S.S. 35 NAGLE, R. 22 NASH, D. 37 NATIONAL STATISTICAL SERVICE OF GREECE 112 NETHERLANDS CENTRAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS 103 NETT, E. M. 36
NETTER, F. 30
NISHIURA, E. N. 4
NORMAN, A.C. 81
NORTHERN AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL RESOURCES, Department of 23, 43, 58, 60, 63, 65, 68, 69, 71, 73, 76, 78

OLSON. D.R. 26

O'NEAIL, Mrs. H. I. 111
ONTARIO CONFERENCE ON
INTEGRATION 49
ORLIKOW, D. 8
OSGOOD, C. 77
OSWALT, W. H. 75
OUELLET, F. 89

- P -

PADUA, A. B. 102
PALISI, B. J. 31
PARIZEAU, J. 28
PARKER, S. 61, 77
PARTINGTON, J. 93
PATTERSON, E. P. 59
PATTERSON, S. 104
PAVESKOVIC, N. 111
PEACOCK, K. 35
PENNSYLVANIA FOLKLORE SOCIETY
OF ONTARIO 97
PEROTTI, A. 21
PERRY, J. 17
PETTISS, S. T. 84
PHOTIADIS, J. B. 24
PIDDINGTON, R. 91
PIDDOCKE, S. M. 75
PINKNEY, A. 43, 44
PLANNING BOARD, City of
Toronto 20
PLANT, W. T. 36
POGGI, G. 102
PORAYKO, O. 78
POTTER, H. H. 80
PRICE, C.A. 3, 12, 27, 41
PROCTER, H. 72
PROVINCIAL MUSEUM OF NATURAL
HISTORY AND ANTHROPOLOGY 55
PROVINCIAL SECRETARY AND
CITIZENSHIP, Ontario
Department of 11
PUBLIC AFFAIRS, Institute of

- Q -

QUERMONE, J. L. 41 QUIMBY, G. I. 57

- R -

RAWLYK, G. 7 REES-POWELL, A. T. 102, 103 REITZES, D. C. 41
RENAUD, A. 63, 71, 76
RHYNE, E. H. 45
RICCIARDELLI, A.F. 73, 74
RICHARD, M. 110
RICHARDSON, A. 49
RICHARDSON, R. A. 65
RICHARDSON, R. A. 65
RICHMOND, A. H. 52
RILEY, M. P. 98
ROBINSON, G. 61
ROCHER, G. 91
ROGERS, E. S. 67, 72
ROME, D. 105
ROSE, A. M. 44
ROSENBERG, L. 18, 106, 107, 108
ROTHMAN, J. 50
ROTHMAN, J. 50
ROTHNEY, W. B. 24
RUDNYC'KYJ, J.B. 33, 99, 101, 114
RUMILLY, R. 94
RUSSELL, C. 27
RUTH, R. H. 104
RYDER, N. 18

- S -

SAINTE-BERTHE, s.g.c. Soeur 94
SAMETZ, Z. W. 16
SANOUILLET, M. E. 95
SARGANT, B. N. C. 83
SAYRES, W. C. 77
SCHECHTMAN, J. B. 44
SCHLESINGER, B. 27
SCHWALBE, A. L. 80
SCOTT, W. W. 50
SEBALD, H. 21
SEMINAR ON CANADIAN-AMERICAN
RELATIONS 44
SENIOR, C. 8, 24
SHANNON, L. W. 44
80 SHAW, L. C. 37
SHERIF, C. 46, 50
SHERIF, M. 41, 46, 50
SHRIVE, F. N. 36
SHUVAL, J. 42
SIBBALD, P. A. 22
SIBBALD, P. A. 22
SIBBALD, P. A. 22
SIMIRENKO, A. 37
SIMPSON, A. P. 35
SJOLLEMA, B. 27
SLOBODIN, R. 68
SMITH, J.E. 73

SNYDER, S. 113
SOCIAL PLANNING COUNCIL OF
HAMILTON AND DISTRICT 22, 37
SOCIAL PLANNING COUNCIL OF
METROPOLITAN TORONTO 3
SOCIETE SAINT-JEAN-BAPTISTE
DE MONTREAL 94
SODDY, K. 54
SOKULSKY, D. 99
SPECK, H. 61
SPENCE, I. 64
STANLEY, G. J. G. 78
STARK, T. 9, 55
STARON, Z. M. 25
STATRSTICS, Dominion Bureau of 13, 14, 15, 16
STEVENS, R. C. 10
STEWART, N. 21
STEWART, O. 78
STOCK, G. 86
STOOCHOFF, J. P. 111
SURACE, S. 87
TUREK, V. 104, 105
TURNER, F. J. M. 28

LICKER, S. 87
TUREK, V. 104, 105
TURNER, F. J. M. 28

LICKER, S. 87
TUREK, V. 104, 105
TURNER, F. J. M. 28

LICKER, S. 87
TUREK, V. 104, 105
TURNER, F. J. M. 28

LICKER, S. 87
TUREK, V. 104, 105
TURNER, F. J. M. 28

LICKER, S. 87
TUREK, V. 104, 105
TURNER, F. J. M. 28

LICKER, S. 87
TUREK, V. 104, 105
TURNER, F. J. M. 28

LICKER, S. 87
TUREK, V. 104, 105
TURNER, F. J. M. 28

LICKER, S. 87
TUREK, V. 104, 105
TURNER, F. J. M. 28

LICKER, S. 87
TUREK, V. 104, 105
TURE

TABAH, L. 7
TAFT, R. 4, 50, 51
TAGUCHI, Y. 48
TAMAS, A. 7
TARASOFF, K. J. 111
TAYLOR, N. W. 30, 92
THEODORATUS, R. J. 113
THIESSEN, P. 98
THOMAS, B. 7
THOMLINSON, R. 18, 19
THOMSON, C. W. 26
THOMEAU, H. D. 79
THURLEW, S. 84
TIEDEMANN, J. G. 81
TIMMEL, M. M. 112
TREMBLAY, R. 9
TRIGGER, B. G. 57, 64, 69
TRILLAT, Miss M. 9
TRUDEAU, J. 64, 65, 66, 68, 71

VOCET, F. 73

VADEL, K. G. 72
WADE, M. 96
WAHI, N. K. 42
WALLACE, A. F. C. 33
WANGENHEIM, E. D. 100
WARD, T. F. 54
WEATHERBY, H. W. 61
WEATHERBY, H. W. 61
WEEKS, E. P. 16
WEINBERG, A. A. 54
WEINSTOCK, S. A. 46
WEIN, J. 9
WEIR, J. 9
WEIR, T. R. 20
WELFARE COUNCIL OF GREATER
WINNIPEG 71
WELFARE, Manitoba Department of 68
WENTHOLT, R. 102

UKRAINIAN CANADIAN COMMITTEE 99

WESTERN CANADA INDIAN-METIS
SEMINAR 68, 76
WHELAN, M. E. 60
WHINDMAN, G. 0. 31
WILLEY, D. S. 26
WILLIAMS, D. B. 55
WILLIAMS, D. B. 55
WILLIAMS, D. B. 58
WILLMOTT, D. E. 23
WILLMOTT, J. A. 58
WILSON, E. C. 85
WILSON, E. C. 85
WILSON, R. 75
WILSON, R. 75
WILSON, R. 75
WILSON, R. R. 12
WIPPER, A. 110
WOLCOTT, H. F. 69
WONG, T. J. 47
WORLD COUNCIL OF CHURCHES 45
WOYCENKO, Mrs. 0. 100
WRIGHT, J. V. 58
WU, S. Y. 82
WYNNE, R. E. 82

- Y -

YARNELL, R. A. 75 YETNIKOFF, S. 108 YUZYK, P. 99, 101

- Z -

ZAJONC, R. B. 42 ZAY, N. 22 ZENTNER, H. 71, 75, 76 ZETTLEMOYER, N. E. 4 ZILLER, R. C. 46, 51 ZUBRZYCKI, J. 12, 41, 42 ZYLA, W. T. 114

APPENDIX B APPENDICE B

Key to Abbreviations Clef des abréviations

General -- Générales

Am -- American Educ -- Education -- History Assoc --Association Hist J -- Journal Bulletin _--- Review Can -- Canadian R Econ -- Economics Q -- Quarterly

Specific -- Particulières

Am Anthrop Am J Soc Am Soc R Can Geog J Can Hist R CJEPS

Can J Psych Dal R Hum Organ Int J Int Mig J Ab Soc Psych

J Soc Psych Ont Hist Pub Opin Q R.E.M.P. Bulletin

Sask Hist

American Anthropologist

American Anthropologist
American Journal of Sociology
American Sociological Review
Canadian Geographical Journal
Canadian Historical Review
Canadian Journal of Economics

and Political Science Canadian Journal of Psychology

Dalhousie Review -- Human Organization International Journal International Migration --

Journal of Abnormal and Social Psychology Journal of Social Psychology

--

Ontario History --

Public Opinion Quarterly ---- Research Group for European Migration Problems Bulletin

Saskatchewan History

Mail returns to: Economic and Social Research Division, Department of Citizenship and Immigration, Ottawa.

APPENDIX C

	Questionnaire for Bibliography of Research on Topics dealing with Citizenship, Immigration and Ethnic Groups in Canada, 1964-1965.
	Please report ONLY those projects still in progress at the present time, or those completed after July 1964, or those completed earlier and not listed in the previous Bibliographies 1920-1964.
	Anything which you wish to be regarded as confidential, please mark with an asterisk.
I.	If applicable, please indicate below: No relevant research was completed or is in progress this year in the Department of
	University or Organization
II.	(a) Name of Author
	(b) University or Organization
	(c) Area of Research: (Please check) Citizenship ; Immigration ; Adjustment of Immigrants ; Ethnic Groups ; Other
	(d) Title of Research Project
III.	(a) If project is to be submitted as a thesis, please indicate for which degree:
	(b) Name of University granting degree
	(c) Name of principal advisor
	(d) When was it, or will it be completed?
	(e) Total number of pages

IV.	(a) Will project be, or has it been, published as an article or as a book? (please check).
	(b) As a book, by which publisher
	(c) As an article, in which publication
	(d) Date of publication
	(e) Total number of pages of book or page reference of publication
V.	(a) If project deals with Ethnic Groups (i.e. German, Ukrainian, etc.), please indicate which
	(b) Location of Ethnic Group studied (i.e. province)
	(c) Does it deal with Immigrants, Canadian-born, or both (please check).
VI.	What methods or techniques were used to obtain data?
VII.	(a) Was the research supported by any form of financial assistance? YES NO
	(b) If yes, AMOUNT
VIII.	ABSTRACT please give a brief outline of the project, i.e., its purpose, contents and conclusions. (If necessary, use separate sheet of paper.)

Adresser les questionnaires dûment remplis à la: Direction des recherches économiques et sociales, Ministère de la Citoyenneté et de l'Immigration, Ottawa.

APPENDICE C

Questionnaire destiné à la bibliographie des recherches sur des sujets portant sur la citoyenneté, l'immigration et les groupes ethniques au Canada, 1964-1965.

Veuillez NE rapporter QUE les projets qui sont encore en cours actuellement, ou ceux qui ont été terminés après juillet 1964, ou ceux terminés plus tôt mais qui n'ont pas paru dans les bibliographies antérieures à la période 1920-1964.

Veuillez marquer d'un astérisque tout renseignement qui doit être considéré comme confidentiel.

I.	Auc	plir ce qui suit, s'il y a lieu: une recherche pertinente n'a été terminée ou est en marche te année au Département de
	Uni	versité ou organisation
II.	(a)	Nom de l'auteur
	(b)	Université ou organisation
	(c)	Domaine des recherches: (veuillez pointer) Citoyenneté
	(d)	Titre du projet de recherches
III.	(a)	Si le projet doit prendre la forme d'une thèse, veuillez indiquer en vue de quel grade:
	(b)	Nom de l'université qui décerne le grade
	(c)	Nom du principal conseiller
	(d)	Quand a-t-elle été ou sera-t-elle terminée?
	(e)	Nombre total de pages

IV.	(a) Le projet a-t-il été ou sera-t-il publié, sous forme d'article ou de livre? (veuillez pointer).
	(b) S'il s'agit d'un livre, quel en est l'éditeur
	(c) S'il s'agit d'un article, quel est le titre de la publication
	(d) Date de parution
	(e) Nombre total de pages du livre ou page de renvoi de la publication
٧.	(a) Si le projet concerne des groupes ethniques (i.e. Allemands, Ukrainiens, etc.), veuillez indiquer lequel
	(b) Situation du groupe ethnique à l'étude (i.e. province)
	(c) Le projet concerne-t-il les immigrants, les Canadiens autochtones ou les deux (veuillez pointer).
VI.	Au moyen de quelles méthodes ou techniques a-t-on receuilli les données?
VII.	(a) Les travaux de recherche ont-ils bénéficié de quelque aide financière? OUI NON
	(b) Dans le cas de l'affirmative, spécifier le le MONTANT la SOURCE
VIII.	RÉSUMÉ Veuillez donner un bref aperçu du projet, i.e., le but, la nature et les conclusions. (Au besoin, vous servir d'une feuille distincte).









Department of Citizenship and Immigration, Ottawa 1964 Ministère de la Citoyenneté et de l'Immigration, Ottawa 1964



Canada. Dep and Immigrat Social Research Citizenship, immigratio ethnic groups in Canada

General Reference

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